Weather
Rainy weather today. The maximum temperature yesterday was 63.9 and the minimum 61.0, the figures for the corresponding day last year being 72.1 and 57.0.

The China Press
大陸報

A Live Newspaper Devoted to Progress in China

NO. 2503 VOL IX. Registered at the Chinese P. O. for transmission "with special marks privileges in China" 己未年九月初八日 SHANGHAI, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1919 大正四年 第三種郵便物認可 10 CENTS

INTERNAL PEACE IS AIM OF NEW PEKING CABINET

Premier's Plan To Bring Together Leaders Of Opposing Sides

PARLEY IS HELD

Chin Yun-peng Attaches Little Importance To Moves At Shanghai

MINISTERS NAMED

Outline Of Government's Future Policy To End War Is Stated

(*Reuter's Pacific Service*)

Peking, Oct. 28.—The Yi Shih Pao reports that the President yesterday afternoon summoned General Chin Yun-peng to the palace for a discussion concerning internal peace and the organisation of a Cabinet. General Chin is said to favor a separate peace with the influential leaders of the South and to attach little importance to the conference at Shanghai. With regard to the Cabinet General Chin agreed to accept the Premiership and submitted a list of nominations for the other portfolios.

The Chen Pao says that Mr. Tsen Chun-hsuan's circular telegram of resignation has reached Shanghai. It is very strongly worded and has aroused the deepest interest in all quarters.

STATES PEACE PLANS

The Yi Shih Pao says that the Government has decided upon the following measures for a separate peace with the Southern leaders: 1.—General Tang Chi-yao will be appointed Inspector-General. 2.—General Hsiung Keh-wu will remain in military control of Szechuen. 3.—Consultations will be continued with General Lu Yung-ting regarding the disbandment of troops. 4.—The position of Mr. Tsen Chun-hsuan must be maintained in order to facilitate the solution of questions relating to law.

The Shuntien Shih Pao says that the Diplomatic Commission attached to the Presidency held a meeting yesterday to discuss the following questions: 1.—Raising the Chinese Legations in London, Paris, Washington and Tokio to Embassies; 2.—Appointment of a Chief Diplomatic Commissioner for the Three Eastern Provinces; and, 3.—Measures to deal with diplomatic affairs on the Mongolian borders. It was held to be unnecessary to appoint the Diplomatic Commissioner for Manchuria.

TROOPS TO BE CHANGED

It is understood that the Bureau of Frontier Defense has decided to convert General Chen Hsia-ling's troops into the 4th Division of the Frontier Defense Forces stationed on the boundary of Tibet. General Hsiung Keh-wu has been notified to this effect.

Nominations for the substantive Cabinet were submitted to Parliament this afternoon.

A report is current this afternoon that as the result of a military conference at Mukden, under General Chang Tso-lin, it was decided to make radical changes in the form of government of the three Eastern Provinces. Rumors of the impending declaration of the independence of Manchuria have been so prevalent of late, however, that the public eagerly seizes upon all rumors concerning the ambitions of General Chang Tso-lin. Official circles express no knowledge of this latest report.

Wellington Koo May Return To America

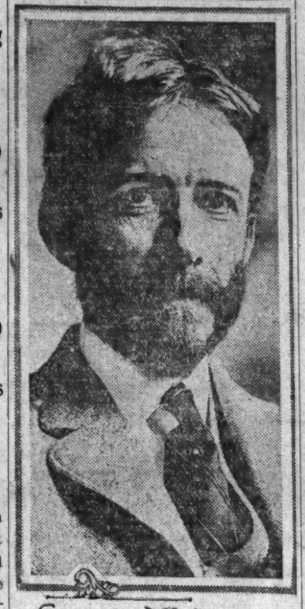
Reported In Peking C. T. Wang Will Remain In Paris As Chinese Delegate

(*From Our Own Correspondent*)

Peking, Oct. 28.—There is a report current in Peking official circles that Wellington Koo, who is to head the Chinese Delegation at Paris after October 30, will return to Washington to take up once more his duties as Minister to the United States some time in November.

According to the same report Dr. C. T. Wang will be left in charge of the Chinese Delegation and will attend to the signing of the Turkish Treaty and other outstanding matters at Paris.

George McAneny For United States Envoy To Berlin



George McAneny. INTERNATIONAL

George McAneny, former Borough President of Manhattan, who according to reports from Washington, will be selected for the difficult and important post of American Ambassador to Berlin.

SHIPPING BOARD VESSEL IS TAKING CZECHS HOME

West Heffron Arrives Here Thursday With 1,000 Wounded On Way To Trieste

Bringing 1,000 wounded Czecho-Slovak troops on their way to Trieste, the United States Shipping Board steamer West Heffron will arrive here from Nagasaki next Thursday. The steamer comes to Shanghai from Vladivostok after laying up at Nagasaki for repairs after having been hit by a typhoon off the coast of Japan.

The West Heffron is assigned for permanent operation to the Admiral Line and the local offices of the company announce that the steamer will take 5,000 tons of cargo from Shanghai for Mediterranean ports.

Ex-Senator Burton Arrives Wednesday

Former U.S. Senator Theodore E. Burton who is now in Peking, has written that he will reach Shanghai next Wednesday and will remain here until the 9th. An invitation has been sent him to address the Saturday Club on November 8.

Mr. Burton has long been a conspicuous figure in American politics, first as a member of the lower House from the Cleveland district and later as Senator from Ohio. For many years he was chairman of the House Committee on Rivers and Harbors. Though a Republican, he vigorously opposed ship subsidies when that plan had many supporters in his own party. For some years he has been president of the American Peace Society.

Real, Live Goblin Seen On Bund Yesterday!

"Sh-h! the Goblins will getcha if ye don't watch out" so it goes, but we have inside information that they will be very pleasant sort of creatures at the Masonic Hall tonight. A glimpse was caught of one whisking down the Bund with three slabs of pumpkin pie under each arm, his mouth encircled about the hole of a doughnut and some nice luscious American apples fastened by a death grip to his grasping hands (and the apples were not peeled either).

The decorators are promising something real nifty in the form of Jack-o-lanterns according to Chinese artists point of view—realism to say the least.

The piano is in tune and the apples are all ready for the bobbing—so, "lets go." And by the way, one mess out Hongkew Park way has given its cook a week's vacation commencing with this noon—pure economy—to go to this party.

American Organisations Entertain Consuls-General

Dinner-Dance As Farewell To Mr. Sammons And Welcome To Successor Attended By 250

A silver loving cup, the gift of five representative American organisations of Shanghai and a token of the esteem and respect in which Mr. Thomas Sammons is held by the American community, was presented last night to the retiring Consul-General at a dinner given in honor of Mr. Sammons and his successor, Mr. Edwin S. Cunningham, at the Astor House. Over 250 Americans attended the affair, which was in the nature of a farewell to Mr. Sammons and a welcome to Mr. Cunningham.

Regret was expressed at the departure of Consul-General Sammons. Co-operation and loyalty was pledged to Consul-General Cunningham. Opportunity was taken by the toastmaster, Mr. W. S. Fleming, to congratulate and extend the best wishes of the American community to Consul W. Roderick Dorsey, who shortly leaves for Florence, Italy.

The dinner dance was given by the American Chamber of Commerce and American Association of China and was unique in that it probably occasioned the most representative gathering of Americans in local history.

URGES CO-OPERATION

Messrs. Sammons, Cunningham Dorsey and Fleming were the speakers. Mr. Sammons, after expressing his gratitude for the trophy presented to him, urged that the spirit of co-operation now so evident in the American community should be fostered. He saw the need of unity of American interests in the readjustment period following the war.

"American interests are advancing as Shanghai grows," said Mr. Sammons, "and it is to be hoped that American procedure here will ever be distinguished as being worthy of the high ideals and sacred traditions of the American Government and American people."

The part to be played by business organisations in the development of American trade in Asia was the keynote of Mr. Cunningham's short address.

"A new era is born," Mr. Cunningham said. "American commerce in China is growing. America's position in China is rapidly changing.

"The efforts of our grandfathers were discounted by our fathers who allowed American trade to diminish. Fifty years ago American commerce in this country was second to none; in 1910 it was practically insignificant and although it has increased 16 percent since, it is yet entirely inadequate in view of our proximity to China.

U. S. TRADE IN ASIA

"American trade in Asia depends on the activity of business organisations rather than on the Government but it is indeed a pleasure for a consular official to aid any legitimate business enterprise."

In expressing his appreciation for the welcome, Mr. Cunningham said: "It is indeed gratifying to know that the community, individually and collectively, is behind me. Your co-operation will make consular work easy. Your efforts and the success of your consular officials will maintain the prestige now enjoyed by Americans in China."

Mr. Fleming, when he introduced Mr. Cunningham, told of the new Consul-General's record. Mr. Fleming said:

"In introducing Mr. Cunningham our new Consul-General, I wish to say that the American community of Shanghai is extremely fortunate in securing one so ably qualified by talent, training and experience to fill the vacancy created by the transfer of Mr. Sammons.

"Mr. Cunningham's life work too has been in the consular service and in it he has had a long and distinguished career. In arctic cold and tropic heat he has served his country faithfully and well. Four years ago he came to China to assume the important position of United States Consul-General at Hankow. The reputation he earned there has preceded him here.

"He has been doing for the American community in Hankow what Mr. Sammons has been doing for us and upon his departure from that port there were many demonstrations in his honor by both the

(Continued on Page 4)

WAR SAVINGS STAMPS MUST BE BOUGHT TODAY

Sale Here Ceases Tomorrow, Says Instructions To American Post Office

Today is the last day that Shanghai people will be able to purchase American war savings stamps. A cablegram received by U.S. Postmaster Everett yesterday directed that sales cease on November 1. No intimation is given whether or not the order is purely local or general in the United States.

U.S. War Savings stamps have been in denominations of $5. They have drawn interest at the rate of four percent compounded quarterly, so that a 1919 stamp bought in October cost $4.21 gold, maturing January 1, 1924 at $5.

Each month the stamp advances in value one cent and may be redeemed in groups of twenty at the current figure at any time. A smaller denomination, known as the thrift stamp, worth 10 cents, has been non-interest bearing and only exchangeable for war savings stamps when sufficient have been accumulated to make the purchase.

A rush of business on this last day is, therefore, expected from thrift card holders. There are many in Shanghai and unless they pay the difference today and exchange their cards for war savings stamps the cards will not be negotiable, here.

PREMIER CLEMENCEAU TO SPEAK AT STRASBURG

Will Be Accompanied On Trip From Paris Next Week By Several Ministers

(*French Wireless Service*)

Paris, October 29 (Via Lyons and Koukaza).—M. Clemenceau will leave Paris on November 3, in the evening, accompanied by several Ministers. On November 4 he will deliver a big political speech at Strasburg where he will also spend the following day, returning to Paris on November 6.

SINGLE WORKER CAUSE OF BOULOGNE STRIKE

General Tie-Up Traceable To Dispute That Arose At One Small Plant

(*Reuter's Pacific Service*)

Peking, October 28.—American Wireless from Lyons: Boulogne, October 25.—All ironworkers have struck and all iron industries in Boulogne have shut down as the result of a single workman refusing to join the Ironworker's Union. The trouble began with a partial strike in one of the least important works, part of the employes walking out because one of the workmen when solicited by his comrades to join the Union refused. The Secretary of the Union demanded that this man be discharged, which the manager of the works refused to do. Thereupon there was a general strike in the iron trade, involving the shutting down, not only of sheet iron works but the stoppage of electric generating plants, the closing of theaters and the stoppage of bakeries, which are unable to make bread owing to the stoppage of the water supply.

The situation is already serious and threatens even greater developments. The Trade Unions are threatening a general strike of all trades unless they have their way in the dismissal of the workman against whom they have no other grievance than that he refused to join the union.

Baron Den Is Named Governor Of Formosa

(*Reuter's Pacific Service*)

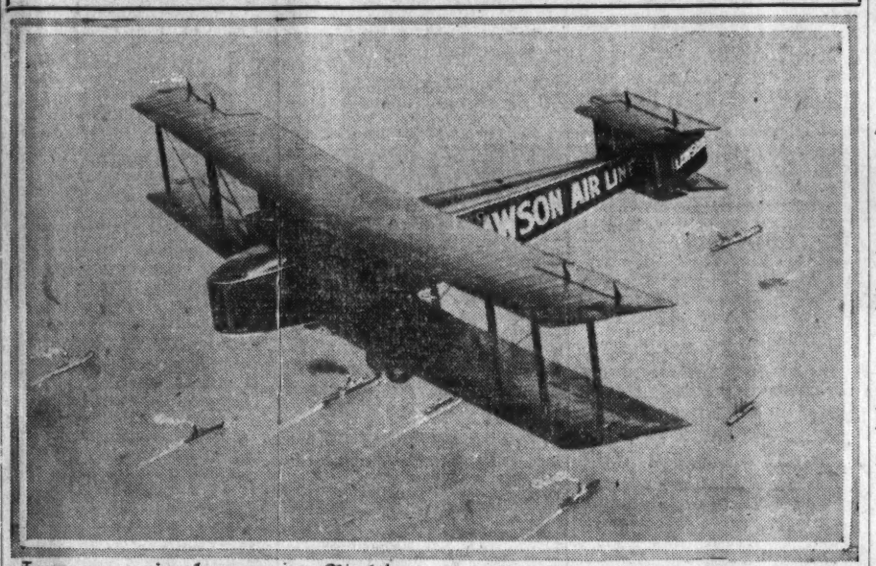
Tokio, October 29.—Baron Den, former Minister of Communications, has been appointed Governor-General of Formosa. The appointment of a civilian was opposed by the militarists but without avail.

Treaty With Germany Ratified At Tokio

(*Reuter's Pacific Service*)

Tokio, October 30.—The Peace Treaty with Germany was ratified by Japan today.

Remarkable Picture Of Giant Lawson Air Liner In Flight



Lawson air liner in flight. INTERNATIONAL

This remarkable photograph of the Lawson air liner which recently completed a record-breaking flight from Mineola, L. I., to Washington, D. C., carrying sixteen passengers, was made from another plane while both were flying over the East River, New York. The river boats can be plainly seen below the giant air liner. The photo was made shortly after the big plane left Mineola bound for Washington.

JAPAN TO SELL ARMS TO OMSK GOVERNMENT

Siberian Commission Taking Steps To Raise Value Of Rouble—Fighting Continues

(*Reuter's Pacific Service*)

Tokio, October 29.—Well informed newspapers state that the Government has decided to sell arms and war material to the Omsk Government to the amount of Yen 30,000,000.

Omsk, October 27.—In accordance with the decision of the State Economic Congress, the Commission of Commerce and Industry of the Omsk Congress has begun its investigations regarding the economic situation of the country with a view to increasing production and raising the exchange value of the rouble.

Traders and manufacturers of the Kharbin region have collected 100 million roubles for the army.

The Russian Telegraph Agency states: "According to reports from the front the "Crusader" battalions and battalions of the Green Standard of the Prophet have received their baptism of fire.

"The Reds launched the entire 54th Soviet brigade and two cavalry regiments against two Musulman and two "Crusader" companies. The latter withstood the attack for 15 hours after having used up sixty thousand rounds of cartridges and inflicted heavy losses on the enemy. The "Crusader" and Musulman troops' losses were also very heavy.

"The survivors succeeded in fighting their way out through the enemy who surrounded them on all sides."

The Bolsheviki in a wireless message refer at length to their activity in Afghanistan. It appears that they have advanced considerable sums to the Afghan Ambassador Extraordinary at Moscow, on Afghanistan's account.

ITALIANS HEAR SPEECH BY LU CHENG-HSIANG

China Confident Of Outcome Of Shantung Question, He Says In Rome

(*Reuter's Service*)

Rome, October 23.—Lu Cheng-hsiang in the course of an interview said regarding Shantung, "China has unshakable confidence in the final decision according to the principles of justice which must ensure all countries full satisfaction of their legitimate national aspirations."

He announces that he had arranged with Signor Tittoni in Paris for the institution of a direct shipping line between Trieste and Tientsin, while in Rome an Italo-Chinese bank is being formed with Italian and Chinese capital and also an Italo-Chinese Association presided over by Senator Artom, President of the Italian Colonial Institute.

Lu Cheng-hsiang leaves tomorrow for Naples. He afterwards goes to Berne and sails on October 30 from Marseilles.

U.S. Official Seized By Mexican Bandits

(*Reuter's Service*)

Washington, October 22.—Bandits have kidnapped the United States Consular Agent, Mr. Jenkins at Pueblo, Mexico, holding him for $150,000 ransom.

Senate Committee Revises Amendments To German Treaty

Stand Taken In America That Proposed Changes Should Be Accepted By Powers

(*Reuter's Service*)

Washington, October 22.—The Foreign Relations Committee of the Senate, in spite of the opposition of the Democratic leaders, has adopted revised reservations to the Peace Treaty relating to Article Ten, the Monroe Doctrine and withdrawal from the League of Nations.

The Committee also adopted the preamble to the reservations providing that the Treaty shall not become effective until three other Allies have agreed to the Senate's reservations.

Paris, October 23.—According to the New York Herald, the treaty of Versailles will become effective on November 1 and a meeting of the Council of the League of Nations will be held within ten days after that date.

Paris, Ocober 23.—The refusal of the United States State Department to appoint immediately unofficial members on the treaty commission has disappointed French and British circles in Paris.

SWISS SEEK TO RENEW WIRELESS CONNECTIONS

Plan To Put Radio Systems Over Europe Back On Ante-War Basis

(*Reuter's Pacific Service*)

Geneva, October 25.—The Swiss Federal authorities have addressed the European countries proposing the re-establishment of wireless communications between the different countries as they existed before the war. It is understood here that plans are under consideration for the erection of additional long distance wireless stations in the principal countries for the use of the public.

The first law to go into effect in Switzerland regulating aerial communication requires machines to land at frontier towns for examination by the Customs officials before proceeding into the interior.

Poulet Is At Valona On Way To Australia

(*Reuter's Service*)

Paris, October 23.—The French airman Poulet, who is attempting to fly to Australia, arrived at Valona during a snow storm.

KYOTO OFFICIAL'S TRIAL IS FULL OF SENSATIONS

Accused Charged With Bribery, Member House Of Peers And Former Governor

(*Reuter's Pacific Service*)

Kyoto, Oct. 29.—Mr. Jushiro Kiuchi, who is a former Governor of Kyoto and at present member of the House of Peers has now been brought as a prisoner to stand public trial at the Kyoto local court. The evidence given is even more sensational than the personality of the prisoner, for Mr. Kiuchi, who, according to the dossier, had admitted that he had bribed members of the Prefectural Council in order to carry out his administrative plans, now refutes all his former statements made before the Public Prosecutor and the Preliminary Judge in secret proceedings.

Explaining the reasons why he made untruthful statements, Mr. Kiuchi testified that the Public Prosecutor would not listen to a truthful statement of the facts but extorted false testimony under threats. The other accused who are former high officials of the Kyoto Prefecture deposed to the same effect, describing the "mental agonies" caused by the Prosecutor's methods of examination. The leading lawyers of the land are attending the trial, which is awakening great interest.

Kyoto, Oct. 30.—The public hearing of the bribery case continues to reveal astonishing methods alleged to have been employed by the Procurators in extorting confessions from the accused, who are mostly former high prefectural officials and millionaires.

In spite of the high social status of accused, including Mr. Kiuchi, they were shut up for long hours in the "swine box." Several of the accused told pitiful stories of the maltreatment and threats received from the Procurators. With tears streaming from their eyes they actually charged the Procurators with torture.

One of the accused stated that on July 30, he was shut in the "swine box." When he was there he remembered that it was the anniversary of the death of the late Emperor, who promulgated the Constitution and who, he said, surely did not intend that justice should be administered in this way.

The Asahi publishes a picture of these "swine boxes" which are wooden compartments, each three feet square by five feet high, and intended for convicts.

The Procurator Ishimatsu, who is one of those who are alleged to have ill-treated the accused, denies the charges.

FINANCIAL COMMISSION AT PEKING WILL MEET

Measures To Raise Value Of Bank Notes Among Points To Be Discussed

(*Reuter's Pacific Service*)

Peking, Oct. 27.—The Chen Pao says that the Financial Commission attached to the Presidency will meet tomorrow to discuss:

1.—Measures to maintain the financial position of the Government.

2.—Measures to raise the market value of depreciated Government banknotes, and

3.—Revision of rates and taxes suggested by the Ministry of Finance.

JAPANESE TROOPS STAY IN SIBERIA, TOKIO TELLS U.S.

America's Request Both Should Leave Russia Denied, Papers Say

ADVANCE REASON

Nippon Contends Forces Are Needed To Check Bolshevist Peril

NOTE IS PROTEST

Washington Is Silent On Nature Of Action That Has Been Taken

Tokio, Oct. 28.—Replying to the American note that Japan also should withdraw all her military forces from Siberia in accordance with the step already taken by the United States, the Japanese government has refused to comply, according to reports of leading newspapers here. The Japanese government maintains, the papers say, that maintenance in Siberia of a superior Japanese force is absolutely necessary to the interests of Japan from the viewpoint of her national defense in the face of threatening resumption of the Bolshevik activity in Siberia.

The American government having been unable to agree with Japan's Siberian policy decided to abandon Siberia by recalling from the Russian territory all the American expeditionary forces under the command of Major-General William S. Graves and at the same time relinquishing all its rights in the administration of the Siberian railway, a local paper reports. The American government has made strong representations to the Japanese government, demanding the latter to take steps similar to those taken by the United States in withdrawing her military forces, according to the same authority.

The Kokumin Shinbun, one of the most influential Tokio papers, which startled all Tokio yesterday with an extra containing statements concerning the alleged plan of abandonment by the United States of its Siberian activities is again the authority for the statement that the Washington government has demanded of Tokio abandonment of the Russian territory.

MORRIS IS SPOKESMAN

The American representation which was delivered by Roland S. Morris, the United States diplomatic representative at the Japanese capital, to the Japanese foreign office, was rather a formal protest in its form and nature than an ordinary note or a mere proposal, according to the Kokumin Shinbun. This protest, the Tokio journal added, has virtually opened the way for negotiations between the Tokio and Washington governments.

The military movement and policy as pursued by the Japanese expeditionary forces in Siberia, now commanded by Lieutenant-General N. Oi who recently succeeded General Kikuzo Otani, were made the basis of the protest by the American government, which, according to the Kokumin, plainly notified Japan that "they so disagree with the Siberian policy of the United States that the American government deems it impossible to act any longer in co-operation with Japan's military forces in Siberia," or words to that effect.

Washington Is Silent On Steps It Has Taken

Tokio, Oct. 20.—(Associated Press.)—General Oi, commanding the Japanese forces in Siberia, has been ordered to co-operate with the American Siberian expeditionary forces in the operation of the trans-Siberian railroad, as the result of representations made by the United States government to the Japanese government.

The Washington government has not made public the nature of representations which the above despatch says have been made by Ambassador Roland S. Morris at Tokio. The persistence of despatches from the Japanese capital that American forces are being withdrawn from Siberia, in the absence of a statement from the American government, at least lends color to belief that relations between the governments have undergone some sudden and material change.

CO-OPERATION LACKING

The nature of the despatch would indicate admission on the part of the Japanese government

that Japanese troops in Siberia have not been co-operating with American forces. It is an established fact, if a wide range of news sources are to be believed, that the Japanese have in various ways worked against the interest of the Americans, even to abetting Cossack leaders, ostensibly aligned with Kolchak, but in reality in command of roving bands preying indiscriminately on the public and openly hostile to the Americans.

While the Washington government has for the most part been silent concerning its Siberian policy, there have been rumors aplenty, especially since Ambassador Morris made his report on Siberian conditions, that early withdrawal of American troops from the Far East was impending.

WILSON TELLS POLICY

Since then, President Wilson has reiterated the policy made known when the United States troops first were sent to Vladivostok, and it has been announced through Army headquarters that "withdrawal of American forces may not take place until after January 1, 1920."

If the report of withdrawal of American participation is true, it affirms earlier despatches received from Japan and Siberia that the Allies consider Kolchak's a lost cause, and that any further action taken by foreign forces in that country will be in the interests of Japan.

Big List To Leave On Empress Liner

Every Berth Taken On C.P.O.S. Str. Sailing For Vancouver Tomorrow Afternoon

The Empress of Russia of the Canadian Pacific Ocean Services will sail from Shanghai tomorrow night for Vancouver with every berth taken. Over 150 persons will board the steamer here, leaving the Customs Jetty at four o'clock tomorrow afternoon.

The Russia is expected to arrive at Woosung from Hongkong tomorrow afternoon at three o'clock and Shanghai passengers are expected to reach the Customs Jetty about two hours later. Through passengers from Manila and Hongkong will be unable to come ashore here.

Included in the list of passengers sailing from Shanghai for Vancouver are Messrs. R. S. F. McBain, S. B. Neill, S. E. Shahmoon, S. E. Levy, Mr. and Mrs. B. Atwood Robinson, Mr. and Mrs. S. S. Corbett, Mrs. H. Thomas and Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Richardson of Shanghai, Messrs. P. D. Weeks and M. D. Ewait of Hankow. Mr. Ernest Casey of Chefoo and Mr. P. R. Walshaw of Peking.

United States Consul General Sammons will be a passenger to Yokohama on the Empress.

The Empress will take an unusual consignment of mail. Up to last night there were over 200 sacks of parcel post mail at the American Post Office which will go on the liner. This amount will probably be doubled as there is a rush to get Christmas presents to the United States early. Ordinary mail for the Empress will close at the American Post Office at two o'clock tomorrow. Registered articles will be received until one o'clock.

Profiteers At Osaka Get Another Warning

Investigation By Police Is Shortly To Be Begun, Paper Announces

(*Reuter's Pacific Service*)

Osaka, Oct. 29.—A cry of wolf has again been raised by the announcement in this morning's papers that a profiteering investigation is threatened by the local police and officials of the department of Commence and Agriculture.

The report caused a depression on the cotton yarn market today.

REV. G. F. MOSHER NAMED BISHOP TO PHILIPPINES

To Be Consecrated At Wusih In January; Now With American Church Mission

The Rev. G. F. Mosher of the American Church Mission of Wusih, who has been elected Missionary Bishop of the Philippine Islands will accept the election.

Word of his election comes by cable from the General Convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the United States which has just been holding its triennial cession in Detroit, Michigan. It is hoped that arrangements for the consecration of the Bishop-elect can be made so that it may take place at the Chuch of the Holy Cross at Wusih in the early part of the coming year.

Chinese Workers Sail From France

(*Reuter's Service*)

Havre, October 23.—Four thousand Chinese who are being repatriated to China embarked today in the steamer Caronia.

REPORT HSU EN-YUAN HAS CONCLUDED LOAN

News Of Chinese Financier's Activities Is America Received In Peking

(*Reuter's Pacific Service*)

Peking, Oct. 27.—The Shuntien Shih Pao says: "As is well known Mr. Hsu En-yuan's mission to America is connected with investigation into certain financial matters and the organisation of a Sino-American bank.

According to a report given out by a foreign source, however, Mr. Hsu has scored a signal victory in America in a third connection, that is, that through his efforts the wine and tobacco loan, which has been under negotiation for a while, has been successfully concluded.

The amount of this loan is $25,000,000. One report says that the loan has already been signed. Another contradicts that statement, while a third says that it will be signed on or about November 1.

The Japanese paper concludes: "Although this last report lacks confirmation the fact that an influential member of a certain Legation acknowledges its authenticity shows that it may not be entirely unfounded."

(*From Our Own Correspondent*)

Peking, Oct. 28.—Hsu En-yuan, the leading Chinese promoter of the Sino-American Bank that will soon be opened with offices in New York and Peking, as well as in other cities in China, has completed his visit to the United States and will leave for home before the end of this month. Telegraphic reports to Mr. Hsu's friends indicate that he was successful in his mission to America, where he not only completed all outstanding details in connection with his bank but was likewise able to awaken to a high degree the interest of American bankers in China.

Pleadings Ordered In Four Lakh Case

Pleadings were ordered in the British Supreme Court yesterday in a case brought by members of the Swatow Opium Merchants Guild against a group of Shanghai business men, including Messrs. Edward Ezra, A. Howard, Simon A. Levy, E. David, B. C. Sethna, B. H. Dastur, F. Dewjee, D. E. J. Abraham, E. Chandoorbhoy and R. Bagria, for a claim of $391,000 and interest due by virture of a contract dated July 7, 1917.

Only three defendants had been served, namely Messrs. Ezra, Howard and Abraham, but Mr. Golding, counsel for the plaintiffs, stated that he has decided to go on against the defendants who had been served.

Mr. W. S. Levinson, Mr. R. F. C. Master and Mr. G. H. Wright represented the defendants, Mr. F. W. Hadley appeared together with Mr. Golding for the plaintiffs.

The Opera

Beizet's "Pearl Fishers" attracted very few people last night. There is a great deal of music in the work that is fine in splashes; but there is much that is not capable by itself of supporting a distinctly tame story. The assassination comes as a foregone conclusion and not as a climax.

Pieces of great beauty are the duet in Act I, (Nadir and Zurga) and in the second act, Nadir's song. The first curtain too has a fine chorus.

"Leila" by Miss Kayanskaya is, dramatically, an inert part. Her singing was received with admiration, but we have heard her to much better advantage. On the other hand Mr. Cheruenko as "Nadir" sang better than on any previous occasion here. The song *mezzo voce* in Act II was beautifully controlled. Mr. Ulianoff as "Zurga" is uneven; at times his voice drops out of sight whilst in Act III his soliloquy worked up to real passion.

Mr. Tulchinoff had little to do as the high priest, that little was done however with a certainty of intonation that is welcome in deep operatic voices.

Perhaps the work is more convincing with a real fire and a funeral pyre for the victims. The fire department or the exigencies of stage resources, dictated a close that leaves me cold. The audience was vastly pleased with most of the arias and the duet mentioned before. If this piece-meal success could make an opera there would be thousands of successful ones. As it is.....Bizet will be remembered so long as "Carmen" is played.

* * *

Tonight Mr. Danilov appears in "Pigue Dame" (Tchavkovsky).

R. B. HURRY.

ELECTION CAMPAIGN IS OPENED IN ITALY

Speculation Is Aroused Over Probable Result Of New System Of Voting

(*Reuter's Pacific Service*)

Rome, October 25.—On Sunday the campaign in connection with the Parliamentary elections, which take place in November, started in earnest. Because of innovations in the election system there is much speculation regarding the result.

The newspapers and political leaders and orators are explaining the proportional system which will be inaugurated at the coming elections. This system will ensure both the majority and the minority party representation much like the Polish proportional voting system.

Even the Socialist Clerical leaders admit that the Conservative Clerical Party, which is now well organised, will gain greatly at the coming elections through the new system.

In addition to the Conservative Clerical Party and the Socialist Party, there looms up at present a third party referred to as that of the war combatants, the strength of which is not determined but is expected to secure some seats.

CHINA MAIL SAILINGS ANNOUNCED FOR 1920

Nine Dates For First Six Months Of Next Year For Three Liners

Nine sailings of China Mail Steamship Company liners from Shanghai to San Francisco for the first half of next year were announced yesterday by the Shanghai offices of the Company. The dates and names of steamers follow:

SHANGHAI TO FRISCO

January 16—Nanking.
February 3—China.
March 2—Nile.
March 26—Nanking.
April 13—China.
May 11—Nile.
June 4—Nanking.
June 22—China.
July 20—Nile.

The following list gives the sailings from San Francisco to the Far East for the rest of this year and the first six months of 1920:

FRISCO TO SHANGHAI

October 3—Nanking.
October 16—China.
November 15—Nile.
December 10—Nanking.
December 27—China.
January 24—Nile.
February 18—Nanking.
March 6—China.
April 3—Nile.
April 28—Nanking.
May 15—China.
June 12—Nile.

MISSIONARY MEETING

The Shanghai Missionary Association will hold its regular meeting in the Union Church Hall on Tuesday evening at seven o'clock. There will be a social gathering, with refreshments, which will be provided by the ladies of the Women's Missionary Society.

At the business meeting, at eight o'clock, Miss Dora Yui will read a paper on "How to Make the Christian Women of China More Useful." All visiting missionaries and others who are interested are cordially invited.

At The Mixed Court

Tsang Ah-nyi was a mafoo employed on Taiwan Road. Early in September he entered into a conspiracy with two others for the theft of three ponies from the place where he worked. The ponies disappeared and Tsang acted as surprised and horrified as anyone. But he was not suspected.

With the animals gone there was no more work for him to do so after a time regretfully he was told to seek other employment. He was glad of the chance for his pals in the affair had not returned him his share of the proceeds.

In order to travel to where he believed them to be, he stole a set of harness from 156 Ningpo Road and got caught. The Mixed Court sentenced him two weeks ago to two months in jail. Then for the first time it was suspected that he might have something to do with the lost ponies.

The animals were recovered this week in a village between Soochow and Zangzok by the owner restoring the $75 that the purchaser there had paid.

Tsang's connection with the affair was established and he was brought from his cell to face another trial. Yesterday he was sentenced to six months more for horse-stealing. The authorities have not yet caught the other two offenders.

Five separate cases of theft of silver-ware and other household goods were established yesterday by Detective Sergeant P. S. Page against a gentle old banana peddler who for two months has been visiting foreign houses, particularly in the Bubbling Well Road district. It is thought that many more cases will come to light.

On October 21 he was caught with a silver entree dish in his hands inside the house of Mr. Broughton, 20 Tsoongchow Road. The basket of bananas appears to have been but an excuse. If any notice was taken of him, he would offer them for sale, if not he would seize the opportunity to steal whatever was at hand. He was sentenced in the Mixed Court yesterday to nine months and the man to whom he had sold most of the goods to two months.

There was a ricsha coolie in the case, also, who regularly made high speed in removing the peddler and his booty from the scene of danger. He was sentenced to one month.

In addition to the Broughton attempt, silverware was stolen by this peddler, according to the testimony, from the Gerrard residence, 5 Nanyang Road on October 7, silverware from the Meathrel residence, 75 Avenue Road on October 18, two pairs of shoes from 187 Bubbling Well Road on October 21, and a jacket and brass dish from a residence in Frenchtown.

MUNICIPAL BANK OPEN FOR NOVEMBER DEPOSITS

Investors Must Put Money In Before Wednesday To Draw Interest

Savings investors have until Wednesday night to make deposits bearing interest for the month of November in the Municipal Investment Bank. Funds deposited before Wednesday will draw six percent while money brought in later is held until the fifth of next month before it begins to earn returns.

The reason for this arrangement is to simplify and economise in effort and bookkeeping. The idea of a municipal savings bank where the first dollar deposited begins to draw so high a rate is unique. It is a sort of preparatory arrangement to the regular municipal bond sale. All savings totaling an even hundred dollars will be exchanged next March for Shanghai bonds drawing 7 percent.

The plan is patterned after the war savings association conducted here so successfully by Mr. E. F. Goodale, of the Municipal Finance Department.

SHRINERS' BALL
Friday
31
October

Let us fit you out!

ARROW TUXEDO AND FULL DRESS SHIRTS
ARROW DRESS COLLARS

TUXEDO AND FULL DRESS
WAISTCOATS AND TIES

PHOENIX
HOLEPROOF AND INTERWOVEN SILK SOX

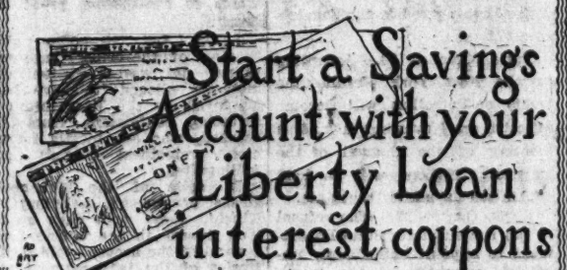
MEYERS AND HOLEPROOF
KID AND SILK GLOVES

STETSON FELT AND DERBY HATS

KREMNINETZ DRESS STUDS AND CUFF BUTTONS
SILK SCARVES, ETC., ETC.

The only store in the East
with the latest American goods for evening wear.

SILBERMAN'S
DRAPERY & OUTFITTING STORES
1B, Broadway (opposite the Astor House)



Start a Savings Account with your Liberty Loan interest coupons

Cash them in when due! Uncle Sam wants you to!

Remember, the money you loaned the government is drawing SIMPLE INTEREST only, it is not drawing COMPOUND interest.

The only way to keep these little sums EARNING is to promptly CONVERT them when due!

One Liberty Loan interest coupon will open a SAVINGS account and get you a BANK book. Deposit your back COUPONS—they're good for their FACE—and have them entered as cash in your bank book.

4 per cent allowed on savings.

THE AMERICAN ORIENTAL-BANKING CORPORATION
15 Nanking Road

Over 2,900 Accounts

I see that those China Realty ads are still running in *The China Press*. What do you think of the proposition?"

"I think the idea is fundamentally sound, old man. I myself have bought two or three plots as a spec.

"You see, Shanghai is growing at such a tremendous rate that more and more land is required for industrial, commercial and domestic purposes.

"That being the case, it is obvious to anybody that if you buy land now and hold it for a year or two, you are absolutely certain of a large profit."

Our specialty is land for any purpose and in any locality. Call in and see us.

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REAL ESTATE — ARCHITECTS — INSURANCE
Corner of Nanking and Kiangse Roads.

(F)

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The success of Dunlop Repairs is only equalled by the success of Dunlop Tyres. The majority of motorists realize this to their immense satisfaction. The comfort and economy of a sound repair on top of sound original service are quite irresistible.

Getzbest

GETZ BROS. AND CO. (OF THE ORIENT) LTD., SAN FRANCISCO, SHANGHAI, HONGKONG, MANILA

Originators of the successful idea of packing

DRIED FRUITS In Hermetically Sealed Lacquered Tins

You can thus obtain NATURAL FRUIT, retaining all its delicious flavor, and certain to keep perfectly in this climate.

OBTAINABLE AT ALL FIRST-CLASS STORES

LITERARY DEPARTMENT HEARS MRS. J. B. FEARN

Branch Of American Woman's Club Delighted By Paper On Porcelains

The Literary Department of the American Woman's Club held a meeting yesterday afternoon at the Carlton Cafe, at which Mrs. J. W. Baldwin was elected chairman. Mrs. C. S. Lobinger's resignation was accepted with regret. The resignation of Mrs. H. A. Wilbur as vice-chairman, however, was not accepted.

Mrs. J. B. Fearn read a paper on porcelains and the subject was handled in a most comprehensive manner. In this article Mrs. Fearn explained that the ancient potteries found in the tombs of Egypt and those found in the tombs of the Babylonian pilgrims of the Yellow River Valley, were the same in design and shape.

From these potteries the Chinese invented porcelains, and they attained their highest point of perfection in this art in the Ming and Kanghe dynasties. In the Ming dynasty, which was from 1362-1722, the quality was of the finest, and the porcelains of the Kanghe dynasty are noted principally for their marvelous coloring and glaze.

Mrs. Fearn's paper traced the history of porcelains from the time of the Sung dynasty to the modern decadent period and showed that since 1795 practically no fine porcelains have been made in China, as it seems to be a lost art.

The following announcement of meetings and excursions was made:

November 1.—An excursion to private collection of porcelains.

November 6.—A regular meeting, at which Mrs. Vincent Vizinsivitch will read a paper on Chinese embroidery.

November 8.—An excursion to a private collection of bronzes and porcelains.

November 17.—An excursion to a private general collection.

November 18.—A regular meeting of the club, at which Mrs. Maurice Price will give an illustrated lecture with colored slides, on symbols in Chinese art.

November 20.—Mrs. Stockton will give an illustrated lecture on art appreciation.

December 11.—Mrs. Wilbur will read a paper on the art of the Han dynasty.

All those who are going to visit the collection of porcelains next Saturday will meet at the corner of Carter and Bubbling Well Roads at 2 p.m. If anybody now holding a card to this collection is unable to go, it is requested that they will kindly telephone Mrs. Hiltner at North 1607, so that the card may be given to another member, as only twenty-five cards have been given out.

WEDDING IN WUSIH

An elaborate wedding will take place in Wusih Sunday when Dr. Sih Hsueh-hai, third son of Mr. Sih Nan-ming, Municipal Councillor of Wusih, and Miss Yuan Ko-mei, daughter of the late Yuan Shih-k'ai will be married. Messrs. Hsiun Hsi-ling and Liang Shih-yi, former Ministers of Finance, will officiate.

The ceremony will take place at the Si Chi Ho, the residence of the bridegroom. The family of the bride is staying at the private garden of Mr. Chai Lan-fang of Shanghai, on the Maloo. Two battalions of Honan troops will act as escorts of the bridal party.

China Political Notes From Chinese Press

General Chin Yin-ping, the Acting Premier, has left Peking for Tangshan. He said that he is going there in order to avoid the offering of congratulations upon his birthday. But his friends say that he would not return until Parliament has approved his nomination as Premier.

The President, Mr. Hsu Shih-chang, and the Cabinet have received advice from General Lu Yung-ting of Kwangsi that no Kwangsi troops will resume hostilities with the Northern forces.

Upon hearing of the use of the salt surplus in Canton, the Salt Gabelle has asked the Government to telegraph to the South and to stop the action.

The Bureau of the Mongolian and Tibetan Affairs proposes to separate the religious from the administrative institutions in the dependencies in order to settle the dispute between the Mongolian Princes and the Lamas.

On account of the opposition of the various factions, the reorganisation of the Canton Government will not be carried out. General Tsen Chun-hsuan, however, is determined to resign from the Administrative Council. Therefore a chairman of the council has to be appointed.

England's Fastest Swimmer In America

Miss C. P. Disney, who is said to be the fastest amateur female swimmer of England, arrived recently in New York on the steamship Cedric. If she can swim half as well as she can smile you will agree that she is some speed artist in the water.

HITCH IN CHURCH UNION

Presbyterians Want Each Church To Finance Itself

Atlantic City, N. J., Sept. 24.—The participation by the Presbyterian Church of the U. S. A., of which President Wilson is a ruling Elder, in a projected League of Evangelical Churches, including 30,000,000 communicants, was made subject to seven reservations in a meeting here today of the Executive Commission of the Presbyterian General Assembly.

It was stated that the Presbyterian Church favors the proposed interchurch movement, but takes exception to certain phases of the proposed plan of federation. The Rev. Dr. Swearingen of St. Paul presented the report of the committee which has represented the General Assembly in the Interchurch Council of Federation.

The Interchurch Council has advocated one general pool from which funds should be apportioned to each denomination. The General Assembly favors a simultaneous drive for funds by each of the eighteen denominations which have been invited to join the interchurch movement, but holds that each denomination should administer its own finances.

The Executive Commission, with John Miller Baer of Pasadena, the first lay Moderator the Presbyterian Church ever has had, presiding, will take up here revision of clerical salaries to meet the high cost of living. Members of the committee today deplored the fact that the stipend of many capable pastors in small city assignments is less than the wage of school janitors.

The Executive Commission approved strongly recommendations that churches should attempt to increase church attendance through systematic advertising in the newspapers.

Budgets for the thirteen boards and agencies of the church call for a total of approximately $25,000,000, an increase of $12,000,000 over the allotment for 1919-20. The big total is five times as much as the church was expending a few years ago.

Stephens Wants Facts And Not Fulminations

Sacramento, Sept. 29, (United Press).—Governor Stephens has issued instructions to the State Board of Control to conduct a thorough investigation into the matter of land leases in California held by persons ineligible to citizenship. Explaining this, the Governor says:

"The investigation should reveal definite information concerning the number of alien residents who are barred by the Constitution from acquiring American citizenship and concerning the number of Americanborn children of those aliens. It will disclose, also, the number of aliens of each race and sub-division who are now engaged in agriculture in the State, as well as the total acreage and the extent of the cultivation by persons of their own race. We will secure, likewise, information as to the methods that are used by aliens to acquire their land leases, facts and figures as to number of alien women entering the country and the birthrate among these aliens."

PROTECT BEAN MEN

Washington, September 30.—The Ways and Means Committee has decided to consider on October 13 the proposed tariff on beans at the rate of two cents a pound. The object of the measure is to prevent the importation of Japanese beans to compete with the product of the American growers.

ROCKEFELLER GIVES BAPTISTS $2,000,000

Contribution Made To Care For Indigent Ministers In Northern States

New York, September 24.—John D. Rockefeller yesterday contributed $2,000,000 to the Ministers' and Missionary Board of the Northern Baptist Convention. No restrictions were made as to the use of the principal and income which will be spent in caring for indigent Baptist ministers of the Northern States.

Announcement of the gift, which is in the form of securities, was made in a letter received yesterday by the Rev. E. T. Tomlinson of Elisabeth, N. J., Executive Secretary of the Board. Mr. Tomlinson said last night that the gift would increase by half the $4,000,000 Endowment Fund, the income from which now is being used to support "not the veterans of the battle, but the wounded and those who have fallen by the wayside."

The Board was incorporated in 1913. The New York members are Arther M. Harris, A. K. Vandeventer, J. Howard Ardrey, George G. Dutcher, Le Roy Edwards, Dr. Cornelius Woelfkin, pastor of the Fifth Avenue Baptist Church, which Mr. Rockefeller attends; Dr. Frank M. Goodchild, pastor of the Central Baptist Church, and Avery M. Shaw, pastor of the Emanuel Baptist Church of Brooklyn.

Last Spring, in the campaign for funds conducted by the Baptist Church, Mr. Rockefeller contributed $250,000.

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FORD HIRE SERVICE
$3 per hour $1 20-minutes
77 ROUTE VALLON

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37 Canton Road, Shanghai.

Hongkong Branch, 19 Ice House St.

Special Dance At Carlton

Dining hall and ball room at the Carlton were crowded last night for the big special dinner and prize dance, making the affair an unusual success. Forty-eight favors were awarded, varying from handsome boxes of sweets to perfumes, vanity cases and cut flowers. The prizes were given out according to the position of the dancers at the close of each dance.

The floor was marked in a great checker-board pattern of white lined squares, each numbered, while in the band-stand stood a great wheel of fortune. Bandmaster Earl Currans on the last beat of each selection would give the wheel a turn and then everyone would watch the result. Those couples standing on the three lucky squares received prizes.

Chang Chi Leaving For France Today

Mr. Chang Chi, former Vice-speaker of the Senate, will leave for France today on the French Mail Liner Paul Lucat. Mr. Chang Chi expects to return to China next May.

Polly Of The Circus

Maragaret Mayo's celebrated story, "Polly of the Circus," with Mae Marsh taking the part played on the stage in America by Mabel Taliaferro, will be seen in pictures beginning tonight at the Olympic Theater. The film is a Goldwyn production.

Obituary

MR. OSCAR SUGART

Mr. Oscar Sugart, of the British-American Tobacco Company, Tientsin, died at the French Hospital at Tientsin on October 28 of pneumonia following an attack of influenza. Mr. Sugart's home was in San Francisco, where his mother is living at the present time.

News Brevities

Reports published in the local press that the Commissioner of Foreign Affairs had notified Peking of the impending departure of Mr. Tang Shao-yi to Canton were denied at the Bureau yesterday.

* * *

Mr. G. F. Ashley of the China Realty Company and Mr. George A. Fitch of the Chinese Y.M.C.A. returned yesterday morning from a days' yatching trip to the neighborhood of Pootoo.

* * *

Today being the birthday of the Emperor of Japan, the Japanese Consulate-General will observe the event by a reception to representatives and others from 11 to 12:30 noon.

* * *

A new variety of green tea, known as the "Cloud Fog" is being produced in Gi-Hsi, that part of the province of Anhwei which is said to furnish the best quality of tea grown in China. It is being marketed in Shanghai by Shainin and Company.

* * *

The China Mail Steamship Company liner Nile left Yokohama for San Francisco last Saturday, according to cable advices received by Mr. J. P. Williams, Shanghai agent.

* * *

Mr. M. Y. Chien, assistant manager of the Bank of Communications, Shanghai, has been promoted general manager of the bank. Mr. Tao Lan-chien, the manager, has been transferred to the Tientsin office of the bank. Mr. Tao and his family left here for Tientsin Wednesday.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Wilson and Messrs. H. D. Patel, W. Hubscher, A. M. Sophur, Lieut. Hothergill and Mr. and Mrs. Davur arrived from Bombay yesterday on the P. and O. liner Dunera.

* * *

Messrs. P. D. Weeks and M. S. Ewait arrived from Hankow yesterday on the Tuckwo.

* * *

Services in memory of "Our Glorious Dead" will be held at the Holy Trinity Cathedral Sunday. There will be holy communion at 8 o'clock, a memorial service at 10:30 and children's service at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. Offerings at all these services will go to the Memorial Fund.

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$5.50 PER CLUB. A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF THESE WELL-KNOWN CLUBS JUST RECEIVED

THE BURKE "END GRAIN" DRIVER
$7.25 "SOMETHING BETTER" IN DRIVERS $7.25

5% DISCOUNT FOR CASH 5%

THE "LADY BURKE" MODEL
LADY PLAYERS WILL FIND THESE CLUBS TO BE LIGHT AND BEAUTIFULLY BALANCED
$5.00 DRIVERS: BRASSIES: PUTTERS: MASHIES: MID IRONS. $5.00

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CONSCIENTIOUS SERVICE BY EXPERT MECHANICS

In our Service Station we keep the best mechanics tha money will hire. This means that you do not pay us for experimenting, but for actual service.

Make use of our
Modern Battery Service

PROTECT YOUR INVESTMENT

You protect your house from the weather with paint—HOW ABOUT YOUR CAR?

A good job of painting, such as we turn out, will not only improve the appearance of your car, but its value as well.

A NEW TOP

The biggest step towards the rejuvenation of your old car is accomplished when a new top is substituted for that rusty looking one you have now.

A WINTER TOP

now that the cold weather is here, is a luxury that you cannot afford to be without. Ask us for an estimate.

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23, Medhurst Road
Tel. West 1211

CHANGSHA LOOKS FOR GOVERNOR TO LEAVE

Chang Ching-yao Believed To Be Still In City Despite Rumors Of Flight

(China Press Correspondence)

Changsha, October 25.—During the past ten days Changsha has been a hot bed of rumors, centering around the expected departure of Governor Chang Ching-yao. This doubtlessly explains the origin of the report that the governor had fled from Changsha. As far as is known he is still in the city, with no immediate prospect of his leaving.

Rumors of his plans to leave began shortly before the Governor's fortieth birthday, when General Wu Pei-fu sent word that he regretted his inability to make a suitable gift to honor the governor, but that instead he and his soldiers would pay a visit and present their respects in person. This veiled threat was one reason for putting a damper on the celebration that day.

If rumors are to be trusted, there has been fighting in Paoching and Yuhsien in Southern Honan and 20,000 Fengtien troops have been sent South from Changsha. Letters from distant points in Hunan indicate much uneasiness on the part of the public, and expectation of trouble in the very near future.

To the foreign observer, despite the rumors, Changsha seems to be quiet and business is proceeding as usual. Some lines of business are actually booming. Several silk shops have recently opened, with spectacular advertising methods, such as brass bands parading the city. However, it is openly whispered among well-informed Chinese, that these new shops are under the protection of the governor and his family. The soldiers do not enter these establishments and help themselves to merchandise, as they have done in other shops in the past.

INDOOR SPORTS By Tad

DONT BE A SLAVE TO LIQUOR JOE- LOOKIT THE SWELL SODIES AND GINGER POPS AND LEMONADES YOU KIN HAVE
LOOKIT ALL THE MONEY YOU'LL SAVE
YOU'LL BE A RIOT WITH THE DAMES WHO USED TO YELL - LIPS THAT TOUCH LICKER SHALL NEVER TOUCH MINE
ALL THIS WORLD IS SAD AND DREARY
MAN IS BORN FREE AND IS EVERY WHERE IN CHAINS ROUSSEAU
THE OLD GROWLER
JUST THINK HOW MUCH LONGER THE NIGHTS WILL BE
INDOOR SPORTS
TRYING TO CONSOLE THE JOBBIE WHO HAS BEEN USED TO MINT JULEPS AND HIGHBALLS ALL HIS LIFE

Cousuls-General Are Entertained

(Continued from Page 1)

American and Chinese communities.

PLEDGES SUPPORT

"In extending a welcome to Mr Cunningham on behalf of th American Association of China and the American Chamber of Commerce I wish to express our confidence in him and to pledge him our active support in the work he has before him. It is also a great pleasure to welcome Mrs. Cunningham."

Mr. Sammons' record in the consular service was also outlined by Mr. Fleming when he made his address at the conclusion of which he presented Mr. Sammons with the silver cup.

"The American Association of China and the American Chamber of Commerce together have arranged this function in honor of two distinguished gentlemen," Consul-General Thomas Sammons and Consul-General Edwin S. Cunningham, said Mr. Fleming. "To Mr. Sammons it is a farewell and to Mr. Cunningham it is a welcome.

"In bidding goodbye to Mr. Sammons we may recall his long and distinguished career. His life work has been in the consular service of our government and among the posts held by him are Consul-General to Manchuria, Consul-General to Korea, Consul-General at Yokohama and for nearly five years past at Shanghai.

IMPORTANT POST HERE

"The post of Consul-General at Shanghai is the most important and difficult position within our consular service but Mr. Sammons has discharged the duties of that office in such a manner as to reflect credit upon his government, upon the American community and upon himself.

"In all of his relations with the Chinese Government officials, with his colleagues in the consular body and with the American community he has been true to the highest ideals of our consular service.

"He has devoted his best efforts towards promoting good feeling between Americans and Chinese. He has been a leader in every effort of the American community to accomplish anything of a public or semi-public nature—among which were the campaign to secure American consular property in Shanghai; in the various Red Cross and Liberty Bond drives, and in the American School campaign.

"He has entered wholeheartedly into the social life of the community and he is the father of the 'Get-Together Movement.' And now as a reward for his work so well accomplished at Shanghai our Government is sending him to Melbourne.

"Mr. Sammons, the American community is proud of the fact that you have been our Consul-General for the past five years, a term of office longer perhaps than that of any of your predecessors; we are proud of the way in which you have discharged your duties towards our Government and towards ourselves; proud of the fact that you have earned the respect and good will of the Chinese officials and the Chinese people, your colleagues in the Consular body and the foreign communities of Shanghai.

PRESENTS SILVER CUP

"Actuated by considerations of deep respect and affection in which you are held by your nationals, five of the most important American community organisations have combined to present to you this loving cup. It is the gift of the American Association of China, the American Chamber of Commerce, the American Woman's Club, the American Company Volunteers and the American University Club.

"We ask you to accept this as evidence of our gratitude and as a pledge of our good will and best wishes. May this token serve to recall to your mind at your new post, and wherever else your future field of activity may be, the very pleasant relations this community has enjoyed with you the past five years."

In reply, Mr. Sammons said in part:

"It is always a great delight to have people agree—at Shanghai as elsewhere—and probably both optimists and pessimists will join in the opinion that this unprecedented American function and the notable unprecedented Chinese demonstrations that have preceded it are, at least, significant.

"On behalf of Mrs. Sammons and myself, I am happy to say it will be a lasting pleasure to recall the fact that the American community of Shanghai has been most gracious and considerate.

"GET-TOGETHER TROPHY"

"This final evidence of this fact more than overflows with joy the superb loving cup which you have presented. It is accepted as a "get-together" trophy. Nothing could be more highly prized. It is precisely what is most highly appreciated. It symbolises the triumph of 'get-togetherism' and good relations. It is impossible, therefore, further to emphasise the great satisfaction its presentation affords.

"May I be permitted to suggest, in parentheses as it were, the advisability of the further coordination of a joint committee representing the various American organisations, acting on behalf of American community interests.

"As a reciprocal evidence of appreciation of the always considerate American community of Shanghai, I will, at this hour and under the circumstances, avoid indulging in any lengthy remarks.

"I bespeak for my successor and Mrs. Cunningham the same generous consideration you have extended to Mrs. Sammons and myself. The new Consul-General finds Shanghai Americans united as never before, with the get-together spirit in advancing unity of purpose efforts very highly developed.

"The American community has united in fostering American interests generally, and important projects are under way that will bestow lasting benefits on the present and future generations.

"The acquiring of the American Government property in 1916 was a distinctive advance on behalf of American interests in the Far East. In due course, the old buildings should be removed, and an up-to-date office and residential structure erected, that will be a monument to American manufacturing and construction enterprise.

SHOULD BUY PROPERTY

"The small spur of land adjoining the German Consulate property, and used for garage and horse stable purposes, may well be acquired at the earliest possible moment. This excrescense constitutes a blemish on the official American beauty spot of this great port, and it should be acquired, if practicable, by the irresistible force of patriotic American sentiment.

"However, with the present buildings remodeled and painted throughout, and all that is unsightly removed; coupled with modern heating and sanitary equipment; my successor may well have visions of a bed of roses in contemplating his future surroundings compared with what his official predecessors have had to contend with.

"Shanghai is steadily growing. American and other national interests are advancing and it is to be hoped that American procedure here will ever be distinguished as being worthy of the high ideals and sacred traditions of the American Government and of the American people.

"The world war has brought world changes that call for wise readjustments everywhere and the sooner these readjustments are wisely harmonised with local conditions everywhere the better it will be for all concerned.

"Shanghai is on the world map and you will not escape reminders that the irrepressible aspirations of the peoples of all lands now constitute the abiding problem of mankind.

"And now, although it is regrettable to have to part with so many good friends, there may be some consolation in the thought that we are proceeding to a country—

"Where sunny summers fling
"Their rosey arms about the earth
"And brightest blessings bring."

MR. DORSEY SPEAKS

Replying to the congratulatory remarks by Mr. Fleming, Mr. Dorsey expressed his regret at leaving Shanghai "at a time when the growth of the American community is so marked."

He spoke of the remarkable increase in the number of Americans since he left Shanghai in 1912 and remarked that a healthy growth of the community was assured because of the quality of Americans who are coming here.

Mr. Dorsey facetiously traced the cause of the increase in exchange the past week to the heavy demand for silver cups to be presented to Mr. Sammons.

Following the speaking, the Astor House orchestra played the Star Spangled Banner. The orchestra delighted during the dinner with American songs, the gathering at times joining in.

SHRINERS' DINNER TONIGHT

Mr. Sammons will be the guest of honor at a dinner-dance to be given tonight at the Astor House by Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. Dinner will be served at 8:15 o'clock and dancing will follow. The affair is the first since the organisation of local Shriners and will be a farewell to Mr. Sammons.

Fox Guns and American Ammunition

loaded with Infallible powder and chilled shot make for efficiency and a full game bag.

Order your cartridges now.

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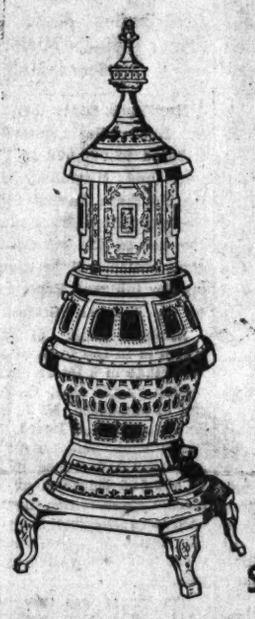

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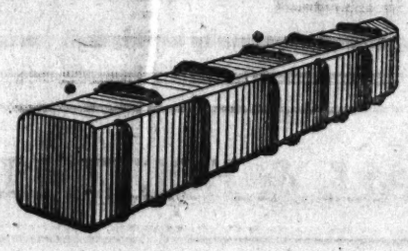

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Made from the same pure English woolens you would buy at home. I also make to order Fall and Winter overcoats, Tuxedos, full evening dress, latest styles, complete, for $45.00 up.

Among my customers are many of the leading gentlemen of Shanghai and outports who have been coming to me for 10 years, to whom I can refer you on application.

REMOVAL NOTICE

After Nov. 1st I will be located in my newly built and furnished shop at G 20 Tiendong Road at Broadway (behind the Hongkew Bank Building).

GIVE ME A TRIAL

Before you place your order elsewhere let me call and show my new style books and samples of Fall and Winter suitings and overcoats. I oversee all cutting personally.

Write me a chit and I will call, or call and inspect my new premises. Until November 1st, 8A Broadway, Astor House Building.

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Announcement

We beg to announce the arrival in China of a shipment of "Gold Flake" cigarettes from England.
Gold Flake brand has not only been a favourite at home but won great popularity on the Western Front during the War.
We feel sure that our friends in China will be pleased with this new arrival which has so decidedly proven its good qualities.

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SPORTS — Latest News of Athletic World — GOSSIP

BEST YEAR OF ALL FOR KING FOOTBALL

Return Of Stars From Service Raises Standard In Age, Weight And Experience

WEALTH OF MATERIAL

Play Will Be More Strenuous And Rich With Many New Formations

Football is in for its greatest year. Never in the history of the game have so many high class elevens taken the field as will be seen on the gridiron this season. Out of the service former stars are scurrying back to the colleges, keen, now that the war is over, to shed army khaki or navy blue for the moleskin of the gridiron. Never have the coaches been blessed with such a wealth of veteran material.

"I don't know whether to consider such a wonderful squad a blessing or a curse," groaned a well known coach as he was going over his list of candidates recently. "It certainly is going to be a man sized job to pick an eleven out of this galaxy of stars. Why, I've got as many as five high class men, each of whom would have had little opposition in former years, trying for the same position. I reckon about the only thing I can do is to put their names in a hat and let Fortune decide for me."

Not only are the stars of the 1915, 1916 and 1917 elevens flocking back to the colleges, but many good men developed on the S. A. T. C. teams are on hand to dispute the veterans' right to represent their alma mater on the team. In addition many of the men who did not come out for football at college "found" themselves physically under army training and got into the game as members of service elevens. Now that they are back at college they are only too anxious to announce themselves as candidates for the varsity.

STANDARD IS RAISED

There is no doubt that this season's football squads raise the standard as regards weight, strength, skill and experience far above that of the past. Incidentally the age average also will be higher, owing to the return of the men absent on service to complete their courses. The raising of the average in age, weight and strength will mean elevens better fitted for gruelling football. Psychologically the war spirit and the fighting football played in the service has had a tremendous effect and the play is bound to be more fiery aggressive and stubborn than in the past.

Not only are the football fans going to see fiercer football but they are going to be treated to advanced strategy and technique. Under the support and encouragement given the game by the Commission for Training Camp Activities and by the army and navy authorities football's scope greatly was increased last season. Thousands of new devotees gathered to worship at football's shrine. The many new minds resulted in many new methods. Methods of attack and defence are bound to be widened this season and there will be a wealth of new plays.

This opinion is shared by practically all of the experts. Walter Eckersall, who has been just as close a student of the game since he left college as he was a brilliant star in his playing days, is one who thinks there will be new formations galore. "Because of the large number of experienced men not only in college struggles but in service games," says Eckersall, "it is only reasonable to believe that formations will be pulled this year which never before have been seen on the gridiron since the forward pass first was used, thirteen years ago."

HARVARD HIGH IN HOPE

Though Harvard laments that there was no varsity football at Cambridge for two years and thinks itself handicapped accordingly, the fact remains the Crimson has a splendid nucleus of veteran material, several members of the 1916 varsity and two players who were with the squad in 1915. The two 1915 men are Ralph Horween, a fast, strong, heavy backfield man of good punting ability, and Billy Murray, who has had two years of varsity quarterback play and with Horween took part in Harvard's last game with Yale.

Then Harvard has Eddie Casey of the 1916 eleven, a brilliant back who should be of great aid to the Crimson this season. Coach Fisher also has Phinney, formerly an end, and Babe Felton, brother of Sam Felton, trying for half back positions.

Stanley Burnham, who played three years ago, is available for the line as also is George Batchelder, who looked so good in 1916. Batchelder injured his knee while rowing last spring but the coaches are counting on him donning moleskins.

ANOTHER HORWEEN

Ralph Horween's brother Arnold, who captained the informal eleven two years ago, has been shifted from the backfield to the line and is being tried out as a pivot man. Among the other veteran linemen are George Flynn of the 1916 varsity and Woods, Hadley, Thorndike and Stubbs of the 1920 freshman team. Woods played some good service football last season and Thorndike would have been welcomed to the 1917 varsity squad had there been one.

For ends Morris Phinney of the 1916 team and Jim Desmond, who came from Lehigh to Harvard with a splendid reputation and who was going good till injured in 1916, are available. Phinney also is being used in the backfield. If George Batchelder's knee permits he also will be tried out on one of the wings.

Among the quarterbacks is Arthur Conlon, who made a fine showing at Exeter and who was quarter on last fall's S. A. T. C. team at Harvard. Benn Hunneman, of the same team, has the making of a good kicker. Dick Humphrey, who starred several years ago as a freshman, is a backfield candidate, as also is Fred Church, who shone on a freshman team before the war.

YALE'S VETERANS

Yale also has a wealth of veteran material. Among the veteran varsity men who have been working under Al Sharpe are Quarterback Chester Laroche, Jim Braden, Hamill, Carter, Galt, Tim Callahan, Joe Neville and Kirkpatrick.

From the 1916 freshman team are Herbert Kempton, the former Exeter Captain; Thorpe, Murphy and Hindenberg. Acosta, Walker and French were in hand from the 1917 freshman squad. Aldrich, the burly freshman baseball catcher of last season, and Campbell, mother sophomore, also were in togs.

Benn Derr, the big Dakota fullback, is back at Pennsylvania. He was the varsity fullback in 1916 and saw service during the 1917 and 1918 gridiron campaigns. Last fall he played on Howard Berry's Camp Hancock team. Folwell will start Derr at fullback and shift Brunner, the former Lehigh back, to halfback. Hobey Light, halfback sensation on the 1917 team, doubtless will be his running mate. Capt. Bert Bell will direct the team from the quarterback position.

OTHER PENN PLAYERS

While this quartet looks like the first string combination, there are several others who must be reckoned with. This list includes Joe Strauss, the Texas line plunger, who starred in 1917; Danny McNichol, fullback on last year's S. A. T. C. eleven; Herman Harvey, a regular back field man most of last season; Shorty Braun, another halfback veteran, and Ray Miller, brother of the famous Heinie, the All American end. The younger Miller is originally an end, but Folwell hopes to make a halfback out of him.

Four good candidates are leading the fight for center, with the veteran Lud Wray setting the pace. His brother Aleck, Crawford, who snapped the ball back most of last year, and Leonard are other aspirants.

For guard Folwell has Herb Dieter, the Buffalo lad; Jim Neylon, captain of last year's S. A. T. C. team.; Mifflin Armstrong, an oarsman, and Dick Supplee, another crew man. Only a few days ago Schweidel, who played in several games in 1918, reported to the camp squad and announced he would try for guard.

Lou Little, star lineman in 1916, is the best of the tackles, with Johnny Titzel, another veteran; Blondie Withington and Carl Thomas, all good men, anxious to break in.

Heinie Miller, bigger and stronger than ever as a result of his eighteen months of service in France, is the best of the end candidates, with Bud Hopper, the Kalamazoo boy, putting up a strong fight for the other end of the line. Sam Ellis, formerly of Lafayette, and Ad Weil, a veteran.

SHIVERICK CHEERS CORNELL

Fritz Shiverick, noted back, punter and field goal kicker of the 1915 and 1916 Cornell teams, is back at Ithaca and is leading the big Red team. Other veterans have returned and Cornell's prospects are the rosiest in years. Princeton also had a host of veteran candidates. The Tigers stole a march on Harvard and Yale last season by developing a corking team and building for this year's eleven. Any one who saw the 1918 Princeton team in action knows what can be expected of the Tiger this year.

Dartmouth, Columbia and other big colleges of the East have plenty of veteran material. Dal Cochran, captain of the 1917 eleven, has delighted the Columbia supporters with his return. Ensign Jack Kennedy of the 1916 eleven also is back and will try for his old flank position. Other veterans Columbia can depend on are Tower, Forsythe, Modarelli, Kenninger, Canapary and Charlie Shaw.

Ben Boynton is back at Williams, and the return of the star of the undefeated 1917 eleven augurs well for Berkshire's chances. There never has been a time in which there was such a wealth of football material, and this year's gridiron campaign should furnish the best football in the history of the game.

Autumn Race Meeting Is Opened At Tientsin

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Tientsin, October 28.—The Tientsin Autumn Meeting opened today. The results of the day's racing were as follows:

1st race.—The Tze-chu-lin Stakes.—Half mile. The Dead Loss, (Commons), first; Sagewing, (Mackay), second; Tungsten, (Smith), third. Time: 0.58 2-5.

2nd race.—The Mainen Plate.—One mile. Waltz, (Warmsley), first; Shawnee, (Shaw), second; Foxtrot, (Stewart), third. Time: 2.06 1-5.

3rd race.—The Trial Plate.—One mile. Ace, (Warmsley), first; Vindictive, (Stewart), second; Kettledrum, (Shaw), third. Time: 2.04 1-5.

4th race.—The Stayers Cup.—One and half miles. Hawsfold, (Stewart), first; Lucky-Kazoo, (Commons), second; Jolly Jenkin, (Davis), third. Time: 3.12 4-3.

5th race.—The Pei-ho Stakes.—Three-quarter mile. Tophole, (Shaw), first; Tungsten, (Smith), second; Blackcat, (Watts), third. Time: 1.30 1-5.

Sixth race.—The Northern Cup.—One and half miles. Foxtrot, (Stewart), first; Duncan, (Morling), second; Cherokee, (Shaw), third. Time: 3.17 2-5.

Seventh race.—The Griffins Scurry.—Three-quarter mile. Mount Maroy, (Commons), first; Tango, (Warmsley), second; Belfast, (Watts), third. Time: 1.31 4-5.

Eighth race.—The Liu Li Cup.—Two miles. Snowstorm, (Stewart), first; Nights of Gladness, (Shaw), second; Flying Kazoo, (Commons), third. Time: 4.22 1-5, (record).

Ninth race.—The Urga Plate.—One and quarter miles. The Dead Loss, (Commons), first; Tenacity, (Morling), second; Oakfield, (Stewart), third. Time: 2.39 2-5.

Smoker Tonight At Rowing Club

Prizes Won At Fall Regatta Will Be Presented; Varied Program Arranged

Prizes won by oarsmen at the Fall regatta at Henli will be presented tonight at the Shanghai Rowing Club when a varied entertainment program will be held.

The smoker will start at 9:15 o'clock. Local talent will perform and a number of novelties in the entertainment line are planned.

Tickets may be obtained from Messrs. K. W. Aagesen, W. J. Gande, T. R. Macdonald and C. Neprud.

Harriers To Have Run

Tomorrow two handicaps will be run off instead of the usual weekly cross-country run. The handicaps will be over a distance of 100 yards and 400 yards. Members are requested to be at the Club house 3 Kiangwan Road at 3:30 p.m.

RACING AT KIANGWAN

The International Recreation Club will hold its 58th Race meeting at Kiangwan on Saturday afternoon. The first saddling bell will be rung at 1:15 o'clock. Special trains will leave Shanghai at 12:40 and 1:10 o'clock. The local garages will maintain the usual passenger service.

NEW LAWYER ADMITTED

Mr. C. G. O. Anderson, a barrister-at-law, Inner Temple, Peterhouse, Cambridge, was admitted to practice yesterday in the British Supreme Court. The application for his admission was made by Mr. H. P. Wilkinson, the Crown Advocate. Mr. Anderson will join his brother, Mr. J. O. Anderson, in practice in Shanghai.

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TO-MORROW,	NOVEMBER	1
MONDAY,	,,	3
TUESDAY,	,,	4
WEDNESDAY,	,,	5

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US BOYS — All Managers Have A Shrimp Flynn — By McNamara

I HAVE ARRANGED FOR A LUNCHEON AT MY HOME FOR THE "DODGEVILS". I SHALL EXPLAIN WHY OUR SEASON HAS BEEN DELAYED. WILL YOU AS MY ASSISTANT DELIVER THE INVITATIONS?
NO USE, NO BODY WILL COME!
AND WHY NOT, PRAY?
ALL OF 'EM JOINED SOME OTHER TEAM, THEY SAID YOU WAS A PUNK MANAGER. THE TEAM IS ALL BUSTED UP!
SUCH A BITTER, BITTER CUP TO SWALLOW!
OH MY, OH MY, OH MY!
HA, HA,-I MADE HIM GOOD AND SORRY HE EVER TRIED TO BE A MANAGER. HE DIDN'T KNOW THAT ALL THE TIME I WAS SUPPOSED TO BE HELPIN' HIM GET THE "DODGEVILS" TOGETHER, I WAS RIPPIN' 'EM APART.
HA, HA, HE WON'T TRY TO BUTT IN ON MY JOB NO MORE. I'LL SHOW HIM I'M THE ONLY REAL MANAGER AROUND HERE
HE'S A VILLAIN, AND HE CAN'T HELP IT!
TOM McNAMARA

Shanghai Tramways

The following is the Traffic Return of the Shanghai Tramways (Foreign Settlement) for the week ended October 29, 1919, with figures for the corresponding week last year:

	1919	1918
Gross receipts	$44,071.28	$35,111.36
Loss by currency depreciation	11,209.03	8,019.51
Effective receipts	$32,862.25	$27,091.85
Percentage of loss by currency depreciation	26.75	24.08
Car miles run	91,052	81.607
Passengers carried	2,020,244	1,625,717

President Answers Queries About Treaty

Replies To Seven Specific Questions Put To Him By Citizens Of Los Angeles

Los Angeles, Sept. 21.—President Wilson received a regional committee of the League to Enforce Peace this afternoon and answered seven questions put to him. The questions and President Wilson's answers follow:

1. "Is there any provision in the covenant which will require the United States to engage in war without a declaration of war by Congress?"

Answer—"There is none."

2. "Why give the British Empire six votes in the assembly while the United States has only one?"

Answer—"The six votes are given to the several self-governing parts of the British Empire, but the single vote of the United States is in every matter of action of equal authority with the six votes of the British Empire, inasmuch as every active policy of the League requires the unanimous vote of the States represented in the Council, and therefore, the vote of the United States."

3. "Does Article X. in any way commit the United States, without its consent, to aggressive action in case of external aggression committed by any nation against a member of the League?"

Answer—"It does not."

4. "Article 15. Paragraph 7: 'If the dispute between the parties is claimed by one of them, and is found by the Council to arise out of a matter which by international law is solely within the domestic jurisdiction of that party, the Council shall so report, and shall make no recommendations as to its settlement.' Under this provision, is there any possibility of such a question as the immigration of the Japanese being taken out of our hands?"

Answer—"There is no possibility of such a question as the immigration of Japanese into the United States being taken out of our hands by any action of the League."

5. "Is the covenant, as a part of the treaty of peace, an added guarantee that Japan will fulfill her promise to return Shantung to China?"

Answer—"It is an added guarantee, and a guarantee, moreover, for the just treatment of China by all nations."

6. "Upon what terms, and under what conditions, will Germany be admitted to the League of Nations?"

Answer—"It is expected that Germany will be admitted to the League when it has proved that its change of Constitution is genuine and permanent, and that it has, in fact as well as in form, aligned itself with the free self-governing peoples."

7. "What stands in the way of withdrawal from the League?"

Answer—"Nothing. Withdrawal is left entirely to the choice and decision of the nation proposing to withdraw, and the requirement that at the time of withdrawal it shall have fulfilled all its international obligations and all its obligations under the covenant of the League is an obligation only upon its own conscience."

Hankow Market

Hankow, October 22, 1919.

FINANCE AND MONEY MARKET

A fair amount of bills were offering early and at the close of the week. There was also a small demand for T.T. and a little interbank business. Taels T.T. on Shanghai.—Foreign banks imported, and the rate rose to 96.85, but fell away on the Foreign banks selling at 96.7875. Dollars rose from 71.-71.3 to 71.2-71.4, buyers and sellers respectively, and closed firm. Interest 15 percent after being 10 percent. Changsha exchange: 26.

IMPORTS

Piece Goods.—There is practically no change from our report of last week. Forward business is almost at a standstill, but there is still a steady demand for spot cargo.

Yarn.—Continues to be very firm at the enchanced prices.

EXPORTS

The market appears firmer than last reported, although business still remains quiet. Further purchases of sesamum seed are reported. The market for wood oil is weaker.

Passengers Arrived

Per P. and O. s.s. Dunera from Bombay: Mr. and Mrs. Doshi. Lt. Hothergill, Cadet Vallack, Mr. and Mrs. Davur and infant, Mstr. and Miss Davur, Mr. and Mrs. Shoriff and infant, Miss Shoriff, Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Wilson, Messrs. H. D. Patel, W. Hubscher, R. K. Salvia, A. M. Sophur, B. J. Doshi, F. B. Ajmera; from Colombo: Mr. C. Gysel; from Singapore: Messrs. W. Tan, Sia Keng-poh; from Hongkong: Miss E. Wawn, Mrs. J. Plank, Mr. and Mrs. Zalsman, Messrs. N. Loukashevitch, M. C. Rosta, A. Fathani, W. Radri, G. M. Springer, M. Boissevain, E. A. Turner, Howell, Fung Ye-lo, F. S. Wylly; through passengers from London to Yokohama: Mr. C. D. Jackson; from Bombay to Yokohama: Mr. G. Cartes; from Bombay to Kobe: Mr. and Mrs. Metha and 2 daughters, Miss Geejeebboy.

Per C.M. s.s. Taishun from Hongkong: Capt P.T. McManus.

Per C.N. s.s. Poyang from River Ports: Mr. and Mrs. Jolly, Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Rydgard, Dr. Skinner, Mrs. Innocent, Mr. Sager.

Per I-C. s.s. Tuckwo from Hankow: Rev. G. A. Clayton, Mrs. J. M. Fuld, Messrs. J. McCaig W. Burn, M. S. Ewait, P. D. Week from Nanking: Mrs. Lordan and child.

Passengers Departed

Per I-C. s.s. Kutwo for Hankow: Mr. and Mrs. Richards, Miss Arna.

Shipping Items

The C.N. s.s. Woosung left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangfoo left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Siangyang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.N. s.s. Tungchow left Tientsin on Tuesday. and is due in Shanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Suiyang left Hongkong on Tuesday and is due in Shanghai tomorrow.

The I-C. s.s. Hwahlee (chartered) left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The C.M. s.s. Kianghsin left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The C.N. s.s. Ngankin left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday

The N.K.K. s.s. Tachang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The Blue Funnel s.s. Eurymedon is expected to arrive in Shanghai from New York on November 10.

The I-C. s.s. Loongwo left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Kiukiang left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Tafoo Maru left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Sinkiang left Hongkong yesterday and is due in Shanghai on Monday, November 3.

The C.N. s.s. Shengking left Tientsin for Chefoo, Weihaiwei and Shanghai yesterday and is due here on Sunday, November 2.

The P. and O. s.s. Teucer left Bombay for Shanghai on October 18.

The C.M. s.s. Hwahta will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Wuchang will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The N.K.K. s.s. Nanyang Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The Blue Funnel s.s. Memnon, from Liverpool, left Singapore on Tuesday and is due in Shanghai on November 4.

The M.M. s.s. Paul Lecat arrived in Shanghai from Japan on Wednesday and will sail for Marseilles and ports this morning. The tender with passengers and mails will leave the French Jetty at 10 o'clock.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangyu will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The N.K.K. s.s. Talee Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The A.L. s.s. Wheatland of Montana arrived in Shanghai from Seattle and ports yesterday.

The S. and D. s.s. West Islip left Shanghai for Seattle and ports yesterday.

The P. and O. s.s. Prinzessin sailed from Shanghai for London and ports yesterady.

The C.P.O.S. s.s. Empress of Russia left Hongkong for Shanghai yesterday at noon and is due at Woosung at 3 o'clock tomorrow afternoon. The tender Victoria with inward bound passsengers may be expected to reach the Customs Jetty at 5:30 o'clock. The Russia sails for Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, Victoria and Vancouver tomorrow evening an the tender Alexandra with outgoing passengers and mails will leave the Customs Jetty at 4 o'clock.

Mail Notices

MAILS CLOSE

For U.S., Canada and Europe:
Per R.M. s.s. Empress of Russia Nov. 1

For Europe
Per M.M. s.s. Paul Lecat Oct. 31

For Japan
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kumano Maru Oct. 31

MAILS DUE

From U.S. and Canada
Per O.S.K. s.s. Africa M. Nov. 1

From France
Per M.M. s.s. Sphinx Nov. 6

Launch Services

TODAY

The tender Whangpoo conveying passengers and mails on board the M.M. s.s. Paul Lecat will leave the M.M. jetty (French Bund) at 10 a.m.

The tender conveying passengers and mails on board the S.M.R. s.s. Kobe Maru will leave the Customs jetty at 1:30 p.m.

TOMORROW

The tender Alexandra conveying passengers and mails on board the C.P.O.S. s.s. Empress of Russia will leave the Customs Jetty at 4 p.m.

Monday, November 3, 1919.

The tender conveying passengers on board the S.M.R. s.s. Sakaki Maru will leave the Customs Jetty at 9 p.m.

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Hygrometers — Hydrometers — Barometers
Pocket Compasses — Surveying Compasses
Air Meters — Sphygmomanometers — Hand Levels
Fever Thermometers etc. etc.

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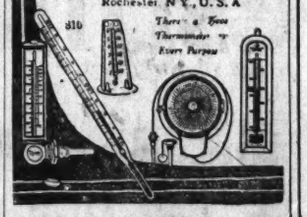

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The tire with the natural vegetable wax and oil retained in the cotton fabric.

THE MILLER RUBBER CO. AKRON, U. S. A.

Sole Agents Dodge & Seymour (China), Ltd.

Men's American

COAT SWEATERS

suitable for Shooting and Golf

In all Sizes and Excellent Colorings.

MACBETH, GRAY & CO.
20 Nanking Road, Shanghai

Owing To Strikes

Prices of Home Tools soon will go up.—

Replenish your Stock of

FILES

Owing to favourable exchange we are able to offer at very low prices

T.E.M.A. SHANGHAI

Importers and Engineers

2 North Soochow Road. Tel., North 462/3

Flat-Tone

THERE IS NOTHING SO DESIRABLE AS PAINTED WALLS.

The soft, rich, restful effects that FLAT-TONE produces cannot be secured with any other kind of wall covering. A heavy, durable oil paint that can be cleaned, when soiled, is not easily marred, and does not crack or loosen, has much in addition to its artistic appearance to recommend it.

Although when measured by years of service given, and by general standards of economy, FLAT-TONE has always led, it is now under existing conditions almost invariably lower in initial cost than ordinary wall covering.

INVESTIGATE *FLAT-TONE* BEFORE YOU DECORATE.

SHERWIN-WILLIAMS PAINTS & VARNISHES

Andersen, Meyer & Co., Ltd.
DISTRIBUTORS
SHANGHAI

Peking, Tientsin, Tsinan, Hongkong, Kalgan, Urga, Hankow, Changsha, Canton, Vladivostok, Yunnanfu, Harbin.

F. (2)

Ask us

to demonstrate our new arrival of

"DEFIANCE" TRUCKS

1½ tons - - - - 2 tons

AUTO CASTLE

228 Avenue Joffre
(Opposite French Fire Station)
Phone: Central 402

CONGOLEUM RUGS

SANITARY - WATERPROOF - ROTPROOF

LA PERLA DEL ORIENTE

Genuine Manila Cigars

PERFECTOS

Mex. $7.00 per 100 — in boxes of 25

LADIES

Mex. $5.60 per 100 — in boxes of 25

SUPERBAS

Mex. $9.00 per 100 — in boxes of 25

TABAQUERIA FILIPINA

Sole Agents

34 Nanking Road, Shanghai.

Electric Radiators

NO { SMELL SMOKE DIRT

Nothing but Heat and that Where and When Required.
Ideal for residence, offices, godowns, garages, etc.

For further particulars, etc., apply to the:
MUNICIPAL ELECTRICITY DEPARTMENT
SHOWROOMS: 471-2 NANKING ROAD. TEL. CENTRAL 2660.

Chinese Fillet Lace
(HAND MADE)

Wholesale and Retail
Orders promptly and carefully executed

Tsan Hsin & Co.
LACE DEPARTMENT
No. 5 Siking Road, Shanghai
'Phone C. No. 4097

Business and Official - - Notices -

(Second Section)

The China Press

大陸報

SHANGHAI, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1919

To conform with U. S. Postal regulations all arrangements of this paper have been reduced.

Classified Advertisements

All Advertisements must be Prepaid

Replies must be called for

2 cents a Word (Minimun Charge 40 cents)

HSIEN CHANG ZU

憲章氏

"Cloud-Fog" "Lin-Shan" Green Tea

A NEW PRODUCT

Tea is chiefly produced in the province of Anhui, in China, and the best kind is grown in Gi-Hsi, Anhui. The proprietor of the above brand has been established for many years in Gi-Hsi and is well experienced in the best methods of planting and firing the tea. This year he has selected a fine quality of heathful, fragrant, and delicious green tea, free from coloring or adulteration, which he can supply in half-pound ornamental tins at $0.60

Give the tea a trial and you will be convinced of its superiority. Free samples distributed by the sole agents.

I. SHAININ & COMPANY.

100 Szechuen Road, Tel. C. 1433

Hsien Chang Za Teal Mills, Anhui

(本茶廠在安徽婺源縣濟溪村)

Head Sales Office, Wu Yuen Hsien

(總發行在婺源縣中德藥房)

Head Wholesale Office, Kiukiang

(總批發在九江愼泰茶棧)

Chen Da Yu Agent, Hankow

(漢口經理大新街鄭大有)

Tsu Ziang Yun Agent, Wuhu

(蕪湖經理陡門巷祖祥雲)

Hwa Sing Hou Agent, Nanking.

(南京經理鮮魚巷華新號)

Shanghai Rowing Club

Members are reminded of the SMOKER and PRESENTATION OF PRIZES tonight at the CLUB HOUSE at 9.15 p.m.

26107

PRIVATE LOTTERY

In aid of the Jewish National Fund and Shanghai Portuguese Benevolent Association

Notice is hereby given that the above Lottery will be drawn, (by kind permission of the Committee) at the Shanghai Lusitano Club on Tuesday, 4th November, 1919, at 9.15 p.m., instead of the date printed on the tickets.

Subscribers who have not yet paid for their tickets, are kindly requested to do so before the drawing.

J. P. ALARCOUN.

Shanghai, 31st October, 1919.

26096

LOST

LOST: two native orders No. 10958 dated 10th of Ninth Moon for Tls. 235 issued by the Tse Zung Bank (志鍾莊) and No. 10140 dated 10th of Ninth Moon for Tls. 100 issued by the Hung Sun Bank (鴻勝莊), Besides notifying the said banks of the loss, the public is hereby warned not to negotiate for same.

Yung Tai Hung (永泰恆)

SEWING MACHINES

JUST ARRIVED

Little Worker Hand Machine each $15.00.

Foot Machine, three drawers, drop leaf and cover each $48.00.

Automatic Lift, Drop-Head, Four Side Drawers and Ball-Bearing Stand each $50.00.

For sale by

Liengyi Mercantile Co.,

Soochow and Szechuen Roads.

26099

Rare Curio For Sale

A very rare Pearl, naturally affixed to the shell, resembling a lion playing ball; length, 3 inches, width 1 inch, height, 1.2 inch, weight 2½ ounces. Bona fide buyers are cordially invited to call on Mr. Liu Yei Ching, No. 133 Range Road, Shanghai, between 3 and 5 p.m. for view and particulars.

CHUN YOU HSU.

26111.

MUNICIPAL INVESTMENT BANK

NOVEMBER

DEPOSITS

will be received at the Finance Department of the Council, 24B Kiangse Road.

Up to and Including

Wednesday, November 5

"THE S.S. "OREL"

will leave Shanghai for

VLADIVOSTOK

via Nagasaki and

On the 4th November, 1919.

For freight and/or passage to the above three ports apply to

S. HEIMANN & CO.,

19a Canton Road.

Telephone Central 1604.

26104

NOTICE

We have removed to temporary offices at 44 Szechuen Road, telephone Central 1994.

WHITE AND CO.

Bill and Bullion Brokers.

26100.

NOTICE

THE undersigned begs to announce that Mr. Herbert Marshall Spence, A.R.I.B.A., will join him in partnership as from 1st November, 1919, from which date the designation of the firm will be Messrs. Stewardson & Spence.

R. E. Stewardson, A.R.I.B.A.

22 Yuen Ming Yuen Road,

Shanghai, 30th October, 1919.

26091

The International Recreation Club

KIANGWAN RACES

58th MEETING

1st November, 1919.

(Saturday)

1st Saddling Bell at 1.15 p.m. Sharp.

MEMBERS and OWNERS are requested to wear their respective Badges.

ENTRANCE TICKETS: $1.00 each, obtainable at the Gate.

SPECIAL TRAINS: 12.40 p.m., 1.10 p.m.

TIFFINS and REFRESHMENTS will be served at the Race Course.

By Order,

Y. S. DAY,

Secretary.

26069

[redacted]

SHANGHAI GENERAL CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

Bank Holidays, 1920.

The Foreign Exchange Banks of the Shanghai General Chamber of Commerce will observe the following holidays during 1920:—

2 days New Year—Thursday and Friday, January 1st and 2nd.

4 „ China New Year—Friday, Saturday, Monday and Tuesday, February 20th, 21st, 23rd and 24th.

3 „ Easter—Friday, Saturday and Monday, April 2nd, 3rd and 5th.

1 „ Whit-Monday—Monday, May 24th.

1 „ Dragon Boat Festival—Monday, June 21st.

2 „ Summer Holiday—Thursday and Friday, July 1st and 2nd.

1 „ Mid-Autumn Festival—Monday, September 27th.

1 „ Anniversary of the Chinese Republic—Monday, October 11th.

2 „ Christmas—Saturday and Monday, December 25th and 27th.

By Order of the Committee.

M. G. BECK,

Secretary.

Shanghai, 30th October, 1919.

26086

NOTICE

S.S. "West Hartland" From Portland

An examination of broken and ship-damaged cargo will be held at the China Merchant's Lower Wharf on Saturday, 1st instant, at 9 a.m. when the Marine Surveyors, Messrs. Paulsen and Bayes-Davy will be in attendance.

THE ADMIRAL LINE,

Agents.

NOTICE

S.S. " Iconium " From Seattle

An examination of broken and ship-damaged cargo will be held at the China Merchant's Lower Wharf on Saturday, 1st instant, at 9 a.m. when the Marine Surveyors, Messrs. Paulsen and Bayes-Davy will be in attendance.

THE ADMIRAL LINE,

Agents.

26076

PROF. ZALSMAN

will resume his singing lessons about 1st of November, 1919.

CAFE PAULISTA CO.

Opening Saturday, November 1st,

The Cafe Paulista Company which has operated so successfully throughout Japan, having eight branches in Tokio alone, opens its main establishment in Shanghai at No. 448 Nanking Road.

The Paulista Company has made a reputation for the excellence of its cuisine, the cleanliness of its equipment, low price and up to date service.

They are making a bid for the public's patronage along these lines, moderate price being one of their features. A cup of the finest Brazilian coffee for the modest price of five cents and everything else in proportion will be furnished. The Company has its own bakery attached so that pastry is served fresh daily.

The Cafe is situated on the second story and is large, airy, light and elegantly furnished.

Private dining rooms for parties are found in cozy nooks with plenty of light.

448 NANKING ROAD (NEAR FOKIEN ROAD)

Opening, Saturday, November 1st,

26082

FOR BRITISH AND AMERICAN

METALS, HARDWARE & SUNDRISE

PHONE OR WRITE TO

W. Z. ZEE & SONS

BROADWAY-SHANGHAI PHONE: NORTH 1468

IT'S GOOD CARBON IF IT'S "COLUMBIA"

Rainbow, Standard-weight, - makes 4 copies

Kohinoor, Light-weight, - „ 8 „

Rattlesnake, Superior - - „ 12 „

From $2.50 per box (100 sheets)—Special Price in 10 box lots and coupon books

TYPEWRITER RIBBONS (All makes) $1.50

Special Price in dozen lots or coupon books

THE OFFICE APPLIANCE CO.

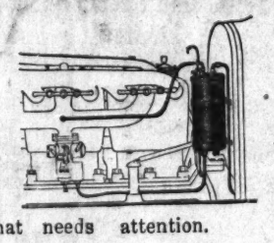
SPECIALISTS IN OFFICE EQUIPMENT

Cable Add.: "Mackbauch" Bentley's & A. B. C. 5th

22 Nanking Road, Shanghai

Phone: Central 4778

STEWART VACUUM GASOLINE SYSTEM



Over the roughest roads it insures an absolutely positive gasoline feed. It is self-contained, simple in construction; nothing to get out of order, nothing that needs attention.

Distributors and Service Station for China of Stewart Products

The Shanghai Horse Bazaar & Motor Co., Ltd.

CHIROPRACTIC

CHIROPRACTIC (KI-RO-PRAK-TIK) is a scientific method of removing the cause of disease (acute or chronic) without the aid of drugs, surgery, or appliances. The science of Chiropractic is based upon a correct knowledge of brain, spine, spinal cord and nerves emanating therefrom.

If others failed to relieve you, why remain sick and still suffer!

Try Chiropractic Spinal Adjustments and get well'

P. S. Kawaguchi, D.,C., Ph.,C. Chiropractor

Graduate of Palmer School of Chiropractic,
(Chiropractic Fountain Head) U. S. A.
Office: 71 Szechuen Road
(on the same floor as Toyo Kisen Kaisha Steamship Co.)
OFFICE HOURS:
9 to 12 a.m., 2 to 5 p.m. Except Sundays. Send for booklet.
Licentiate of States of North Dakota, Washington, U.S.A. and also Japan.
Complete X-Ray Laboratory for Spinograph work now established.
Main Office: 51 Main St., Yokohama, Japan. 26009

Doctor Frank B. Baldwin

Announces the opening of his offices at No. 25 Whangpoo Road, for the practice of medicine and surgery.

Hours: 10-11, 2-4, and by appointment.

26026

Dr. R. Holper M.D.

Specialist in Venereal, Skin and Internal Diseases.

85 Szechuen Road
(Corner Nanking Road)

Office hours: 11-1 and 4-6.

Tel. North 1316.

25580

Dr. S. S. SHPILBERG

Physician and Surgeon

Consulting hours: 11-1 and 4-6

Phone, North 2035

36 Quinsan Road.

24927

Business and Official Notices are Continued on Page 13

Amusement Advertising will be found on Page 14

DANCING LESSONS

GIVEN BY PAUL NIJINSKY.

CLASSIC and MODERN

Individual Instruction.

Pupils prepared for the Stage.

18 Range Road.

25699

Modern Dancing

A class for tuition in Ball Room dances will be conducted by

Paul Nijinsky

at

The Burlington Hotel

Tuesday and Friday

6 to 7.30 p.m.

First class held on November 7

Terms for Eight Lessons:

Ladies $10; Gentlemen $15

Apply P. N., 18 Range Road.

26040

LOST OR STOLEN

LOST, one black and white fox terrier, answering to the name of "DIXIE," with collar and licence No. V 2108. Finder will be rewarded if necessary. Apply to Box 238, THE CHINA PRESS.

26063 O.31

APARTMENTS WANTED

WANTED, in Central district, near Bund, small furnished flat (two adults), large room, or two small rooms with bath. Apply to Box 250, THE CHINA PRESS.

26095 O. 31.

WANTED, one large and one small furnished bedroom connecting, with board, permanency. Call up Central 2250 before Saturday.

26089 O. 31

OFFICES, ETC., TO LET

OFFICES to let, 6 Foochow Road, ground floor, four very large rooms (now occupied by L'epargne Franco-Chinoise) with godowns; also have to let several suites of offices, from one to four rooms, in other buildings Central district, near this office. Apply J. T. Hammond, 51 Szechuen Road.

25792

HOUSES WANTED

WANTED, a 10 or 12-roomed house, suitable for first class boarding house in Western district or French-town, near trams. Apply to Box 255, THE CHINA PRESS.

26102 N. 2.

WANTED, small furnished flat, Central district, near The Bund preferably. Reply, with particulars, to Box 243, THE CHINA PRESS.

26078 O.31

WANTED to rent from January 1st, five or six-roomed furnished house, with garden, in French Concession or Western district. Apply to W. H. Bolton, 647 Great Western Road, Telephone West 191.

26013

HOUSES TO LET

TO LET, No. 10 Route Pottier, large modern residence, containing drawing room, dining-room, five bedrooms, three baths, garage, servants' quarters, tennis lawn and vegetable garden. Rent Tls. 150 per month. Apply to China Realty Co., Ltd., 27 Nanking Road.

TO LET, 20 Robinson Road, excellent ten-roomed residence with garage, facing Park. Rent only Taels 90. Apply premises or J. T. Hammond, 51 Szechuen Road.

26021

TO LET, No. 11 Tifeng Road, at Jessfield Road, Seven-roomed Residence, garage, stabling and tennis. Apply J. T. Hammond No. 51 Szechuen Road.

25624

APARTMENTS

Connaught House

8 Quinsan Gardens.

Board. Residence.

Apply

Mrs. Pollock.

TO LET

From November 1st, two large rooms with verandah and bathrooms. Please apply to Mrs. Weinstock, 15 Quinsan Gardens. Tel. North 482.

TO LET, with board, large comfortable newly furnished flat, with private bathroom. Excellent uisine, telephone, garage. Apply to Box 223, THE CHINA PRESS.

MISCELLANEOUS

PRIVATE first-class motor garage and two pony stalls, moderate charge, 23 Weihaiwei Road.

26106 N. 2.

EDUCATIONAL

RUSSIAN and French lessons by an educated and experienced lady teacher, easy method. Pupils guaranteed to converse in four months. Apply to Box 257, THE CHINA PRESS.

26105.

FRENCH taught to children or adults by experienced and well-recommended young French lady. Good references. Apply to Box 244, THE CHINA PRESS.

26081 O. 31.

SITUATIONS VACANT

WANTED: You to know that we can prepare you for profession of Concrete Engineer, Building Contractor, Structural Engineer, Architect, etc. We teach 287 courses of practical training. Write and tell us position you want. Office 15A International Correspondence Schools, 11c Nanking Road.

EXPERT stenographer required by large American firm in Shanghai. Apply to Box 253. THE CHINA PRESS.

26098 N. 2.

WANTED, smart Eurasian clerk for large local import and export house. Must be good penman, quick and accurate. Apply, stating age, nationality, experience if any, and salary desired, to Box 252, THE CHINA PRESS.

26097 N. 2.

WANTED, stenographer for temporary work by American firm. Apply to Box 261, THE CHINA PRESS.

26112 O. 31

WANTED, Chinese gentleman to manage office in America for trading firm. Only man with commercial experience and executive ability need apply. Reply, giving references to Box 248, THE CHINA PRESS.

26090 N. 5

WANTED, first-class stenographer by American company. Give references and salary expected to Box 247, THE CHINA PRESS.

26088 O. 31.

WE require the services of two Chinese mechanical engineers, one to handle correspondence in engineering dept., and one for general engineering work. Please write fully, stating education and references to Box 241, THE CHINA PRESS.

26075 N.4

AN opportunity offers for a young man (American or British, 22-23 years of age) to learn a pleasant lucrative profession in a Shanghai office. Must be well educated and of good appearance and address. Commencing salary small ($200), but excellent prospects for the right man. Address, in own hand-writing, Box 242, THE CHINA PRESS.

WANTED, stenographer experienced in filing and general office routine; excellent opportunity for the right party. Apply to Box 213, THE CHINA PRESS.

26025 O.31

EMPLOYMENT Bureau for Stenographers, Typists, and Bookkeepers (foreigners only). If you are looking for a position, or a better position, send us your name and address. No charges in connection. The Office Appliance Co., 22 Nanking Road.

25625

SITUATIONS WANTED

EMPLOYERS: Simplify the "Man Wanted" problem by training your own employes for more responsible positions. We have 287 complete course of practical training. Encourage employes to study in spare time. Ask us to tell you about our Employers' Co-operative Plan. Office 15A, International Correspondence Schools, 11c Nanking Road.

AMERICAN university graduate, general office experience, knowledge of coding, invoicing, form-work, accounting and typing, wants position. Apply to Box 249, THE CHINA PRESS.

26092 N. 1.

A YOUNG man American, married, seeks a position; willing to work at anything. Apply to Box 256, THE CHINA PRESS.

26103 N. 2.

WANTED, position by young lady stenographer, with six months experience; moderate salary required. Apply to Box 258, THE CHINA PRESS.

26108 N. 2.

POSITION WANTED, by foreigner, with good knowledge of shipping, Customs formalities, financing and invoicing. Also good knowledge salesmanship. Apply to Box 254, THE CHINA PRESS.

26101 N. 6.

CHINESE young man, recently returned from France with excellent record as interpreter, desires position in Shanghai. Possesses good knowledge of French, English, and Chinese dialects. Also has had experience and special training in poultry farming. Willing to work hard. Can furnish excellent references. Apply to Box 240, THE CHINA PRESS.

26074 O.31

FOREIGNER, married, requires position in any capacity. Good knowledge of shorthand, typewriting, shipping, bookkeeping; has had over 12 years' experience in import and export firms, and speaks Chinese fluently. Any reasonable salary to start. Apply to Box 209, THE CHINA PRESS.

26015

ENGLISH business man, active, well-educated and recommended, offers his services in any capacity (office or travel). Salary moderate. Apply to Box 228, THE CHINA PRESS.

26052 N.2

BOOKKEEPER and general office assistant, with knowledge of office routine, seeks employment. Apply to Box 235, THE CHINA PRESS.

26061 N.1

COMPRADORESHIP wanted: Chinese who has thorough knowledge of export and import business, anxious to join firm, well acquainted with all dealers. Apply to Box 184, THE CHINA PRESS.

25966 O.31

EMPLOYMENT Bureau for Stenographers, Typists, and Bookkeepers. If you have a vacancy in your office let us know. No charges in connection. The Office Appliance Co., 22 Nanking Road.

25625

Exchange and Mart

FOR SALE, complete household furniture, including linen, silver, electric lights and fittings, piano, conveniences, almost new, for first-class home. Apply to Box 260, THE CHINA PRESS.

26110.

FOR SALE, beautiful coat of best Russian Sable, in perfect condition, for Tls. 3,000 or nearest offer. Apply to Box 221, THE CHINA PRESS.

26079 O. 31

FOR SALE, three spaniel and setter pups, 3½ months old. May be seen by appointment. Apply to Box 259, THE CHINA PRESS.

26109 N. 2.

FOR SALE, one 5-passenger Ford touring car, in excellent condition. For inspection and price, apply to Box 251, THE CHINA PRESS.

26097 N. 2.

FOR SALE, Korean pony, two years old, gelding. Apply to Box 245, THE CHINA PRESS.

26083 O. 31.

WANTED, light two-seater car, good condition, moderate price. Apply to Box 246, THE CHINA PRESS.

26084 N. 1

PHILATELISTS: What offers for the following new issues of German stamps (unused):—Deutsches Reich—pf. 2½ (4), 7½ (4), 10 (2), 15 (2), 20 (2), 40 (2), 75 (1): Deutsche National Versammlung—pf. 10 and 25. Reply to Box 201, THE CHINA PRESS.

Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853.

Capital £2,000,000
Reserve Fund 2,000,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders £2,100,000

Head Office:
28 BISHOPSGATE, LONDON, E. C.

Court of Directors:
Sir Montagu Cornish Turner, Chairman.
Sir Duncan Carmichael.
T. Cuthbertson, Esq.
Sir Alfred Dent, K.C.M.G.
W. H. Neville Goschen, Esq.
The Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, G.C.S.I.
W. Foot Mitchell, Esq.
James Maxwell Grant Prophit, Esq.
Lewis Alexander Wallace, Esq.

Bankers:
The Bank of England.
The London Joint City & Midland Bank Limited.
The London County and Westminster and Parrs Bank, Ltd.
The National Provincial Bank of England, Limited.
The National Bank of Scotland, Limited.

Agencies and Branches:

Amritsar	Ipoh	Puket
Bangkok	Karachi	Rangoon
Batavia	Klang	Saigon
Bombay	Kobe	Seremban
Calcutta	Kuala Lumpur	Singapore
Canton	Madras	Shanghai
Cebu	Manila	Sourabaya
Colombo	Mengtze	Singapore
Delhi	Noumea	Tientsin
Djibouti	Peking	Tourane
Doudichery	Papoete	(F. M. S.)
Haiphong	Penang	Tavoy
Hankoou	Pnom-Penh	(Lower Burma)
Hankow	Rangoon	Tientsin
Hongkong	Saigon	
Ilollo	Yokohama	

Shanghai Branch 18 The Bund.

Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought, Travelling Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

Interest allowed on Current Deposit Accounts, according to arrangement.

Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

C. J. SCOTT.
Acting-Manager.

Banque De L'Indo-Chine

Capital .... Frs. 48,000,000.00
Reserve .... Frs. 50,000,000.00

Succursales et Agences:

Bankok	Hanoi	Saigon
Battambang	Hongkong	Shanghai
Canton	Mengtze	Singapore
Djibouti	Noumea	Tientsin
Doudichery	Peking	Tourane
Haiphong	Papoete	
Hankoou	Pnom-Penh	

Bankers:
In France: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais; Banque de Paris et des-Pays-Bas; Credit-Industriel et commercial; Societe Generalle.
In London: The Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte des Paris; Credit Lyonnais.

This Shanghai Agency undertakes all banking operations and exchange business, grants credits on goods and approved securities and receives deposits on current and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

L. ARDAIN.
Manager.

The Exchange Bank of China

SHANGHAI BRANCH
41 Kiangse Road.

Telephone C. 1941.
Telegraphic Address "Knabez."

Capital .....Yen 10,000,000

Head Office ..... Peking.
Registered in the Ministry of Finance.

General Banking Business of Every Description transacted.

Foreign and Domestic Exchange Business a specialty. We issue Demand Drafts, T/T, Letters of Credit, Buying and Selling Specie, etc., etc.

Foreign and Domestic Commercial Papers and Bills discounted.

Loans and Advances made on approved Securities.

Interest allowed on current accounts and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

Foreign Agencies at Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe, Osaka, Nagasaki, Moji, Singapore, Bombay, London, New York.

Domestic Agencies at Tientsin, Hankow, Kiukiang, Tsingtau, Dairen, Changchun, Mukden, Foochow, Amoy, Swatow, Hongkong, Canton.

T. G. KONG.
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital ... $15,000,000

Reserve Funds:—
Sterling £1,500,000 @ 2/- $15,000,000
Silver 21,000,000
$36,000,000

Reserve liability of Proprietors $15,000,000

Head Office: HONGKONG
Court of Directors:
J. A. Plummer, Esq., Chairman.
Hon. Mr. E. V. D. Parr, Deputy Chairman.
J. W. C. Bonnar, Esq.
A. H. Compton, Esq.
Hon. Mr. S. H. Dodwell.
C. S. Gubbay, Esq.
P. H. Holyoak, Esq.
Hon. Mr. J. Johnstone.
W. L. Pattenden, Esq.
Chief Manager.
Hongkong—N. J. STABB.

Branches and Agencies:

Amoy	Ipoh	Penang
Bangkok	Johore	Rangoon
Batavia	Kobe	Saigon
Bombay	Kuala Lumpur	S. Francisco
Calcutta	London	Shanghai
Canton	Lyons	Singapore
Colombo	Malacca	Sourabaya
Foochow	Manila	Tientsin
Hankow	Nagasaki	Tsingtao
Harbin	New York	Vladivostock
Iloilo	Peking	Yokohama

London Bankers:
London County Westminster and Parr's Bank, Ltd.

Shanghai Branch: 12, The Bund.
Sub-Agency: 9 Broadway.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Local Bills Discounted.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.

A. G. STEPHEN,
Manager.

Russo-Asiatic Bank

	Roubles.
Capital (fully-paid) .	55,000,000
Reserve Fund	26,960,000
	Kup. Tls.
Capital Contributed by Chinese Government	3,500,000
Reserve Fund	1,750,000

Head office: PETROGRAD.
Paris office: 9 Rue Boudreau.
London office: 64 Old Broad. Street, E. C. 2.

Bankers:
London: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.
Paris: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Developement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France. Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.
Milan: Credito Italiano.

FAR EASTERN BRANCHES:

Bombay	Hailar	Nicolayewsk
Chanchun	Hankow	O/Amur
(Kwan-chendze)	Harbin	Peking
	Hongkong	Shanghai
Chefoo	Manchouli	Tientsin
Dairen (Dalny)	Newchwang	Vladivostock
		Yokohama

Branches and Agencies in Russia, Siberia and Mongolia

SHANGHAI BRANCH
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, and Dollars. Terms on application.

Local Bills discounted. Special facilities for Russian Exchange.

Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.

Safe Deposit Boxes.

L. JEZIERSKI,
Manager for Asia.

Resources: Pesos 248,000,000

Philippine National Bank

No. 1 The Bund, Shanghai

Telephone: Central 2741

Head Office: MANILA

BRANCHES:
37 Broadway, New York, and throughout the Philippines.

Correspondents at principal cities in the Orient, United States and Europe.

CHECKING AND SAVING ACCOUNTS: FIXED DEPOSIT

Exchange Bought and Sold
Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Societe Anonyme
Filiale de la Societe Generale Beligique
(THE BELGIAN BANK)

Paid-up Capital £2,000,000
Reserves £431,800

Head office: BRUSSELS
London: 2 Bishopsgate, E.C.2
Branches: Alexandria, Tantah, Cairo, Peking, Tientsin,
Agents:
New York: 31 Pine Street
Manchester: 31 Mosley Street

President:
JEAN JADOT
Gouverneur de la Societe Generale Belgique

Bankers:
London: Martin's Bank, Ltd.
Brussels: Societe Generale de Belgique.
Antwerp: Banque d'Anvers.
Paris: Banque Nationale de Credit.
Lyons: Banque Nationale de Credit.
Marseilles: Banque Nationale de Credit.
New York: Guaranty Trust Co. of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts in gold or local currency and fixed deposits according to arrangements.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

M. DEMETS,
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

SavingsBank Office:
12 The Bund and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than $1, or over $100, will be received at one time.

Not more than $1,200 will be received in one year from any single depositor whose credit balance shall not at any time exceed the sum of $5,000.

Interest at the rate of 3½ per cent per annum will be allowed on the monthly minimum balance. Deposits may be withdrawn on demand. Accounts will be kept either in Mexican Dollars or Taels, at the option of the depositor.

Depositors will be presented with Pass Books in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.

Office Hours—10 a.m. to 8 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS

Specially authorised by Presidental Mandates of April 7th, 1914. and October 31, 1915.

Capital: Kuping Taels 10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING
Over 60 Branches and Agencies at principal cities and commercial centers in China.

Agencies abroad; Singapore, Hongkong, Tokyo (Japan).

SHANGHAI BRANCH
85 Szechuen Road

Interest allowed on both Current and Fixed Deposit Accounts; Credit granted to approved securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

H. TAO, Manager,
Y. M. CHIEN, Sub-Manager.

The National Commercial Bank, Ltd.

Established 1907.
Paid-Up Capital ...$1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund 391,847.41
Head Office: Shanghai
Peking and Kiangse Roads.
Tels: Managers' Office: Cen. 2650
General Office: Cen. 2613 & 2614
Branches:
Hangchow, Hankow, Peking, Tientsin, Mukden and Harbin.
FOREIGN CORRESPONDENTS
London, New York, San Francisco, Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe and Osaka.

Correspondents at the principal cities throughout China.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars, Gold Dollars, Sterling and Yen according to arrangement.

Interest allowed on Deposits at Call both in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.

Domestic and Foreign Drafts purchased and sold.

Credit granted on approved securities.

Savings accounts—4% per annum.

Every description of banking business transacted.

Modern Safe Deposit Boxes For Rent.

SHEN CHU HSU, Manager.
SHU CHIN MIH, Sub-Manager.
C. C. YANG, Sub-Manager.

International Banking Corporation

Capital & Surplus U.S. $6,500,000
Undivided Profits U.S. $3,053,000

Head Office:
National City Bank Building,
55 WALL STREET, NEW YORK
London Office: 36 Bishopsgate E.C.
Lyons Office: 27 Place Tolozan
San Francisco Office:
232 Montgomery Street

Branches:

China	Philippines
Shanghai	Manila
Peking	Cebu
Tientsin	Straits Settlements
Tsingtao	Singapore
Hankow	Colombia
Hongkong	Medellin
Canton	Dominican Republic
Manchuria	Santo Domingo
Harbin	San Pedro de Macoris
India	Sanchez
Bombay	Santiago
Calcutta	Puerto Plata
Rangoon	Panama
Japan	Panama
Yokohama	Colon
Kobe	
Java	
Batavia	
Soerabaya	

In addition to our own Branches, by reason of our close affiliation with the NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK we are able to offer the facilities of its Branches at:

Argentina	Porto Rico
Buenos Aires	San Juan
Once (Buenos Aires)	Cuba
Rosario	Bayamo
Brazil	Caibarien
Bahia	Camaguey
Pernambuco	Cardenas
Rio de Janeiro	Cienfuegos
Santos	Cruces
Sao Paulo	Guantanamo
Chile	Havana
Santiago	Manzanillo
Valparaiso	Matanzas
Uruguay	Placetas
Montevideo	Sagua la Grande
Venezuela	Santiago
Caracas	Sancti Spiritus
Siberia	Russia
Vladivostok	Moscow
Italy	Petrograd
Genoa	Spain
	Madrid

Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit, Bills of Exchange and Cable Transfers bought and sold. Current accounts opened and Fixed Deposits in local and foreign currencies taken at rates that may be ascertained on application to the Bank.

H. C. GULLAND, *Manager.*
1a Kiukiang Road.

Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited

(Established 1880.)

Head Office: YOKOHAMA JAPAN.

	Yen
Capital Subscribed	100,000,000
,, Paid up ..	48,000,000
Reserve Fund	Y.28,000,000

London Bankers:
The London County and Westminster and Parr's Bank, Ltd.
The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.
The London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd

Branches and Agencies

Batavia	Los Angeles	S. Francisco
Bombay	London	Seattle
Buenos Ayres	Lyons	Shanghai
Calcutta	Manila	Shimonoseki
Chanchun	Mukden	Singapore
Dalny	Nagasaki	Sourabaya
Hankow	Newchwang	Sydney
Harbin	New York	Tientsin
Hongkong	Osaka	Tokio
Honolulu	Peking	Tsinanfu
Kaiyuen	Rangoon	Tsingtao
Kobe	Rio de Janeiro	Vladivostock

SHANGHAI BRANCH
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels and Dollars, according to arrangement.

Drafts granted on principal places in Japan, Korea, Formosa, China and the chief commercial places in Europe, India and America.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

K. KODAMA, Manager.

THE BANK OF CANTON, LIMITED.

Incorporated 1912

Capital (fully paid)	H.$2,000,000.00
Reserve Fund	H.$ 400,000.00
Investment reserve fund	H.$ 40,000.00

Head Office
No. 6 Des Voeux Road, Hongkong

Shanghai Office
No. 2 Ningpo Road

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES

Canton	Bangkok	S. Francisco
Batavia	Bombay	Colombo
New York	Manila	Samarang
London	Singapore	Calcutta
Honolulu	Rangoon	Yokohama
Sourabaya	Canada, etc.	

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. C. WONG,
Act. Manager.

Nederlandsche Handel Maatschappij

(NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY.)
Established 1824.

Paid-up-Capital: Guilders 80,000,000 (about £6,666,666)
Reserve Funds: Guilders 14,590,545 (about £1,215,879)
Special Reserves: Guilders 17,000,000 (about £1,416,666)

Head Office: AMSTERDAM.
Head Agency: BATAVIA
Agencies in Holland:
THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM

Branches:

Bandjermasin	Penang
Bandoeng	Pontianak
Cheribon	Rangoon
Djember	Semarang
Djokjakarta	Singapore
Hongkong	Soerabaya
Kota-Radja	Soerakarta
Langsa	Tebing-Tinggi
Makassar	Tegal
Medan	Telok-Beton
Padang	Tjilatjap
Palombang	Weltevreden
Pekalongan	

London Bankers
National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.

Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.

The Bank buys, sells, and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents and transacts banking business of every description.

SHANGHAI INTEREST ALLOWED on current tael accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.

B. G. J. WYNBERG.

The Chekiang Industrial Bank, Ltd.

Established 1908.
Capital $1,000,000
Reserve Fund $50,000
Head Office, Branches & Agencies.
Hangchow, Shanghai, Haimon, Lanchi.

Agencies at the principal Cities throughout China.

Foreign Agencies:—London, New York, Tokio, Yokohama, Osaka, Kobe, Hakodata, Seoul and Fusan.

SHANGHAI BRANCH
U 39 Peking Road.
Tel. No. C. 3145, Manager's Office.
Tel. No. C. 2147, General Office.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

Interest allowed on Current and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars, Sterling, Gold Dollars and Yen according to arrangements.

Credits granted on approved securities.

Safe Deposit Boxes for rent on application.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
4% Compound Interest allowed on Savings Current Deposits.

Interest allowed on Savings Fixed Deposits according to arrangements.

Cheque-books or Savings Pass-books at Depositor's disposal.

LI MING, *Manager.*
CHEN SIN TSENG, *Sub-manager.*
ZAI MOH ZUNG, *Sub-manager.*

Commercial Bank of China

Head Office: SHANGHAI

	Sh. Tls.
Subscribed Capital ...	5,000,000
Paid-Up Capital	2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits:
For 3 months at 3% per annum.
For 6 months at 4% per annum.
For 12 months at 5% per annum.

On deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

H. G. MARSHALL.
Chief Manager.

The Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd.

Subscribed Capital .. £1,500,000
Paid up Capital 750,000
Reserve Fund 700,000

HEAD OFFICE, 15 Gracechurch Street, LONDON, E. C.

London Bankers:
London Joint City and Midland Bank, Ltd.

Branches & Agencies.

Bombay	Howrah	Madras
Calcutta	Handy	Penang
Colombo	Karachi	Port Louis
Delhi	Kota Bahru	(Mauritius)
Galle	(Kelantan)	Rangoon
Hongkong	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
	Singapore	

Shanghai Branch.

EVERY description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Teal Current Accounts at 2 % per annum and Fixed Deposits at rates which may be ascertained on application.

C. T. BEATH Manager.
20 The Bund.

ASIA BANKING CORPORATION

An American Bank

Head Office—New York City
Head Office for the Far East, Shanghai, Corner Kiukiang and Kiangse Roads.

[redacted]NCH OFFICES
[redacted]-Hankow-Hongkong
[redacted]ing-Tientsin

[redacted]ration offers an American
[redacted]tfully solicits your patron-
[redacted]ly for the purpose of fostering
[redacted]n the Orient and the United
[redacted]nformation and TIME of our
[redacted]dents are at the disposal of

[redacted]ent, fixed and saving accounts
[redacted]llars, U.S. Gold, Sterling and

[redacted]urchased at best rates, or

[redacted]nced.

[redacted]lished.

Drafts sold on, and telegraphic payments effected in, any part of the World.

PARK-UNION FOREIGN BANKING CORPORATION

HEAD OFFICE: 56 Wall Street, New York
Fully Paid Capital and Surplus $2,250,000

Owned and controlled by

The National Park Bank New York — Union Bank of Canada

We beg to announce the opening of a Branch in Shanghai in temporary quarters at

No. 1 KIUKIANG ROAD

BRANCHES
SAN FRANCISCO — SEATTLE
PARIS — YOKOHAMA

DIRECTORS

Richard Delafield	H. B. Shaw
Stuyvesant Fish	R. O. McCulloch
Gilbert G. Thorne	Stanley E. Elkin
Cornelius Vanderbilt	Stephen Haas
R. H. Williams	F. E. Kenaston
E. C. Hoyt	W. J. Dawson
A. P. Villa	F. L. Appleby
Sir Wm. Price	T. Fred Aspden

Charles A. Holder

THE SHANGHAI COMMERCIAL & SAVINGS BANK LTD.

9 Ningpo Road

Capital (registered).....	$1,000,000.00
Capital (paid-up)	655,900.00
Deposits (June 30, 1919).....	5,242,000.00

Branches and Agents in all principal cities of China.

Correspondents in London, Paris, New York, San Francisco, Chicago, Tokyo, Kobe and Osaka.

Your business is solicited.

K. P. CHEN,
General Manager.

Provisions Prices In Local Market

Prices quoted are in Mexican dollar cents at Hongkew Market compiled on October 28, 1919.

Butcher's Meat		
Beef	per lb.	14-20
Mutton	,,	16-20
Pork	,,	25-30
Veal	,,	25-30
Fish		
Bream	per lb.	16-18
Cod	,,	16-18
Mandarin	,,	20-30
Mackerel	,,	20-30
Pomfret	,,	25-30
Salmon	,,	16-18
Samli	,,	30-40
Soles	,,	18-20
Whitebait	,,	none
Game, Poultry And Eggs		
Deer	each	$2.50-$3.00
Duck	,,	40-70
Hare	each	30-35
Eggs	per doz.	18-20
Fowl	per lb.	18-20
Geese	each	80-1.00
Pheasant	,,	50-60
Pigeons	,,	16-18
Quail	,,	12-14
Snipe	,,	12-14
Teal	,,	12-14
Turkey	per lb.	45-50
Woodcock	each	40-50
Wild Duck	,,	30-35
Wild Pigeons	,,	10-12
Fruit		
Apricots	per lb.	none
Apples	,,	20-25
Bananas	,,	5-6
Figs	per doz.	none
Lemons	each	5-6
Lichees	per lb.	none
Mangoes	each	none
Oranges	per lbs.	6-8
Peaches	per lb.	none
Pears	,,	10-15
Persimmons	,,	10-12
Peeboes	,,	none
Plums	,,	none
Pumeloes	each	15-20
Pineapples	,,	none
Strawberries	per lb.	none
Walnuts	,,	14-15
Vegetables		
Artichokes	per lb.	4-5
Asparagus	per doz.	none
Bread Beans	per lb.	4-5
Beetroot	per bunch	2-3
Bamboo Shoots	per lb.	none
Cabbage	each	3-5
Carrots	per bunch	2-3
Cauliflower	each	none
Celery	per bunch	8-10
Egg Plant	per lb.	10-12
French Beans	,,	4-5
Green Corn	each	2-3
Leeks	per bunch	2-3
Mushrooms	per lb.	60-70
Onions	,,	6-8
Parsnips	per bunch	3-4
Peas	per lb.	6-8
Potatoes	per picul	$3.20-$3.50
Spinach	per lb.	3-4
Tomatoes	,,	4-4
Turnips	per bunch	2-3
Grain And Flour		
Flour, American	per 50 lbs.	—
Flour, Australian	,,	$3.60
Flour, Shanghai	,,	$2.35
Rice	per 200 lbs.	$8.00

Milk	
Foreign dairies per bottle	20
Chinese dairies ,,	17
Fuel	
House Coal per ton	Tls. 19.00
Stove Coal ,,	Tls. 23.00
Firewood per 50 bundles	$1.00
Laundry	
Per 100 articles	$3.00-$4.00

E. KILNER,
Chief Inspector.

Banque Industrielle de Chine

Capital ..... Francs 45,000,000
one-third of the Capital, i. e. Frs. 15,000,000, subscribed by
THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CHINESE REPUBLIC
Statutes approved by the Government of the Chinese Republic on January 11, 1913.

President, Andre Berthellot.
General Manager, A. J. Pernotte.

HEAD OFFICE
74, RUE ST. LAZARE, PARIS.
Branches in Marseille, Vladivostock, Peking, Tientsin, Shanghai, Hongkong, Canton, Foochow, Saigon, Haiphong and Yunanfou

BANKERS:
In France: Societe Generalle pour Favoriser le Development du Commerce & de l'Industrie en France.
In London: London County and Westminster and Parr's Bank Ltd.
London City & Midland Bank Ltd.
In New-York: Redmond & Co.
In Italy: Banca Commerciale Italiana Credito Italiano

Taels, Dollars, Gold Accounts

Interest allowed on Current Accounts in Gold or Local Currency and fixed deposits on application.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Savings accounts in Gold and Local Currency.

G. LION, Manager.

The Bank Of China

(Specially authorised by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1915)

Authorised Capital $60,000,000.00
Paid-Up Capital .. $12,279,800.00
Reserve Fund ... $1,298,522.60
Special Reserve Fund $1,808,983.68

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.
Branches and Agencies:

Peking	Taiyuan	Shanghai
Tientsin	Kaifong	Hankow
Chanchun	Wuhu	Ichang
Antung	Anking	Changsha
Dalny	Hangchow	Nanchang
Moukden	Ningpo	Kiukiang
Newchwang	Nanking	Foochow
Harbin	Chinkiang	Amoy
Kirin	Hsuchow	Canton
Tsinan	Soochow	Hongkong
Chefoo	Wusieh	Swatow
Tsingtao	Yangchow	Chungking

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
3 HANKOW ROAD.

Loans granted on approved Securities. Local Bills discounted. Interests allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels or Dollars according to arrangement.

SUNG HAN-CHANG,
Manager.

Shanghai, 15th February, 1919.

中華滙業銀行 Chung Foo Union Bank

(Established in 1917.)
Statutes approved by the Government in 1916.
Head Office: Tientsin

Subscribed Capital .. $2,000,000
Paid-Up Capital $1,020,000
Reserve Fund .....$ 20,000

Managing Director:
T. CLARENCE SUN
Deputy Managing Director:
NIEH CHI-WEI

Branches and Agencies in Domestic Cities and Foreign Countries:

Tientsin	Chinkiang	Ichang
Shanghai	Soochow	Changsha
Peking	Wusieh	Shanai
Hankow	Hangchow	Wuhu
Nanking	Ningpo	London
Yangchow	Shaoshing	New York
Hsuchow	Canton	S. Francisco
Pengpu	Hongkong	Boston
Changchun	Changteh	Tokio
Antung	Chengchow	Kobe
Kiukiang	Tsinkiangpu	Osaka
		Yokohama

And also other principal cities in foreign countries.

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
S. 441 Ningpo Road.
Tel. Central 1929 Managers' Office.
Tel. Central 2618 General Office.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Current Account and Fixed Deposits both in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.

Credits granted on approved securities.

Y. R. SUN, Manager,
T. D. Zar, Sub-Manager.

Financial And Commercial News

BENJAMIN AND POTTS SHARE LIST

Yesterday's Prices

Stock	Closing Quotations
Banks	
H. K. and S. B.	$585
Chartered	£80 CN1
Russo-Asiatic	Tls. 250
Marine Insurances	
Canton	$440 Sa.
North China	$205
Union of Canton	Hk. 210 S.
Yangtsze	$270
Far Eastern Ins. Co., Ltd.	Tls. 22
Fire Insurances.	
China Fire	$138
Hongkong Fire	$345 B.
Shipping	
Indo-China Def.	$200 B.
Indo-China Pref.	$82
"Shell"	185/-
Shanghai Tug (o)	Tls. 40 B.
Shanghai Tug (f)	Tls. 37 B.
Mining	
Kaiping	Tls. 12½ B.
Oriental Cons.	25/-
Raub	$2.10
Docks	
Hongkong Dock	$176 S.
Shanghai Dock	Tls. 117½ B.
New Eng. Works	Tls. 27
Wharves	
Shanghai Wharf	Tls. 165 B.
Hongkong Wharf	Tls. 110 B.
Lands and Hotels	
Anglo-French Land	Tls. 67½
China Land	Tls. 50
Shanghai Land	Tls. 63 B.
Weihaiwei Land	Tls. 3
S'hai Hotels Ltd.	Tls. 15 B.
China Realty (ord.)	Tls. 68
China Realty (pref)	Tls. 50
Cotton Mills	
E-wo	Tls. 95
E-wo Pref	Tls. 450 B.
Laou-kung-mow	Tls. 265 B.
Oriental	Tls. 135 B.
Shanghai Cotton	Tls. 285 B.
Kungyik	Tls. 38 B.
Yangtszepoo	Tls. 21 B.
Yangtszepoo Pref.	Tls. 83
Industrials	
Butler Tiles	Tls. 25
China Sugar	$175 B.
Green Island	$7¼
Langkats	Tls. 19½
Major Bros	Tls. 5
S'hai Sumatra	Tls. 125
Stores	
Hall & Holtz	$12.60 B.
Llewellyn	$80
Lane, Crawford	$90 B.
Moutrie	$82
Watson	$6.10 B.
Weeks	$11¼
Rubbers (Local)	
Alma	Tls. 7 S.
Amherst	Tls. 0.50
Anglo-Java	Tls. 8
Anglo-Dutch	Tls. 8 B.
Ayer Tawah	Tls. 22½ B.
Batu Anam 1918	Tls. 0.50 B.
Bukit Toh Alang	Tls. 2
Bute	Tls. 0.60
Chemor United	Tls. 0.75 B.
Chenpedak	Tls. 6
Cheng	Tls. 1½
Consolidated	Tls. 2¼ B.
Dominion	Tls. 6
Gula Kalumpong	Tls. 6
Java Consolidated	Tls. 11¾ B.
Kamunting	Tls. 3
Kapala	Tls. 0.60
Kapayang	Tls. 10
Karan	Tls. 8.10
Kota Bahroe	Tls. 4 B.
Kroewoek Java	Tls. 9½
Padang	Tls. 8.80
Pengkalan Durian	Tls. 4
Permata	Tls. 2½
Repah	Tls. 0.80 S.
Samagaga	Tls. 0.75
Seekee	Tls. 1
Semambu	Tls. 0.80
Senawang	Tls. 8
Shanghai Klebang	Tls. 0.50 B.
Shanghai Malay	Tls. 6
S'hai Malay pref.	Tls. 8¼ B.
Shanghai Pahang	Tls. 1½
Sungala	Tls. 0.50 B.
Sungei Duri	Tls. 7½
Sua Manggis	Tls. 3 B.
S'hai Kalantan	Tls. 0.50
S'hai Seremban	Tls. 0.60
Taiping	Tls. 1
Tanah Merah	Tls. 0.60
Tebong	Tls. 13½
Ulobri	Tls. 2½
Ziangbe	Tls. 4 B.
Miscellaneous	
C. I & E. Lumber	Tls. 350 S.
Culty Dairy	Tls. 18
S'hai Elec. & Asb	$2
Shanghai Trams	Tls. 65 B.
Shanghai Gas	Tls. 19
Horse Bazaar	Tls. 40
Shanghai Mercury	Tls 25
S'hai Telephone	Tls. 103¾
S'hai Waterworks	Tls. 74½

S. Sellers. Sa, Sales. B. Buyers.

Benjamin and Potts, 8 Jinkee Rd. Telephone No. Central 298

Rubber Prices

Messrs. Hugo Reiss and Co. have received the following telegram from Messrs. Barker and Co., Ltd., London, dated the 23rd instant.

Average spot price standard quality Ribbed Smoked Sheet 2s. 5d.

Average spot price standard quality First Crepe, 2s. 5d.

Ex warehouse (Singapore) 2s. 4d., 2s. 4d., market very active.

Sharebrokers' Association

Transactions

Shanghai, October 30, 1919.

Official

S'hai Pahangs Tls. 1.00 cash

Unofficial

Anglo-Javas Tls. 8.00 cash
Telephons Tls. 74.00 cash
Oriental Cotton Tls. 170.00 Dec.
S'hai Cotton Tls. 287.50 Dec.
Wharfs Tls. 180.00 December
Y'poo Cotton Tls. 22.50 Dec.

Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai, October 30, 1919.

Money and Bullion

Sovereigns: buying rate,
@ 6/8=Tls. 3.0000
@ exch. 74.6=Mex. $4.0214
Gold Dollars: Bank buying rate,
@ 140¼=Tls. 71.30
@ exch. 74.6=Mex. $95.58
Mex. Dollars: Market rate: 74.4
S'hai Gold Bars: 978 touch
Tls. 171
Copper Cash ... per tael 183.800
Native Interest ..... Tls. 27

Latest London Quotations

Bar Silver ..... 66⅛d.
Bank Rate of Discount 5%
Ex., Paris on London ..Fr. 36.07
Ex., New York on London T.T. G.$4.17⅛

Exchange Closing Quotations

London ..... T.T. 6/7
London ..... Demand 6/7¼
India ..... T.T. 326
Paris ..... T.T. 1185
Paris ..... Demand 1188
New York ..... T.T. 138
New York .... Demand 138¼
Hongkong ..... T.T. 67½
Japan ..... T.T. 36⅝
Batavia ..... T.T. 355½
Singapore ..... T.T. 35⅞

Bank's Buying Rates

London ..... Demand 6/8
L'don Nom. 4 m/s. Cdts. 6/10½
L'don Nom. 4 m/s. Docy. 6/10¾
L'don Nom. 6 m/s. Ddts. 6/11¼
L'don Nom. 6 m/s. Docy. 6/11½
Paris .... Nom. 4 m/s. 1295
New York ...o/d. Docy. 140
New York ..... 4 m/s. 146¾

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" 1 @ 1065 Fr. 11.86
" 0.68 @ 131¼ Gold $1
" 1 @ 38¾ Yen 2.87
" 1 @ 15 Rupees 5.24
" 1 @ 1.50 Mex. $1.50
" 1 @ — Roubles —

Stock Exchange

Transactions

Shanghai, October 30, 1919.

Official

F. M. C. 5½% Debs 1914
Tls. 70.00
Yangtszepoo Cotton Tls. 22.25 December
Kungyik Cotton Tls. 42.00 December
Shanghai & Hongkew Wharf
Tls. 177.50
Tls. 180.00 December
Shanghai Docks Tls. 125.50 December
New Engineering Tls. 28.00 December
Oriental Cotton Tls. 145.00

Unofficial

Yangtszepoo Cotton (Ord.)
Tls. 22.00
Tls. 22.30
Tls. 22.35 December
Kungyik Cotton Tls. 41.50
Tls. 42.00 December
Shanghai Docks Tls. 126.50 December
Telephones Tls. 74.50
Shanghai Lands Tls. 63.25
Langkats Tls. 20.00 December

Shanghai Produce & Stock Exchange

Transactions

Shanghai, October 30, 1919.
Shanghai P. & S. Exchange
Tls. 34.60 November
Tls. 36.70 December
Japan-China S. & W. Co.
Tls. 42.00 December
Yangtszepoo Cotton Mill
Tls. 22.00 December
Local Yarn
Water Moon 16/20's
Tls. 229.50 December
Tls. 232.20 January
Tls. 236.40 February
Tls. 236.80 March
Local Yarn for Standard
Tls. 222.90 November
Tls. 226.00 December

Cheng Rubber Estates Meeting

The ninth annual general meeting of the Cheng Rubber Estate Limited, was held at the offices of the general managers, Messrs. Hugo Reiss and Company, yesterday afternoon. There were present Mr. J. H. Osborne, chairman, Messrs. Hugo Reiss, E. Jenner Hogg and R. S. Ivy, directors, and a total of 23,660 shares was represented.

The Chairman said:

Gentlemen: The accounts and directors' report for the year ended June 30, 1919, have been in your hands for some time and with your permission I will take them as read.

Before proceeding with the ordinary business of the meeting I wish to express the regret of the directors at the loss the board has sustained by the lamented death of the late Mr. C. W. Wrightson who had been chairman of the board for many years and took the greatest interest in its concerns.

Turning to the accounts you will note that the result of the year's working shows a nett profit of Tls. 9,102.48 being less than that of the previous year but which is accounted for by the low price of rubber, combined with a very adverse rate of exchange ruling between the Straits and Shanghai during the year under review.

The average price obtained per pound was 1s. 5.87d. against 1s. 7.52d. during the last financial year, while the average exchange at which these accounts were made up was 45¾ against 54⅛, and for rubber in stock, etc., 45 against 49⅝ for the year ended June 30, 1918.

Together with the amount of Tls. 18,869.11 brought forward from last year, the amount for disposal at credit of profit and loss account is Tls. 29,971.59, which your directors recommend be dealt with as follows:

	Tls.
To write off development account	7,875.66
To write off buildings	3,409.81
To write off plant and machinery	3,301.59
To write off furniture and fittings	584.17
To carry forward to next year's account	12,800.36
	Tls. 27,971.59

and I shall propose a resolution to this effect later.

I am pleased that once more we have to inform you the Estate is in first class order in every respect and as stated in the report the alterations and additions to the factory were completed early in the year, and the working is giving satisfaction.

Owing to the epidemic of influenza experienced during the latter part of last year it was then deemed impossible to obtain the output originally estimated (210,000 lbs.) the manager accordingly reduced his estimate to 195,000 lbs. and the harvested crop was slightly in excess of that estimate.

There is a slight reduction in the f.o.b. cost, which includes a charge, "loss on rice." As you are probably aware there has been, and still is, a great scarcity of rice and other foodstuff in the Straits Settlements. Instead of raising wages, the majority of rubber companies are purchasing rice and supplying it to the labor force below cost. In addition to this we have drained a portion of swampy ground and planted it with padi; also planted sweet potatoes and regi on other portions of the estate; this has been done under compulsory Government instructions, all estates having to assist in food production.

I think there is nothing more for me to comment upon, so far as the accounts are concerned the detailed report in your hands being so full that it covers almost all there is to be said.

The recent improvement in the price of rubber, though not as much as could be desired, is worthy of interest and when affairs in Central Europe have become more settled, we look forward to a demand from those countries, which for the past five years have been out of the market, to still further enhance the price of this commodity.

A forward sale has been made of two tons smoked sheet, delivery ex-warehouse Singapore monthly, during the whole of 1920, at 1/11 per lb. which will give a nett return of the equivalent of 80 cents per lb. Straits currency.

On behalf of the board, I wish to express our appreciation of the work of our secretaries and general managers, the Straits agents, and the staff of the estate.

Before putting the various resolutions to the meeting I shall be pleased to answer any questions regarding Estate matters to the best of my ability.

The following resolutions were then passed:

That the directors' report and statement of accounts for the year ended June 30, 1919, as presented and the disposal of the balance at credit of profit and loss account as recommended be passed and adopted.—Proposed by Mr. J. H. Osborne, seconded by Mr. Hugo Reiss.

That Mr. Hugo Reiss be re-elected a director of the company.—Proposed by Mr. R. S. Ivy, seconded by Mr. G. Grayrigge.

That Messrs. Lowe, Bingham, and Matthews be re-elected auditors of the company for the ensuing year at a fee of Tls. 300.00 for auditing the books of the company at Singapore and Shanghai.—Proposed by Mr. C. R. Slowe, seconded by Mr. G. Grayrigge.

FRENCH MARKET

(French Wireless Service)

Paris, October 29 (Via Lyons and Koukaza).—Market quotations:

Marseilles, October 29:

Green peas, Japan	175
Potato starch	155

Havre, October 28:

Cotton, first quality	—
Second quality	440
Third quality	426

Lyons, October 29:

Raw: Cevennes	20 (?)
Italy	225
Syria	183
Japan	210
China	234
Canton	170

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THE MANAGEMENT.

Singapore Rubber Auction

Singapore, October 8 and 9.—Following were the prices realised at our auction this week:

	Singapore per lb. Cents.
Sheet	
Singapore Standard Ribbed	90½/86½
Off Quality Ribbed	86½/78
Smoked Fine Plain	Nil
Smoked Good Plain	59
Unsmoked Fine Ribbed	Nil
Unsmoked Good Ribbed	Nil
Unsmoked Fine Plain	Nil
Unsmoked Good Plain	70
Cupwashing	Nil
Crepe	
Singapore Standard first Latex	89½/87½
Off Color Latex	87/78
Good Pale Blanket	Nil
Good Brown Blanket	Nil
Fine Brown	74/68
Good Brown	68/60
Good Dark	64/57½
Barky	59/55
Scrap	
Virgin and Pressed	52½/33½
Loose	46½/40

Catalogued for Sale: 2,568,516 lbs. (about 1,146 tons).

Sold: 1,837,437 lbs. (about 820 tons).

Since last reporting, the local market has been steady and there was a good all-round demand this week at prices slightly in advance of the last auction.

Singapore Standard Ribbed Smoked Sheet opened at from 87½-90 cents and remained steady at these prices, but in the afternoon there was a slight fluctuation, some lots of Standard Sheet only realising 86½ and 87 cents.

Singapore Standard First Latex was very little on demand at from 88-88½ cents, this decreasing to 87-87½ for a few lots in the afternoon.

There was a good demand for Brown Crepes at prices about 1 cent advance on the week, and Dark and Barky Crepes sold at a corresponding increase.

At the continuation this morning the market was slightly firmer, 90½ being paid several times for Standard Ribbed Smoked Sheet and 89½ for Standard First Latex, one lot of the former grade realising 91 cents and two lots of the latter 90 and 91 respectively.

This shows an advance on the week of 2½ cents for Standard Sheet and 1½ cents for Standard First Latex.

The tendency today is steady.

Meyer and Measor.

PARIS EXCHANGE

(French Wireless Service)

Paris, October 29 (Via Lyons and Koukaza).—Paris exchange: Exchange Paris-London. 37.84½

(Very doubtful)

French War Loans:

3 percent	60.25
4 percent 1917	71.40
4 percent 1918	71.10
5 percent	90.50

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THE CHINA PRESS Incorporated, Delaware, Publishers

WEATHER

Intermittent rain. Fresh or strong monsoon to the South of the Chusan. No news from the North.

IMPARTIAL & PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, OCTOBER 31, 1919

The Ferment In The Middle East

THE report of the Harboard Commission showing a division of opinion on the question of America's acceptance of the Mandate for Armenia and Turkey opens up an issue that is bound to loom larger and larger within the next few weeks. The military section of the commission is against the Mandate because it found that at least 250,000 American troops would have to be stationed in Turkey.

That would mean that practically the whole army as it will be constituted when restored to a peace basis would be quartered abroad in the Near or Middle East and we do not believe that the American public will consent to any such arrangement. For back of this question stands one of the most disquieting problems in the world, now made acute by the practical dismemberment of the Turkish Empire and the destruction of the Ottoman caliphate. We refer to the possibility of a Moslem upheaval. A writer in the New York Tribune explains that caliphate means the temporal overlordship of the Mahometan world. Literally the word "caliph" denotes "lieutenant of the Prophet Mahomet." The office of the caliph is the protection of Moslem interests against infidel aggression. Originally inherent in the immediate family of the Prophet, the caliphate in the course of centuries passed on to the Abbaside rulers of Bagdad, on whose fall it was revived, more or less nominally, by the Egyptian branch of that great Arab dynasty. Finally, in the sixteenth century, the Ottoman Sultan Selim assumed, on the conquest of Egypt, the title and office and made it hereditary in the House of Othman. It was borne ever since by the Turkish Padishah at Constantinople.

Whether or not the Ottoman sovereign, who claims no descent from the Prophet, is legally entitled to the caliphate is an academic question. The fact that his authority was never recognised by the Persian Mahometans, who occupy within Islam a position not dissimilar to that of the Arabs of Morocco, is of secondary importance. It is, however, a matter of the gravest concern that by the fall of the Turkish Empire the balance of Islam is radically affected. It may be that the loss of even a semblance of temporal power, which is supposed to be an indispensable attribute of the caliph as the supreme guardian of Moslem interests, will bring about a transference of Moslem allegiance to some other Mahometan sovereign. From this point of view the creation of the Arab kingdom of Hedjaz under British auspices, and in the historic, geographic and sentimental center of the Moslem world, may have been a master stroke of statesmanship. It also may be, however, that the millions of Mahometan subjects of Britain and France—in India alone their number is over 60,000,000—will continue to vest their loyalty in the person of the Ottoman caliph, whose humiliation they will never forgive.

The stand taken by some of the most prominent Moslem leaders of India against the dismemberment of Turkey warned the British government of the necessity for the utmost caution. On the other hand the British champions of the Christian subject races of Turkey point out rightly that the liberation of the victims of Ottoman despotism cannot be made dependent on the sentiments of Indian Mahometans.

There is, moreover, the additional danger that the destruction of the central temporal authority at Constantinople—such as it was—will induce the Moslem peoples of the Near and Middle East to look out for themselves with concentrated energy—in other words, that a nationalism on the European pattern will evolve in lands where hitherto it was unknown. The attitude of the Caucasian Mahometans after the Russian revolution, as well as recent developments in Syria and Persia, seem to point in this direction.

Behind all these uncertainties and conjectures looms the sinister shadow of "Jehadi Ekber"—the Great Holy War against the Christians in which every believer in the Koran must participate under forfeit of his soul's salvation. The failure of the call issued by the Sultan in 1914 is one of the unsolved mysteries of contemporary history. It does not mean, however, that the possibility of a universal rising against Christendom has passed. Rather, in the view of some authorities, the danger is acuter than ever, owing to the intensified racial and religious hatred which is the heritage of the war in Asia as well as in Europe. The activities of certain Turkish leaders such as Enver Pasha, Mustafa Kemal Pasha, Reuf Bey and others in Asia Minor, the Caucasus and Kurdistan—as reported with undisguised satisfaction in the German press—accentuate the gravity of the situation.

France Resurgent

Better Off Than Ever In Coal And Minerals, The Nation Returns Cheerfully To Work

By Maurice Casenave
(*Minister Plenipotentiary, Director General of the French Public Service in the Uited States*)

Before the war a legend had spread all over the world about the French people. Even their best friends believed them to be self-conceited, vain, light, even corrupt, and so fond of pleasure that it was impossible for them to bear hardship. At the same time they got credit for intelligence and artistic appreciation. Five years ago this legend was destroyed by the victory of the Marne, and France owes much to the great Marshal Joffre for having killed the legend and beaten the German army.

Now that the war is over, now that the victory is won, another legend is spreading. It is not the legend of French frivolity, of French corruption, it is the legend which represents France as so debilitated by her suffering, so weakened by her losses, so overcome by the burden of her debts, that she never will be able to recover, that she has not even the energy to go to work again, that she is annihilated forever, and that all the money so generously lent to her by America is lost. This is the new legend which I will try to destroy because it is most decidedly a piece of the German propaganda which has to be fought in the open and which has to be proved false.

Even during the war the French Government, sharing the hope of the people in ultimate victory, had intrusted a committee composed of leading men in finance, commerce, and industry with the study of the means to be employed for the development of French commerce and industry after the war. The French Parliament passed a law regarding the "reparation of the damages of the war." Recently a committee of reconstruction of the devastated regions was established to secure the co-operation of the Government and of private initiative in this immense enterprise. Most committees which are at work at present have published interesting reports on what France is going to do and has already done in the way of reconstruction.

HER LOSS IN MAN POWER

The losses in human lives suffered by France are well known. About 1,500,000 men had been killed and about 350,000 had been crippled and put permanently out of work. These losses are made so much more serious because of the fact that they are depriving the country of men mostly between the ages of 20 and 40, the age when men are most useful in every kind of work, and when they are most important for the perpetuation of the race. During the war the shortage of hands caused by the mobilisation had to be made up by the introduction of foreign (European) and Asiatic labor, but obviously this measure could be taken only as a transitory expedient acceptable during war times.

Now that peace has been restored, we must go back to methods which cannot imperil the integrity of our race nor lower the standard of life for French workingmen. That means that we have to provide for a more thorough efficiency by a better distribution of human activity, a generalised use of modern machinery, specialisation of labor, and by the standardisation of production. The French Department of Commerce has constituted a permanent Committee for Standardisation and another Committee for the Unification of Specifications. These boards will investigate commercial developments, the celerity and cheapness of production, and the necessity of maintaining the reputation of French goods.

Cheap motive power is what is most necessary. Before the war France was suffering a deficit of nearly 25,000,000 tons of coal, and this deficit is now greater in consequence of the destruction of mines by the Germans. It is just that Germany should make up part of this deficit, but France has already begun to develop the use of poorer fuel, such as lignites, which are abundant in the southeastern part of the country. France is also on the point of developing the water power of the country which is estimated as of 8,000,000 horse-power. Before the war only 750,000 horse-power had been used and $180,000,000 had been expended in providing the equipment. About 625,000 horse-power has been added for the service of manufacturing, and it is anticipated that in 1921 1,600,000 horse-power will be used. The capital invested will then be about $300,000,000. The French Regional Banks have provided the capital.

FACTS ABOUT FRANCE

Killed in war, 1,500,000 men; crippled so as to be useless for work, 350,000.

Water power about to be developed, estimated at 8,000,000 horse power.

Expects to export 21,000,000 tons of iron ore annually.

Expects to export 500,000 tons of pig iron over her own needs.

Country had 11,000,000 small landholders.

Output of textile spindles to be 105,000 tons annually.

Colonial empire greater than area of United States, including Alaska, the Philippines, Porto Rico, and other possessions.

Had restored already 588 bridges and tunnels destroyed during the war, 700 kilometers of canals and canalised rivers, and 1,100 kilometers of roads.

WILL EXPORT IRON

The prospects of metallurgical industry in France are encouraging. In 1913 the output of French iron mines, including those of Algeria and Tunis, amounted to 23,000,000 tons of iron ore, of which about 10,000,000 tons were exported. If we now add to that amount 21,000,000 tons, the output of the Lorraine mines, France would be able to export over 21,000,000 tons of iron ore per annum. Before the war, France was consuming the whole amount of her pig-iron output, a little over 5,000,000 tons. The production will soon reach 9,600,000 tons, leaving an excess of 1,500,000 tons for exportation. The production of steel before the war was about 5,000,000 tons. It will now attain to about 7,500,000 tons with 1,000,000 tons to be exported. By the recovery of Alsace, France possesses very extensive potash fields, and these combined with the important phosphate deposits in Algeria and Tunis, will permit the resumption of French agricultural industry. All foreign nations must desire the restoration of agriculture in France. She has 11,000,000 landed proprietors, mostly small farmers and peasants. The welfare of these people is the best protection against the spread of Bolshevism.

French textile industries were progressing greatly in the ten years previous to the outbreak of hostilities. In 1913 2,600,000 spindles were producing 89,000 tons of woolen yarns, of which 75,000 tons were used in France. The prospects of the cotton industry in France would be encouraging if we did not have to buy cotton from foreign countries. The present conditions of exchange are discouraging. It would be wise if the cotton dealers in the United States extended credits to our buyers.

Many people in this country ignore the fact that France possesses a colonial empire which is larger than the whole area of the United States, including Alaska, the Philippines, Porto Rico, and other possessions, rich in agricultural and mineral wealth, and a population of more than 50,000,000 men, nearly all hard workers, and who have shown their loyalty to the mother country by fighting bravely for her in the war. My optimism for the future of France is not based merely on sentiment; it is based on figures.

RAILWAY SITUATION

One of the great French military chiefs spoke of the conflict as a "war of transportation." When the armistice was declared 2,246 kilometers of railways had to be re-established, and of these 2,016 have been put in order. Only forty-six stations and depots are closed; 1,160 bridges, tunnels, etc., had to be rebuilt and 588 of them are in normal condition at present. More than 1,000 kilometers of canals and canalised rivers were severely damaged. Of these 700 have been restored. In the month of July this year 1,100 kilometers of roads were repaired, 65,000 tons of different materials being used in the work of reparation.

The total surface of France invaded was about 7,000,000 acres, of which about 3,000,000 acres had been devoted to agriculture. About 700,000 acres have been plowed once more after they had been cleared of barbed wire and shells and trenches filled up. France lost 300,000 horses and cattle, two-thirds of which have been replaced; 362,000 agricultural implements have been destroyed and 206,000 substituted; 104,000 vehicles and rolling machines have disappeared and they have been replaced by 16,000 tractors and motors. Of the 550,000 houses and buildings destroyed, 229 factories have been rebuilt, 80,000 of them repaired, 16,225 huts completed, and 60,000 huts (portable houses) are being established, giving shelter to 900,000 men, women, and children, who came back in 3,872 towns or villages in which municipal life has been re-established. Of the 4,583 primary schools flourishing in antebellum days, 3,000 have already been opened.

From these figures it can be realised that France has gone back to work with a spirit of virile courage. You hear often of a clamorous France, but that is not the real France that recuperated so quickly after the war of 1870. It paid an enormous debt so rapidly as to gain the admiration of the world. The real France is silent and working and looks for the esteem and respect of her friends.

Peril Of Industrial Balance Of Power

As Economic Force Of Capital And Labor Varies, Scales Are Tipped Disastrously—Each Man Gets What He Can Extort, Not What He Produces

By Stephen Leacock
Profesor of Political Economy at McGill University, Montreal
(*New York Times*)

Wages and prices, do not under free competition tend toward social justice. It is not true that every man gets what he produces. It is not true that enormous salaries represent enormous productive servics and that humble wages correspond to a humble contribution to the welfare of society.

Prices, wages, salaries, interest, rent, and profits do not, if left to themselves, follow the simple law of natural justice. To think so is an idle dream, the dream of the quietist who may slumber too long and be roused to a rude awakening or perish, perhaps, in his sleep. His dream is not so dangerous as the contrasted dream of the Socialist, now threatening to walk abroad in his sleep but both in their degree are dreams and nothing more.

The real truth is that price and wages and all the various payments from hand to hand in industrial society are the outcome of a complex of competing forces that are not based upon justice, but upon relative "economic strength." To elucidate this it is necessary to plunge into the jungle of pure economic theory. The way is arduous. There are no flowers upon the path. And out of this thicket, alas! no two people ever emerge hand in hand in concord. Yet it is a path that must be traversed.

Let us take then as a beginning the very simplest case of the making of a price. It is the one which is sometimes called in books on economics the case of a unique monopoly. Suppose that I offer for sale the manuscript of the Pickwick Papers, or Shakespeare's skull, or, for the matter of that, the skull of John Smith, what is the sum that I shall receive for it? It is the utmost that any one is willing to give for it. That is all one can say about it. There is no question here of cost or of what I paid for the article or of anything else except the amount of the willingness to pay on the part of the highest bidder. It would be possible, indeed, for a bidder to take the article from me by force. But this we presume to be prevented by the law, and for this reason we referred above not to the physical strength but to the "economic strength" of the parties to a bargain. By this is meant the relation that arises out of the condition of the supply and the demand, the willingness or eagerness or the sheer necessity of the buyers and the sellers.

People may offer much because the thing to be acquired is an absolute necessity without which they perish; a drowning man would sell all that he had for a life belt. Or they may offer much through the sheer abundance of their other possessions. A millionaire might offer more for a life belt as a souvenir than a drowning man could pay for it to save his life.

Yet out of any particular conjunction between desires on the one hand and goods or services on the other arises a particular equation of demand and supply, represented by particular price. All of this, of course, is A, B, C, and I am not aware that anybody doubts it.

Now, let us make the example a little more elaborate. Suppose that one single person owned all the food supply of a community isolated from the outside world. The price which he could exact would be the full measure of all the possessions of his neighbors up to the point at least where they would commit suicide rather than pay. True, in such a case as this "economic strength" would probably be broken down by the intrusion of physical violence. But in so far as it held good the price of food would be based upon it.

MUSIC BOX IN A FOREST

Prices such as are indicated here were dismissed by the earlier economist as mere economic curiosities. John Stuart Mill has something to say about the price of a "music box in the wilds of Lake Superior," which, as he perceived, would not be connected with the expense of producing it, but might be vastly more or perhaps decidedly less. But Mill might have said much the same thing about the price of a music box, provided it was properly patented, anywhere at all. For the music box and Shakespeare's skull and the corner in wheat are all merely different kinds of examples of the things called a monopoly sale.

Now, let us change the example a little further. Suppose that the monopolist has for sale not simply a fixed and definite quantity of a certain article but something which he can produce in larger quantities as desired. At what price will he now sell? If he offers the article at a very high price only a few people will take it; if he lowers the price there will be more and more purchasers. His interest seems divided. He will want to put the price as high as possible so that the profit on each single article (over what it costs him to produce it) will be as great as possible. But he will also want to make as many sales as he possibly can, which will induce him to set the price low enough to bring in new buyers. But, of course, if he puts the price so low that it only covers the cost of making the goods his profit is all gone, and the mere multiplicity of sales is of no use to him. He must try, therefore, to find a point of maximum profit where, having in view both the over cost on each sale, the net profit is at its greatest.

This gives us the fundamental law of monopoly price. It is to be noted that under modern conditions of production the cost of manufacture per article decreases to a great extent in proportion as a larger and larger number is produced, and thus the widening of the sale lowers the proportionate cost. In any particular case, therefore, it may turn out that the price that suits the monopolist's own interest is quite a low price, one such as to allow for an enormous quantity of sales and a very low cost of manufacture. This, we say, may be the case. But it is not so of necessity. In and of itself the monopoly price corresponds to the monopolist's profit and not to cheapness of sale. The price may be set far above the cost.

And now notice the peculiar relation that is set up between the monopolist's production and the satisfaction of human wants. In proportion as the quantity produced is increased, the lower must the price be set in order to sell the whole output. If the monopolist insisted on turning out more and more of his goods, the price that people would give would fall till it barely covered the cost, then till it was less than cost, then to a mere fraction of the cost, and finally to nothing at all. In other words, if one produces a large enough quantity of anything it becomes worthless. It loses all its value just as soon as there is enough of it to satisfy and oversatisfy the wants of humanity. Thus if the world produces three and a half billion bushels of wheat, it can be sold, let us say, at $2 a bushel; but if it produced twice as much it might well be found that it would sell for only 50 cents a bushel. The value of the bigger supply as a total would actually be less than that of the smaller. And if the supply were big enough it would be worth, in the economic sense, just nothing at all.

This peculiarity is spoken of in economic theory as the paradox of value. It is referred to in the older books either as an economic curiosity or as a mere illustration in extreme terms of the relation of supply to price. Thus in many books the story is related of how the East India companies used at times deliberately to destroy a large quantity of tea, in order that by selling a lesser amount they might reap a larger profit than by selling a greater.

But in reality this paradox of value is the most fundamental proposition in economic science. Precisely here is found the key to the operation of the economic society in which we live. The world's production is aimed at producing "values," not at producing plenty. If by some mad access of misdirected industry we produced enough and too much of everything, our whole machinery of buying and selling would break down. This indeed does happen constantly on a small scale in the familiar phenomenon of overproduction.

But in the organisation in which we live overproduction tends to check itself at once. If the world's machinery threatens to produce a too plenty of any

[redacted]

the monopolist in the case described above will have to pay. We take for granted that he will only pay as much as he has to. How much will this be? Clearly it will depend altogether on the number of available working men capable of doing the work in question and the situation in which they find themselves. It is again a case of relative "economic strength." The situation may be altogether in favor of the employer or altogether in favor of the men, or may occupy a middle ground. If the men are so numerous that there are more of them than are needed for the work and if there is no other occupation for them they must accept a starvation wage. If they are so few in number that they can all be employed and if they are so well organised as to act together they can in their turn exact any wage up to the point that leaves no profit for the employer.

Indeed, for a short time wages might even pass this point, the monopolist employer being willing (for various reasons, all quite obvious) actually to pay more as wages than he gets as return and to carry on business at a loss for the sake of carrying it on at all.

ADAM SMITH ON WAGES

Clearly, then, wages, as Adam Smith said, "are the result of a dispute," in which either party may be pushed to the wall. The employer may have to pay so much that there is nothing or practically nothing left for himself, or so little that his workmen can just exist and no more. These are the upward and downward limits of the wages in the cases described.

It is therefore obvious that if all the industries in the world were carried on as a series of separate monopolies, there would be exactly the kind of rivalry or competition of forces represented by the consumer's insisting on paying as little as possible, the producer's charging the most profitable price and paying the lowest wage that he could, and the wage earner's demanding the highest wage that he could get. The equilibrium would be unstable. It would be constantly displaced and shifted by the movement of all sorts of social forces, by changes of fashion, by abundance or scarcity of crops, by alterations in the technique of industry, and by the cohesion or the slackening of the organisation of any group of workers. But the balanced forces once displaced would be seen constantly to come to an equilibrium at the same point.

All this has been said of industry under monopoly. But it will be seen to apply in its essentials to what we call competitive industry. Here indeed certain new features come in. Not one employer, but many, produce each kind of article. And, as far as each employer can see by looking at his own horizon, what he does is merely to produce as much as he can sell at a price that pays him. Since all the other employers are doing this, there will be, under competition, a constant tendency to cut the price down to the lowest that is consistent with what the employer has to pay as wages and interest. This point which was called by the orthodox economists the "cost," is not in any true and fundamental sense of the word the "cost" at all. It is merely a limit represented by what the other parties to the bargain are able to exact.

The whole situation is in a condition of unstable equilibrium in which the conflicting forces represented by the interests of the various parties pull in different directions. The employers in any one line of industry and all their wage earners and salaried assistants have one and the same interest as against the consumer. They want the selling price to be as high as possible. But the employers are against one another as wanting, each of them, to make as many sales as possible, and each and all the employers are against the wage earners in wanting to pay as low wages as possible. If all the employers unite, the situation turns to a monopoly and the price paid by the consumer is settled on the monopoly basis already described. The employers can then dispute it out with their working men as to how much wages shall be.

NO POINT OF REST

If the employers are not united, then at each and every moment they are in conflict both with the consumer and with their wage earners. Thus the whole scene of industry represents a vast and unending conflict, a fermentation in which the moving bubbles crowd for space, expanding and breaking one against the other. There is no point of rest. There is no real fixed "cost" acting as a basis. Anything that any one person or group of persons—worker or master, landlord or capitalist—is able to exact owing to the existing conditions of demand or supply, becomes a "cost" from the point of view of all the others. There is nothing in this "cost" which proportions to it the quantity of labor, or of time, or of skill, or of any other measure, physical or psychological, of the effort involved. And there is nothing whatever in it which proportions to it social justice. It is the war of each against all. Its only mitigation is that it is carried on under the set of rules represented by the State and the law.

The tendencies involved may be best illustrated by taking one or two extreme or exaggerated examples, not meant as facts, but only to make clear the nature of social and industrial force among which we live.

What, for example, will be the absolute maximum to which

(Continued On Page 11)

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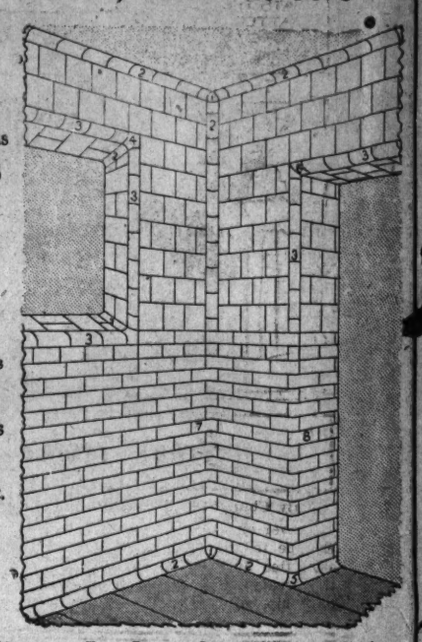

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GEO MCMANUS

Straws From The Aftermath Of Armageddon

By Charles J. Rosebault

Travel on the Continent of Europe in the days between the armistice and the formulation of the treaty of peace involved hardship, often severe, but it also furnished rare opportunities for getting into intimate touch with individuals who were fresh from strange and moving experiences. The usual formalities and aloofness speedily broke down on trains which moved regardless of schedules, which might or might not reach their advertised destinations, and on which the travelers were packed with little regard to decency, much less comfort. After one has had to apologise the one-and-twentieth time for stepping on one neighbor's foot and for poking another in the stomach, and has received reciprocal apologies from them, the necessity of producing letters of introduction or even visiting cards loses force. Misery is said to love company; it certainly loosens tongues.

Nowhere was this more abundantly illustrated than on the trains on which I traveled through the Central Empires. People with heavy, solemn faces, from whom one never would have expected a word of interest, became astonishingly eloquent under the impulse of imparting their reactions to the strange trials and moving experiences from which they had just emerged. For there were no ordinary travelers in those days. People did not wait in line through whole days and nights to buy tickets for pleasant excursions. There were no gay friends to see them off and no smiling faces to greet them at the end of their journeys. Travel like life itself, was a serious affair to be regarded constantly with anxious eyes and fearful heart.

An extraordinarily pretty girl, with large blue eyes and a lot of dark reddish golden hair, came into the compartment of the train to Berlin. It was crowded, but the conditions of travel had demonstrated in individuals new and marvelous powers of shrinking. No compartment was so closed-seated that it could not admit another atom of humanity. In this case there was united effort to diminish our proportions and a space was opened beside me into which the newcomer was able to squeeze.

Not only her beauty, but her features, her carriage and the way she wore her clothes aroused a mighty interest in me. I had never seen the like outside of my own country. Yet what could bring an American girl into the heart of the enemy country? The only Americans supposed to be there—or who had any right to be there—were those on official business, and women, even the old ones, had not been chosen for this. I was relieved when, in answer to a matronly neighbor she spoke a few words in pure, unaccented German, but a moment later she spoke equally flawless French to a young woman who peered into the compartment. My curiosity could not be constrained longer.

"Fraulein," I remarked, speaking the language of the country, "pardon my curiosity, but you look like one of my countrywomen."

"I am," she answered with a smile, speaking American English. "I was born in Chicago."

A remarkable story followed my request for an explanation. She had been born in Chicago during the visit of her parents to the World's Fair in 1893. They had carried her back to heir home in Petrograd and her birth on American soil was regarded only as a curious incident until the Bolshevist upheaval, and the subsequent assault upon the well-to-do, gave it a seeming importance as a possible means for obtaining the protection of America's representatives in the Russian capital. Unfortunately, these representatives were having all they could do in getting out of the country Americans respecting whose nationality there could be no dispute. They felt unable to take up a claim of citizenship from one who had never advanced it before, even though she looked and, because she had had an American teacher of English, talked like an American.

She admitted the justice of this position and there was even a glint of humor in her eyes as she spoke of it; but the recollection of the desperate straits which had induced her to make her application for assistance soon drove every thought of humor away. I cannot remember ever being so thoroughly gripped by the emotions of another as I was while I listened to his young woman's story.

The Bolsheviki were not always content with the property or even the lives of the bourgeoisie, and among those in power was one who cast covetous eyes on her. Her father was dead—not that he could have protected her had he been alive—and she and her mother were without friends or influence among the Reds. Escape there appeared to be none and her freedom from slavery lay only in the fact that the particular brute who was after her had been kept very busy with affairs of State. But the evil moment was only being delayed—and one bitter Winter's night word was conveyed to her that it would not be delayed beyond the morrow. She was bundled into a sleigh by her distracted mother, there was a tragic moment of parting, and then she was driven rapidly through the dark and dangerous streets and out into the frozen, wind-swept country. Before the dawn she had found a temporary shelter in the home of a kindly peasant.

Her destination was Odessa where the family had friends, but it seemed absurd to imagine that she would ever get there. Her only chance lay in traveling by night and finding trustworthy people who would give her food and shelter in the daytime. Often she had to hide in barns and outhouses where she almost froze. Continually she was haunted by the fear that the peasants, fearful of the vengeance of the Bolsheviki, might betray her or render her helpless by robbery, for it was impossible to hide the fact that she carried with her large sums of money, needed to pay the men who risked their lives in driving her from village to village. She had many narrow escapes from bands of marauders and fled from several shelters whose owners aroused her suspicion. But fortune was with her. After three months of hardship and terrors which would have destroyed one less vigorous in mind and body, she reached Odessa and was taken into the home of her friends. Here, too, she received word that her mother had escaped through Finland and was safe in Berlin. Then came the Bolshevist descent upon Odessa and another flight.

This time she was not alone. Her protectors had to flee also, and there was a man to take some of the burdens, at least. Across the Black Sea and down to Constantinople they fled, and thence up through the bloody and distracted Balkans; often hungry, often without shelter, always harassed by fear of roving guerrillas; constantly delayed by official hesitation to permit them to travel upon passports issued by representatives of a Government no longer existing, which was all they had to rely upon. Another three months had been consumed between Odessa and Germany. It would be more than half a year between her abrupt departure from her mother and their reunion.

* * *

"This cannot be called exactly pleasant," remarked my neighbor, "but I have traveled worse."

We were coming up to Vienna from Budapest in a train that was creaking and grinding for lack of oil, that was unpainted without and unswept within and packed to the doors with unfortunate humanity. The speaker and I were wedged together in the corridor of a third-class carriage, although we had paid for first-class accommodation. His observation has followed my apology for digging into his ribs.

There was a violent lurch, during which we mutually clutched and stepped on each other's feet and then, just to be polite, I said that anything in the way of travel worse than what we were experiencing would tax my imagination.

"I was in Manchuria in midwinter," he replied, "and traveled three days in a train that had all the windows broken. There was no heat and no food. At one of the stations a Chinaman forced his way into my compartment, which was already overcrowded, and insisted that his tickets entitled him and his family to stay there. We were too exhausted to protest, and presently he hoisted in a whole row of women and children. These he placed indiscriminately in our laps. I got a baby, which I had to hold to keep it from toppling on to the floor. It stayed with me for eight hours. Next to me sat the grandmother, smoking a long pipe continuously and emptying the hot ashes at intervals on my overcoat.

"I had become so indifferent to everything by that time that I did not even remove the ashes. Another Chairman died, but nobody cared. At 1 o'clock in the morning of the fourth day I changed to another train. We were in China then, and I was able to get something to eat. At the first town of any size I got out and went to a hotel. My right side was paralysed. I stayed in a hot bath a whole day, which did me some good, but I wasn't able to get about for two weeks."

* * *

Will we ever be able to understand the Russians? One day I met a man who had lived among them and explained the excesses of Bolshevism by the assertion that suffering and death were regarded by the average Russian with a stoical indifference incomprehensible to the Occidental world. Centuries of contact with the Orient, and an equal period of repression, of acquaintance with the knout and other forms of torture had induced callousness. A few days later I came across an Austrian surgeon who had served in hospitals along the Hungarian frontiers and had had experience with Russian prisoners of war as nurses. They were enemies, so what he said was naturally not colored by sympathy.

"I used many different nationalities," he said, "and found the Russians the gentlest and most lovable. Their patience was inexhaustible and their kindliness to their worst enemies was simply indescribable. Nothing that I asked them to do was too much. They taxed their endurance to the limit and never murmured. I have seen them handle patients with a tenderness and care that one would expect only from a trained woman. Our own people were good nurses, and so were the Italians. The Rumanians were the worst. The Hungarians were too proud to do all that was required. But the Russians—splendid, handsome, blonde giants—were always dependable, always good-humored, always ready to help, by day or by night."

Peril Of Industrial Balance Of Power

(Continued from Page 10)

wages in general could be forced? Conceivably and in the purest and thinnest of theory, they could include the whole product of the labor of society with just such a small fraction left over for the employers, the owners of capital and the owners of land to induce them to continue acting as part of the machine. That is to say, if all the laborers all over the world, to the last one, were united under a single control they could force the other economic classes of society to something approaching a starvation living. In practice this is nonsense. In theory it is an excellent starting point for thought.

And how short could the hours of the universal united workers be made? As short as ever they liked: An hour a day; ten minutes, anything they like; but, of course, with the proviso that the shorter the hours the less the total of things to be produced to be divided. It is true that up to a certain point shortening the hours of labor actually increases the total product. A ten-hour day, speaking in general terms and leaving out individual exceptions, is probably more productive than a day of twelve. It may very well be that an eight-hour day will prove, presently if not immediately, to be more productive than a ten. But somewhere the limit is reached and gross production falls. The supply of things in general gets shorter.

LUXURIES AS A FACTOR

But note that this itself would not matter much, if somehow and in some way not yet found, the shortening of the production of goods cut out the luxuries and superfinities first. Mankind at large might well trade leisure for luxuries. The shortening of hours with the corresponding changes in the direction of production is really the central problem in social reform. I propose to return to it in the concluding chapter of these papers, but for the present it is only noted in connection with the general scheme of industrial relations.

Now let us ask to what extent any particular section or part of industrial society can succeed in forcing up wages or prices as against the others. In pure theory they may do this almost to any extent provided that the thing concerned is a necessity and is without a substitute, and provided that their organisation is complete and unbreakable. If all the people concerned in producing coal, masters and men, owners of mines and operators of machinery could stand out for their price; there is no limit short of putting all the rest of the world on starvation rations, to what they might get. In practice and in reality a thousand things intervene—the impossibility of such complete unity, the organisation of the other parties, the existing of national divisions among industrial society, sentiment, decency, fear. The proposition is only "pure theory." But its use as such is to dispose of any such idea as that there is a natural price of coal or of anything else.

The above is true of an article of necessity. It is true though in a less degree of things of luxury. If all the makers of instruments of music, masters and men, capitalists and workers, were banded together in a tight and unbreakable union, then the other economic classes must either face the horrors of a world without pianolas and trombones, or hand over the price demanded. And what is true of coal and music is true all through the whole mechanism of industry.

Or take the supreme case of the owners of land. If all of them acted together, with their legal rights added into one, they could order the rest of the world either to get off it, or to work at starvation wages.

Industrial society is therefore mobile, elastic, standing at any moment in a temporary and unstable equilibrium. But at any particular moment the possibility of a huge and catastrophic shift such as those described is out of the question except at the price of a general collapse. Even a minor dislocation breaks down a certain part of the machinery of society. Particular groups of workers are thrown out of place. There is no other place where they can fit in, or at any rate not immediately. The machine labors heavily. Ominous mutterings are heard. The legal frame-work of the State and of obedience to the law in which industrial society is set threatens to break asunder. The attempt at social change threatens a social revolution in which the whole elaborate mechanism would burst into fragments.

In any social movement, then, change and alteration in a new direction must be balanced against the demands of social stability. Some things are possible and some are not; some are impossible today, and possible or easy tomorrow. Others are forever out of the question.

But this much at least ought to appear clear if the line of argument indicated above is accepted, namely, that there is no great hope for the universal betterment of society by the mere advance of technical industrial progress and by the unaided play of the motive of every man for himself.

The enormous increase in the productivity of industrial effort would never of itself have elevated by one inch the lot of the working class. The rise of wages in the nineteenth century and the shortening of hours that went with it was due neither to the advance in mechanical power, nor to the advance in diligence and industriousness, nor to the advance, if there was any, in general kindliness. It was due to the organisation of labor. Mechanical progress makes higher wages possible. It does not of itself advance them by a single farthing. Labor-saving machinery does not of itself save the working world a single hour of toil; it only shifts it from one task to another.

Against a system of unrestrained individualism energy, industriousness, and honesty might shatter itself in vain. The thing is merely a race, in which only one can be first, no matter how great the speed of all; a struggle in which one and not all can stand upon the shoulders of the others. It is the restriction of individualism by the force of organisation and by legislation that has brought to the world whatever social advance has been achieved by the great mass of the people.

The present moment is in a sense the wrong time for saying this. We no longer live in an age when downtrodden laborers meet by candlelight with the ban of the law upon their meeting. These are the days when "labor" is triumphant, and when it even threatens in the overweening strength of its own power to break industrial society in pieces in the fierce attempt to do in a day what can only be done in a generation. But truth is truth. And any one who writes of the history of the progress of industrial society owes it to the truth to acknowledge the vast social achievement of organised labor in the past.

And what of the future?

By what means and in what stages can social progress be further accelerated? This I propose to treat in the succeeding chapters, dealing first with the proposals of the Socialist and the revolutionaries, and finally with the prospect for a sane, orderly, and continuous social reform.

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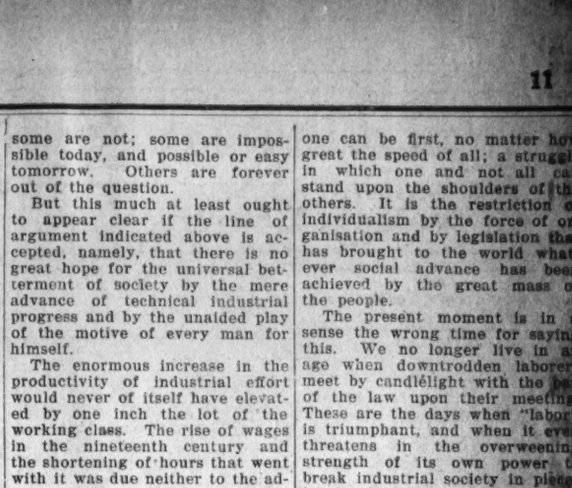

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HANKOW & PORTS—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Poyang**, Captain Carnaghan, will leave from the French Bund on **Friday, October 31**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. **Tuckwo**, 3,770 Tons, Captain Campbell, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on **Friday, October 31**, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Managers. Freight Tel. C. 250, Passage Tel. C. 240.

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HANKOW & PORTS—The Co.'s Steamer **Siangyang Maru**, Captain J. A. Scott, will be despatched from N.Y.K. Mail Wharf on **Saturday, November 1**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA.** No. 5 The Bund.

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HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. **Loongwo**, Captain Findelson, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on **Tuesday, November 4**, about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Managers. Freight Tel. C. 250, Passage Tel. C. 240.

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HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Taiyang**, Captain Williams, will leave from the French Bund on **Thursday, November 6**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Lucnyi**, Captain Frazier, will leave from the French Bund on **Friday, November 7**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

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NINGPO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Hsin Peking**, Captain A. Scott, R. N. R., will leave from the French Bund on **Friday, October 31**, at 4:30 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

WENCHOW.—The Str. **Kwangchi**, Captain G. L. Crawford, will leave on **Friday** night. For Freight or Passage apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

NINGPO.—The Str. **Kiangteen**, Captain D. D. Ross, will leave on **Saturday** afternoon at 4 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The Str. **Taishun**, Captain C. Westerlund, will leave on **Sunday** morning. For Freight or Passage, apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

AMOY & SWATOW.—The Str. **Tungwah**, Captain F. G. Newbery, will leave on **Sunday** morning. For Freight or Passage, apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

SWATOW, HONGKONG AND CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Chenan**, Captain H. E. Laver, will leave from the French Bund on **Sunday, November 2**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Suiyang**, Capt. J. Gibbs, will leave from the Freneh Bund direct for the above ports on **Tuesday, November 4**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

AMOY, HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. **Sinkiang**, Capt. G. W. Eedy, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on **Thursday, November 6**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents Freight Tel. No. 77 Passage Tel. No. 401.

TAKAO (FORMOSA) via FOOCHOW & KEELUNG.—The Str. **Kohoku Maru**, Captain M. Tsubaki, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on **November 11**, at ——— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nisshin Kisen Kaisha at ——— on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

HONGKONG.—The Str. **Canada Maru**, Captain T. Nimoto, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on **November 14**, at ——— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom jetty at——— For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

For Northern Ports

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Chekiang**, Captain H. A. Walker, will leave on **Friday, October 31**, at 2 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

TSINGTAO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Yingchow**, Captain E. B. Simons, will leave from the Watung Wharf on **Saturday, November 1**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO AND TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Fengtien**, Captain McIntosh, will leave from the French Bund on **Saturday, November 1**, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

NEWCHWANG.—The Str. **Toonan**, Captain C. Taylor, will leave on **Saturday** morning. For Freight or Passage, apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

TIENTSIN DIRECT.—The Str. **Feiching**, Captain J. Smith, will leave on **Saturday** morning. For Freight or Passage, apply to **C.M. S.N. Co.**

ANTUNG.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Kweilin**, Captain A. McDowell, will leave on **Saturday, November 1**, at daylight. For Fright or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Tungchow**, Captain Harris, will leave from the French Bund on **Tuesday, November 4**, at 3 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund Freight Tel. No. 77 Passage Tls. No. 401.

VLADIVOSTOK.—The Steamer **Orel**, Captain Loman, will leave **on November 4th, 1919.** For freight and or passage to the above three ports apply to **S. HEIMANN & Co.**, 19A Canton Road, Telephone Central 1604.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO AND TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Shengking**, Captain K. E. Tuebben, will leave from the French Bund on **Thursday, November 6**, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund Freight Tel. No. 77 Passage Tel. No. 401.

TIENTSIN & DAIREN.—The Steamer **Taito Maru**, Captain M. Takagi, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on **November 13**, at ——— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nisshin Kisen Kaisha at ——— on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

For Foreign Ports

ROTTERDAM via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, PORTSAID, MARSEILLES AND ANTWERP.—The Str. **Celebes Maru**, Captain T. Ezoe, will be despatched from the Co.'s No. 9 Buoy Wharf on **November 7**. For Freight please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

MARSEILLES, VIA SINGAPORE, COLOMBO & PORTSAID.—The Steamer **Indo Maru**, Captain S. Arai, will be despatched from the Co.'s No. 9 Buoy on **November 24**. For Freight please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

LONDON, via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, PORTSAID, MARSEILLES, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG.—The Steamer **Alps Maru**, Captain T. Yamaguchi, will be desatched from the Co.'s No. 9 Buoy on **December 6**. For Freight please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund Tel. Central No. 4234 and 4235.

TACOMA AND SEATTLE CALLING AT VICTORIA B. C. VIA NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIDZU, & YOKOHAMA.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Str. **Mexico Maru**, Captain K. Komiya, will be despatched on **December 16**. Through Bills of Lading are granted for American ports and overland connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany overland shipment. For Freight please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 & 4235.

Sailed from Shanghai

For San Francisco

Tacoma	Sep. 23
West Vaca	Oct. 1
Tancred	Oct. 5
Ecuador	Oct. 12
Tamaha	Oct. 13
Archer	Oct. 16
Nile	Oct. 18
West Cactus	Oct. 26
Royal Arrow	Oct. 28
Lumina	Oct. 30

For Tacoma

Javary	Sep. 29
Justin	Sep. 30
Manila Maru	Oct. 22

For Seattle

Edmore	Sep. 23
City of Spokane	Oct. 7
Stanley	Oct. 14
West Segovia	Oct. 26
West Islip	Oct. 30

For New York

Eurymedon	Oct. 22
Bolton Castle	Oct. 22

For Vancouver

Harold Dollar	Sep. 21
Monteagle	Oct. 15

For London etc.

Alaska Maru	Sep. 21
Atsuta Maru	Sep. 30
Titan	Oct. 8
Wakasa Maru	Oct. 11
Shidzuoka Maru	Oct. 13
Peleus	Oct. 2
Delagoa Maru	Oct. 25
Khiva	Oct. 28
Kaga Maru	Oct. 29
Prinzessin	Oct. 30

For Liverpool

Alcinous	Oct. 11

For Marseilles

Karachi Maru	Sep. 24
Porthos	Sep. 29
Batavia	Oct. 5
Java Maru	Oct. 6
Wollowra	Oct. 16
Cape Town Maru	Oct. 20
Toyooka Maru	Oct. 28

For Trieste

Gablonz	Sep. 14

For Bombay

Dilwara	Oct. 1

For Singapore

Lowther Castle	Oct. 16
Castor	Oct. 27

For Calcutta

Japan	Sep. 23
Gregory Apcar	Oct. 28

For Hull

Benavon	Oct. 12

P. & O., British India and Apcar Lines

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FOR MARSEILLES AND LONDON
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FOR BOMBAY via STRAITS AND COLOMBO
S.S. "DUNERA" leaves 4th November

FOR CALCUTTA via JAPAN

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Steamers and sailing dates are liable to be altered or cancelled without notice.

For particulars regarding Freight or Passage, apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.
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24 The Bund, Shanghai
Telephones: Central 169 & 2069

CPOS

QUICKEST TIME ACROSS THE PACIFIC

S.S. EMPRESS OF RUSSIA, November 1
Shanghai to Victoria-Vancouver

S. S. EMPRESS OF JAPAN, November 15
Shanghai to Victoria - Vancouver

S.S. EMPRESS OF ASIA, November 15
Shanghai to Manila - Hongkong

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Freight Office	Passenger Office
Cor. Peking and Yuen Ming Yuen Roads,	Palace Hotel 19 The Bund
Telephone Central 181	Telephone Central 182

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The steamers Wuchang and Chungking are specially fitted to handle heavy lifts, etc., but have no accommodation for Foreign passengers.
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For WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN (and Peking via TIENTSIN).—S.S. Tungchow, Fengtien, Shuntien and Shengking.—Sailing from the French Bund.
Regular sailings every Tuesday and Saturday and every alternate Thursday.

For AMOY, SWATOW, HONGKONG and CANTON.—S.S. Suiyang, Sunning, Sinkiang, Yingchow, Singan and Kaifong.—Sailing from the French Bund. Weekly service every Thursday to Amoy and every Sunday to Swatow. Connections at Hongkong with service to Phillippines and Australian ports will be advised upon application.
Regular sailings every Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday mornings.

For NINGPO.—S.S. Hsin Peking.—Sailing from the French Bund.
Regular sailings every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 4.30 p.m.

The above steamers have Electric Light throughout and are fitted with Electric Fans and Steam Heaters in State Rooms and Dining Saloons, and are otherwise completely equipped for the comfort and convenience of passengers.
For further particulars regarding Sailings, Passage Rates, etc., see "THE TAIKOO SHIPPING GAZETTE" obtainable from the undersigned, or from The International Sleeping Car and Express Trains Co. (Astor House), or from Messrs. Thomas Cook and Son, Russo-Asiatic Bank Buildings, 15 The Bund.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE
Freight: Telephone Central 77, Agents, 21-22 French Bund.
Passage: Telephone Central 401.

O. S. K.

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Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government
(Subject to Alteration)
SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI

FOR ROTTERDAM Via Hongkong, Singapore, Colombo, Portsaid, Marseilles and Antwerp.

	Tons	Capt.	Arrive	Leave.
*CELEBES MARU ..	18,000	T. Ezoe,	Nov. 5	Nov. 7

FOR HAMBURG and LONDON (Via Hongkong, Singapore, Colombo, Portsaid, Antwerp, Rotterdam and Hamburg.

*ALPS MARU	18,000	T. Yamaguchi,	Dec. 4	Dec. 6

FOR MARSEILLES Via Singapore, Colombo and Port Said.

*INDO MARU	1,000	S. Arai,	Nov. 21	Nov. 24

FOR NORTH AMERICA (Tacoma, Seattle and Vancouver) via Nagasaki, Kobe, and Yokohama.
In connection with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Ry.

*AFRICA MARU ...	12,000	H. Yamamoto,	Nov. 21	Nov. 22
*MEXICO MARU ...	12,000	K. Kamiga,	Dec. 15	Dec. 16

FOR HONGKONG

CANADA MARU	12,000	T. Nimoto,	Nov. 13	Nov. 14
MEXICO MARU	12,000	K. Kamiya,	Nov. 29	Nov. 30

FOR NORTH CHINA PORTS (Tientsin and Dairen).

TAITO MARU	3,000	M. Takagi,	Nov. 11	Nov. 13

FOR SOUTH CHINA PORTS and FORMOSA (Foochow, Keelung and Takao).

KOHOKU MARU ..	5,000	M. Tsubaki,	Nov. 9	Nov. 11

*Fully booked for passage.
The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to South America, South Africa, Australia, India, Java, China, Korea, Vladivostok and also between the principal ports in Japan. Through freight booked from Shanghai.

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O.S.K. Yangtszepoo Wharf, Wayside
Tel. Nos. East 208 and 209 Union Building, 4 The Bund
Tel. Address: SHOSEN, Shanghai, Tel. Nos. C. 4233, 4234 and 4235.

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S.S. "WYTHEVILLE"
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SEATTLE

S.S. "SEATTLE SPIRIT"	About	NOV. 9th
S.S. "WHEATLAND OF MONTANA"	Middle	NOV.
S.S. "ENDICOTT"	Early	DEC.
S.S. "ELKTON"	Middle	DEC.

PORTLAND

S.S. "WABAN"	Early	DEC.

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*S.S. West Sequana	Nov. 5	S.S. Venezuela	Nov. 19
S.S. Colombia	Nov. 8	S.S. Ecuador	Dec. 13
S.S. Venezuela	Dec. 5	S.S. Colombia	Jan. 10
*Cargo Only			1920

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S.S. Santa Cruz ... Dec. 15	S.S. Colusa ..About Dec. 14

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FOR HONGKONG

KOREA MARU	November 22

FOR SAN FRANCISCO

KOREA MARU	December 5
TENYO MARU	December 21

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arrivals to be announced later.

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(SUBJECT TO CHANGE)
SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI FOR

SAN FRANCISCO
VIA NAGASAKI, YOKOHAMA AND HONOLULU

S.S. "NANKING"	NOV.	7th
S.S. "CHINA"	NOV.	25th
S.S. "NILE"	DEC.	23rd

*S.S. "NANKING" does not call at NAGASAKI

FOR HONGKONG DIRECT

S.S. "CHINA"	NOV.	10th
S.S. "NILE"	DEC.	10th
S.S. "NANKING"	JAN.	3rd

For further information regarding passenger fares, sailings, freight rates, etc., apply to
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	Tons	Capt.	
YOKOHAMA MARU ..	12,500	K. Okamoto,	Nov. 10
TAMBA MARU	12,500	K. Itsuno,	Nov. 24

EUROPEAN LINE AUXILIARY CARGO SERVICE.
For Portsaid, Marseilles, Liverpool via ports:

TSUSHIMA MARU ...	15,000	K. Teramoto,	Nov. 30
PENANG MARU	11,500	Later part of December	

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TATSUNO MARU	T. Shirai,	Nov. 15
DURBAN MARU		First half December

AMERICAN LINE
For Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, Victoria, B. C., and Seattle, Washington, Shanghai, Kobe and Osaka Line (Via Moji).

	Tons	Capt.	
SUWA MARU	21,000	R. Shimizu,	Nov. 5
KASHIMA MARU	19,000	M. Machida,	Nov. 30

NEW YORK LINE Via PANAMA.

TOKIWA MARU	15,000	K. Shibuya,	
TOKUSHIMA MARU..	15,000	Y. Okuno,	

SHANGHAI-YOKOHAMA LINE (Via Nagasaki, Moji and Kobe.)

	Tons	Capt.	
YAMASHIRO MARU .	7,000	T. Terada,	Nov. 4
CHIKUGO MARU	5,500	Y. Yoshida,	Nov. 7
KASUGA MARU	7,000	E. Takahashi,	Nov. 14

SHANGHAI, KOBE AND OSAKA LINE (Via Moji).

	Tons	Capt.	
KUMANO MARU	9,500	T. Sasaki,	Nov. 1
TAKESHIMA MARU ..	4,500	D. Awoshima,	Nov. 4
YAWATA MARU	7,000	H. Mojiri,	Nov. 8
OMI MARU	7,000	H. Yamamoto,	Nov. 12

FOR JAPAN

	Tons	Capt.	
MISHIMA MARU	16,000	S. Takano,	Nov. 10

FOR HONGKONG

	Tons	Capt.	
KASHIMA MARU ...	19,000	M. Machida,	Nov. 9

FOR MANILA AND HONGKONG

	Tons	Capt.	
KATORI MARU	19,000	E. Tozawa,	Dec. 31

AUSTRALIAN LINE (Sailing From Hongkong).
Regular Four-Weekly Service between Japan ports and Australia (calling at Hongkong and Manila).

	Tons	Capt.	
AKI MARU	12,500	S. Shibata,	Nov. 19
TANGO MARU	14,000	M. Nishimura,	Dec. 24
NIKKO MARU	10,000	G. Yamazaki,	Middle of Jan.

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Regular Fortnightly Service between Yokohama and Calcutta (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage).

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Regular Fortnightly Service between Kobe and Bombay (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage).

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CHINESE GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS

TIENTSIN-PUKOW LINE
TIME TABLE

(Published by order of the Administration)
March 15th, 1919, and until further notice

Mail 101.	Mail 3.		Miles	Peking-Mukden Line			Mail 4.
20.35	8.35		0	dep.	Peking	arr.	19.50
23.45	11.12		. .	arr.	Tientsin-Central	dep.	17.00
23.50	11.17		84	dep.	Tientsin-Central	arr.	16.53
24.00	11.25		. .	arr.	Tientsin-East	dep.	16.45
19.35	. .		524	arr.	Mukden	dep.	. .

Local 5.	Mail 3.	Exp. 1.		Tientsin-Pukow Line			Exp. 2.	Mail 4.	Local 6.
6.45	9.46	11.30	0	dep.	Tientsin-East	arr.	17.05	15.45	20.15
6.55	9.55	11.40	2.71	arr.	Tientsin-Central	dep.	16 55	15.35	20.05
7.25	10.15	11.55		dep.	Tientsin-Central	arr.	16.31	15.20	19.45
13.02	16.00	15.30	78	dep.	Tsangchow	dep.	13.05	11.28	15.28
16.40	19.20	18.08	148	dep.	Techow	dep.	10.33	8.47	11.56
19.57	22.12	20.21	—	arr.	Tsinanfu	dep.	8.06	6.00	8.30
7.	‡		220		‡				8.
6.00	22.25	20.31	—	dep.	Tsinanfu	arr.	7.56	5.40	19.02
9.27	1.00	22.31	266	dep.	Tsinanfu	dep.	6.01	3.25	16.24
12.27	3.47	0.38		arr.	Yenchowfu	dep.	3 49	0 40	13.00
12.47	4.02	0.48	318	dep.	Yenchowfu	arr.	3.39	0.02	12 88
16.30	6.55	3.16	377	dep.	Linchang	dep.	1.20	21.24	9.26
19.02	8.45	4.50	—	arr.	Hsuchowfu	dep.	23.36	19.20	6.30
9.	‡		420		‡				10.
5.40	9.06	4.57	—	dep.	Hsuchowfu	arr.	23.29	19.00	20.50
11.26	13.02	8.33	523	arr.	Pengpu	dep.	19.53	14.55	15.20
11.51	13.20	8.40		dep.	Pengpu	arr.	19.46	14.35	14.09
18.27	17.34	11.52	600	dep.	Chuchow	dep.	16.48	10.50	8.27
20.08	18.55	13.00	681	arr.	Pukow	dep.	15.30	9.20	6.40

H. Exp.	Exp.			Shanghai-Nanking Line			Exp.	H. Exp.
23.00	14.20	0	193	dep.	Hukeng-Ferry	arr.	14.15	6.50
7.00	21.00			arr.	Shanghai-North	dep	7.55	23.00

Yenchowfu-Tsiningchow Branch Line				Linchang-Tsochuang Branch Line						
13.19	4.19	d. Yenchowfu a.	12.08	23.53	21.30	16.40	9.30	d. Linchang a.	6.28	15.50	21.00
14.03	5.05	a. Tsiningchow d.	11.15	23.00	22.40	17.50	10.40	a. Tsochuang d.	5.15	14.40	19.50

The station for the foreign concessions in Tientsin is "TIENTSIN-EAST"

The T. P. L. Express Trains are provided with 1st and 2nd class Sleeping, Dining accommodations and 3rd class cars only for 3rd class Through Passengers and servants accompanying 1st and 2nd class passengers.

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By Order
THE TRAFFIC MANAGER.

Tientsin, March, 1919.

Large Display Advertisements
intended for the Sunday issue of The China Press should be sent in before **5 p.m. on Friday**

Business and Official Notices

(Continued from Page 7)

Municipal Notification

No. 2647.

7 PER CENT. LOAN, 1919.
Price of Issue until futher notice 95 per cent.

UNDER the authority of Resolution V passed at the Annual Meeting of Ratepayers on April 9, 1919, the Council hereby invites applications for debentures in the 7 per cent. Loan of 1919.

The debentures in this issue will bear interest from the date of purchase at the rate of 7 per cent. per annum payable on June 30 and December 31 in each year.

They will be issued at 95 per cent. until further notice and will be redeemed on December 31, 1929.

The scrip will be issued in denominations of Tls. 1,000, Tls. 500 and Tls. 100 to suit the convenience of applicants, but no allotment for a less amount than Tls. 500 nominal will be made except to depositors in the Municipal Investment Bank.

Application forms can be obtained from the Treasurer, Finance Department, 24B Kiangse Road, to whom all enquiries should be addressed.

By order,
E. S. B. ROWE,
Assistant Secretary.

Council Room,
Shanghai, August 28, 1919.
25619

SAN PEH S. N. CO., LTD.
HOONG ON S. N. CO., LTD.
SHINON S. S. CO., LTD.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

On and after the 19th October, 1919, the offices of the above Companies will be located at No. 16a, Peking Road.

By order of the Board of Directors,
YU YA CHING,
Managing Director.
25885

Carpets and Rugs
FOR SALE
AT
REASONABLE PRICES
HWA VENG CARPET FACTORY
F94 Bubbling Well Road,
Opposite Race Course.
24236

TAKE ADVANTAGE
OF THE
HIGH EXCHANGE
Carry a Gold
Dollar Account
WITH
AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY
No. 8 Kiukiang Road.

Money Cannot Buy More

It's made a real hit, and no wonder with such a beautiful Crepe de Chine. Hand-made, pure, in its original shade, it is offered to you in one piece, ten yards long and twenty six inches wide. Makes beautiful shirts. As a present for either sex what better article could you choose? There is sufficient Crepe in the piece to make the most beautiful dresses. For women's underwear it can't be beat. Think of the memories this Crepe brings to its owner. Think of the distance from whence it comes. Think of Marco Polo, of Kublai Kahn, of Kings, Queens and Millionaires. The richest people in the world cannot buy, any finer, more pliable, silk than this Crepe de Chine. The price of twenty dollars per piece is within reach of all. Send along your cheque or Chinese postal money order, and we will at once mail you one piece of Szechwan Crepe de Chine, postage free. If you really want to be keen, send her a piece of Crepe de Chine.

WIDLER & CO.
Chungking, West China.

NOTICE

We will remove about the 1st of November to our new quarters, corner of Nanking Road and Szechuen Road, above the Raven Trust Co.

PROF. J. K. SETO
TURKISH BATH
and Massage Establishment
25 N. Szechuen Road.
25800

Dr. med. F. T. Kiang
Physician and Surgeon
(Formerly Assistant at the Surgical University Clinic of Berlin)
Specialist in veneral diseases.
Office 85 Szechuen Road.
Consultation Hours: 2-4 p.m.
Telephone: No. C. 3844.

Dr. James Yuking's
Office for Venereal Diseases
is now removed to
73 NANKING ROAD.
Hours: 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. daily and by appointment.
Special consideration to men in uniform.

HONMA HOSPITAL
No. 8A Miller Road.
Tel. N. 2961
DR. K. HONMA
(former Assistant at the Imperial University at Fukuoka.)
Women's Diseases
Confinements, Surgery
X-Ray and diathermy
Examination with Uretroscope
Skin Diseases
Massage Treatment

The Shanghai Chemical Laboratory
No. 20 Nanking Road
3rd Floor

THE CHINA PRESS MAIL SCHEDULE

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1919

Date and Destination	Per	Chi.	Br.	USA	Rus.	Jap.	Reg
TODAY							
France, etc.	*Paul Lecat						
Weihaiwei and Chefoo	Koonshing	13.00	..	..	..	..	12.30
W'wei, C'foo & T'tsin	do	..	13.00	..	..	..	
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
H'kong, Straits, S. Ports & Europe via Suez	P. Lecat	‡8.00	..	..	..	..	..
Japan Ports	Kumano M.	19.00	17.00	..	..	..	18.30
Vladivostok and Siberia	via P. & H.	17.00	..		..	..	17.00
Manila direct	Katori Maru	17.00	..	..	..	..	16.30
Hankow	Tuckwo	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
H'kong, S. Ports, Straits, Ceylon, India & Europe Via Suez	Paul Lecat	..	8.30	..	..	..	..
Dalny	Kobe Maru	12.30	..	..	..	..	12.00
Wenchow	Kwangchi	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
V'stok and Siberia via Pukow & Harbin (Daily expect Sunday)	Train			..	17.00	..	17.00
Ningpo	Hsin Peking	..	15.00	..	..	..	..
Tientsin	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Hankow	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Vladivostok	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
TOMORROW							
W'wei, C'foo & T'tsin	Fengtien	..	9.00	..	..	..	..
N'saki, Kobe, Yokohama, Canada, U.S.A. & Europe	E. of Russia	..	..	14.00	..	..	13.00
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Weihaiwei and Chefoo	Fengtien	9.00	..	..	..	..	8.30
Japan & America v.a Moji	Kumano M.	..	..	..	..	9.00	..
Vladivostok and Siberia	Via P. & H.	17.00	..	..	..	..	17.00
Swatow and Hongkong	Chenan	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
S'tow, H'kong & C'ton	Chenan	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Nagasaki, Kobe, Y'hama, Canada, U.S.A. & Europe via Canada	E. of Russia	..	15.00	..	..	..	14.30
Japan, Canada, U.S.A. & Europe	E. of Russia	15.00	..	..	..	..	14 30
Amoy and Swatow	Tungwah	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Hongkong and Canton	Taishun	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Sunday, November 2.							
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Monday, November 3.							
Hongkong	Suiyang	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Chefoo	Wosang	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Hongkong and Canton	Suiyang	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Australia, via Hongkong	do	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Swatow and Hongkong	Kwongsang	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Chefoo and Tientsin	Wosang	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Japan Ports	T'shima Maru	19.00	17.00	..	..	..	18.30
Tuesday, November 4.							
W'wei, C'foo & T'tsin	Tungchow	..	14.00	..	..	..	..
Weihaiwei and Chefoo	do	14.00	..	..	..	..	13.30
Wednesday, November 5.							
Amoy, H'kong & C'ton	Sinkiang	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Amoy and Hongkong	do	..	17.00	..	..	..	..

*Ordinary letters will close at the French Post Office at 9 a.m. registered articles at 5 p.m. on previous day and parcel post at 12 noon on Wednesday, the 29th.

†Parcels only.
B Letters and boxes with declared value 7.30; parcel post 5 p.m. and money orders 4 p.m.
E Registered articles 5 p.m. on previous day.

The Chinese Post Office will close two mails daily for Tsingtao, Tientsin, Peking, etc.

a.—at 21 for S. N. R. 23 o'clock train
b.—at 7 for S. N. R. 7:55 o'clock train

Mails closed by 7:55 train should reach Tientsin only 46 minutes later than those closed for the previous night's train.

Information For Mariners

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 31

High Water at Woosung Bar
(The evening tides are higher than the morning tides, they are about equal at 10 and 11 o'clock).

Approximate rise, at springs 4 1/4 h; at neaps, 5 h.
fall, at springs 8 1/4 h; at neaps, 7 1/2 h.

A.M. Time H	M	Range Ft.	In.	P.M. Time H	M	Range Ft.	In.
4	12	4	5	4	34	6	4

High Water at Tungsha Lightship
(The evening tides are higher than the morning tides).
Approximate rise, 5 1/2 h; approximate fall, 7 h.

A.M. H	M	P.M. H	M
3	13	3	35

Time of Moonrise, Moonset, Sunrise, Sunset

Moon Rises H M	Moon Sets H M	Sun Rises H M	Sun Sets H M	Daylight H M	Dark H M
11 54 a.m.	11 1 p.m.	6 15	5 12	5 30	5 57

Mean Barometric Pressure at Shanghai
For October 30.08 in.
764.1 mm.

MEN OF WAR IN PORT

Section	Date	From	Name	Flag and Rating
WTW			Snipe	Br. gun-boat
W.T.W.			Nightingale	Br. gun-boat
M.M.B.	Aug. 18		Wilmington	Am. gun-boat
O.D.W.	Sep. 10		Woodcock	Br. gun-boat
B.N.B.	Sep. 29		Bee	Br. gun-boat
8 P.	Oct. 2		Matsukaze	Jap. destroyer
2 C.	Oct. 26		Saga	Jap. gun-boat
P. & O. BI	Oct. 27		Yodo	Jap. gun-boat
	Oct. 29		Orel	Rus. transport
	Oct. 29		Bolky	Rus. destroyer
	Oct. 29		Grosny	Rus. destroyer

Future Sailings

FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
—	—	New York	Maneric	Br.	D. & Co.
Nov.	1 —	Vancouver	E. of Russia	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Nov.	1 —	Seattle	Seattle Spirit	Am.	A. Line
Nov.	5 —	Seattle, etc.	Suwa Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Nov.	6 —	Fan Francisco	Stanley Dollar	Br.	Dollar Co.
Nov.	7 —	San Francisco	Nanking	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
Nov.	8 —	Vancouver	E. of Japan	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Nov.	8 —	San Francisco	Colombia	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Nov.	14 —	Seattle	W. of Montana	Am.	A Line
Nov.	15 —	San Francisco	West Harts	Am.	Dollar Co.
Nov.	15 —	N. York via Panama	Eurylochus	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	16 —	Portland	West Hartland	Am.	A Line
Nov.	20 —	New York	Lowther Castle	Br.	D. & Co.
Nov.	25 —	San Francisco	China	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
Nov.	25 —	New York v. Suez	Slavic Prince	Br.	S. Tomes & Co.
Nov.	29 —	Vancouver	E. of Asia	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Nov.	30	Seattle, etc.	Kashima Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Nov.	— —	New York v. Suez	C. of Newcastle	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Dec.	1 —	B'ton & N. York v. Suez	Wytheville	Am.	A. Line
Dec.	4 —	Portland	West Munham	Am.	A. Line
Dec.	4 —	Portland	Nishmaha	Am.	A Line
Dec.	5 —	San Francisco	Korea Maru	Jap.	T. K. K.
Dec.	5 —	San Francisco	Venezuela	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Dec.	7 —	Vancouver	Melville Dollar	Br.	Dollar Co.
Dec.	10 —	San Francisco	West Ira	Am.	Dollar Co.
Dec.	15 —	New York	Grace Dollar	Br.	Dollar Co.
Dec.	20 —	San Francisco	Cadaretta	Am.	Dollar Co.
Dec.	20 —	San Francisco	West Hepburn	Am.	Dollar Co.
Dec.	21 —	San Francisco	Tenyo Maru	Jap.	T.K.K.
Dec.	23 —	San Francisco	Nile	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
Dec.	28 —	Vancouver	Harold Dollar	Br.	Dollar Co.
Jan.	3 —	Vancouver	E. of Japan	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Jan.	15 —	New York	M. S. Dollar	Br.	Dollar Co.

FOR JAPAN PORTS

Nov.	1 —	Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Kumano Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Nov.	4 —	N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama	Yamashiro M.	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Nov.	4 —	Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Takeshima M.	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Nov.	7 —	N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama	Chikugo Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Nov.	8 —	Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Yawata Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Nov.	10 —	Kobe	Mishima Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Nov.	12 —	Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Omi Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Nov.	14 —	N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama	Kasuga Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.

FOR EUROPE, INDIA, STRAITS, ETC.

—	—	London	C. of Melbourne	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Oct.	31 —	Marseilles	Paul Lecat	Fr.	M.M.Co.
Nov.	1 —	Liverpool	Lycaon	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	4 —	Bombay	Dunera	Br.	M.M. & Co.
Nov.	6 —	London	Mentor	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	7 —	Rotterdam	Celebes Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Nov.	8 —	London	Glenade	Br.	G. L. E. A.
Nov.	9 —	London	Carnarvonshire	Br.	G. L. E. A.
Nov.	10 —	London	Yokohama Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Nov.	15 —	Trieste	Nippon	Dut.	D. & Co.
Nov.	22 —	London	Cardiganshire	Br.	G. L. E. A.
Nov.	24 —	London	Kaga Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Nov.	26 —	London	Carmarthenshire	Br.	G. L. E. A.
Dec.	3 —	London	Kalomo	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Dec.	9 —	London	Novara	Br.	P.&O.S.N. Co.

FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

Oct.	31	4.30	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br.	B. & S.
Oct.	31	4.30	Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	Chi.	N.S.S.N. Co.
Oct.	31	9.00	Foochow	Ningshin	Chi.	S.P.S.N. Co.
Oct.	31	M.N.	Wenchow	Kwangchi	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov.	1	4.00	Ningpo	Kiangteen	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov.	2	D.L.	S'tow, H'kong, C'ton	Chenan	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	2	D.L.	S'tow, H'kong, C'ton	Choysang	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Nov.	2	—	Hongkong & Canton	Taishun	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov.	2	—	Amoy & Swatow	Tungwah	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov.	4	8.00*	S'tow, H'kong, C'ton	Kwongsang	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Nov.	4	D.L.	Hongkong, Canton	Suiyang	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	6	D.L.	Amoy, H'kong, C'ton	Sinkiang	Br.	B. & S.

FOR NORTHERN PORTS

Oct.	31	2.00	W'wei, C'foo, T'tsin	Chekiang	Br.	B. & S.
Oct.	31	2.30	Tsingtau, Dairen	Kobe Maru	Jap.	S.M.R.
Oct.	31	2.00	W'wei, C'foo, T'tsin	Koonshing	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Nov	1	3.00	T'tau, Dairen, T'tsin	Kingsing	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Nov.	1	10.00*	W'wei, C'foo, T'tsin	Fengtien	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	1	—	Tientsin	Fetching	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov.	1	—	Newchwang	Toonan	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov.	1	D.L.	Antung	Kwellin	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	1	D.L.	Tsingtau	Yingchow	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	4	8.00*	Chefoo, Tientsin	Wosang	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Nov.	4	3.00	W'wei, C'foo, T'tsin	Tungchow	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	6	10.00*	W'wei, C'foo, T'tsin	Shengking	Br.	B. & S.

FOR RIVER PORTS

Oct.	31	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Hainfung	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
Oct.	31	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Tuckwo	Br. J. M. & Co.
Oct.	31	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Poyang	Br. B. & S.
Oct.	31	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Yohyang Maru	Jap. N. K. K.
Nov.	1	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Woosung	Br. B. & S.
Nov.	1	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Siangyang Maru	Jap. N.K.K.
Nov.	2	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Kiangfoo	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov.	3	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Kianghsin	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov.	3	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Hwahlee	Chi. J.M. & Co.

SHANGHAI-HANGCHOW-NINGPO RAILWAY ABRIDGED TIME TABLE

SHANGHAI NORTH TO ZAHKOU—"DOWN" (MAIN LINE)

STATIONS	Local	Fast R	Slow	Coolie & Goods	Local	Express R	Local	Local
Shanghai North dep.	....	7.35	9.00	10.00	....	14.50	15.50	....
Jessfield dep.	....	7.51	9.16	10.23	....	15.06	16.06	....
Siccawei dep.	....	7.58	9.23	10.38	....	15.13	16.13	....
Lunghwa Junction dep.	....	8.15	9.40	10.53	....	15.30	16.29	....
Shanghai South dep.	....	*7.45*	*9.10*	*10.20*	*13.35*	*15.00*	*16.00*	*17.55*
Lunghwa Junction dep.	....	*8.15*	*9.40*	*10.53*	*13.52*	*15.30*	*16.29*	*18.12*
Sunkiang dep.	....	8.59	10.48	12.02	....	16.07	17.42	....
Kashai dep.	....	9.51	11.52	13.28	....	16.53	18.49	....
Kashing dep.	7.40	10.25	12.30	14.35	....	17.22	19.20	....
Yehzah dep.	8.46	11.05	13.15	15.50	....	17.53	....	....
Changan dep.	9.45	11.41	14.00	16.50	....	18.24	....	....
Hangchow dep.	11.10	12.50	15.25	18.30	....	19.19	....	....
Zahkou arr.	11.35	13.10	15.50	19.00	....	19.35	....	....

ZAHKOU TO SHANGHAI NORTH—"UP"

STATIONS	Local	Local	Fast R	Slow	Local	Coolie and Goods	Express R	Local
Zahkou dep.	....	....	6.30	7.55	....	9.20	14.10	15.30
Hangchow dep.	....	....	7.00	8.30	....	10.00	14.35	16.05
Changan dep.	...	....	8.04	9.48	....	11.40	15.20	17.36
Yehzah dep.	....	....	8.41	10.31	....	12.39	15.51	18.40
Kashing dep.	...	7.15	9.28	11.22	....	14.10	16.30	19.30
Kashai dep.	....	7.48	9.53	11.55	....	14.48	16.52	....
Sunkiang dep.	....	9.05	10.47	12.59	....	16.08	17.40	....
Lunghwa Junction dep.	*8.18*	*10.38*	*11.38*	*14.08*	*15.33*	*17.23*	*18.23*	....
Shanghai South arr.	*8.35*	*10.55*	*11.55*	*14.25*	*15.50*	*17.40*	*18.40*	....
Lunghwa Junction dep.	....	10 30	11.35	14.05	....	17.18	18.20	....
Siccawei dep.	....	10.39	11.44	14.14	....	17.28	18.29	....
Jessfield dep.	....	10.46	11.51	14.21	....	17.37	18.36	....
Shanghai North arr	....	11.00	12.05	14.35	....	17.55	18.50	....

KONZENCHIAO TO ZAHKOU (KIANGSHOO BRANCH LINE)

Konzenchiao dep.	6.50	8.25	11.25	14.00	15.55	18.35
Kenshangmun dep.	7.10	8.50	11.40	14.15	16.15	18.50
Hangchow dep.	7.20	9.15	11.52	14.24	16.30	19.00
Zahkou arr.	—	9.40	12.10	....	16.55	....

ZAHKOU TO KONZENCHIAO

Zahkou dep.	—	10.10	12.25	....	17.20	....
Hangchow dep.	7.30	10.40	12.45	14.55	17.50	19.15
Kenshangmun dep.	7.42	10.57	12.57	15.12	18.07	19.27
Konzenchiao arr.	7.55	11.10	13.10	15.25	18.20	19.40

R. Restaurant Car.

L. MOORE & Co.
LIMITED
AUCTIONEERS : VALUERS : LAND BROKERS
45 KIANGSE ROAD SHANGHAI

AUCTION INDEX

SATURDAY, November 1st.—At the Nanking Road Jetty at 12.15 p.m. the well-known Houseboat "Balmain."

MONDAY, November 3rd.—A very fine collection of Chinese Curios in Salesrooms.

TUESDAY, November 4th.—Household Furniture at 8 Route Vallon.

WEDNESDAY, November 5th.—Household Furniture at 149 Dixwell Road.

THURSDAY, November 6th.—Second consignment of Carpets and good Furniture in Salesroom.

FRIDAY, November 7th.—In Salesroom at 2.30 p.m. a Splendid Collection of Books.

SATURDAY, November 8th.—A valuable collection of Stamps in Salesroom at 2.30 p.m.

THURSDAY, November 27th.—Household Furniture at 21 Rue de Soeurs.

UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT

SAVOY HOTEL

Re-modelled and Re-furnished

A Strictly First-Class Family Hotel, at Moderate Rates

Satisfactory Home with Excellent Service and Superior Cuisine

SPECIAL RATES FOR MONTHLY GUESTS

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FOR FIRE, MARINE, AND MOTOR CAR INSURANCE

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JAVA SEA & FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

AND ASSOCIATED COMPANIES.

CAPITAL: Fl. 11,200,000.00

SHANGHAI BRANCH OFFICE: 3 Ezra Road.

Policies Issued at Cheapest Current Rates. Branches and Agencies All Over The World.

Telephone Central 70.

GERMAN SOCIALISTS NOW AID BOLSHEVIKI

Protest At Unlawful Recruiting Of Men For War On Moscow Rulers

SEE HOHENZOLLERNS BACK

Vorwaerts Says Von Der Goltz And Kolchak Would Help Reactionaries

New York, Sept. 9.—Recent efforts to recruit men and officers in Germany for service in Russia against the Bolsheviki, as referred to in press despatches, have aroused bitter protests in the Liberal and Socialist newspapers, and the Ebert Government is being requested to take prompt steps toward stopping this open violation of neutrality. Vorwaerts, the leading Majority Socialist paper, in its issue of Aug. 18 warns the nation that if there is a Tsarist restoration in Russia it may easily follow that the reactionaries there will show their gratitude to their German brethren by sending Russian armies to put the Hohenzollerns back on the throne.

The details of how German medical men are being enrolled in the anti-Bolshevist ranks were obtained by a Vorwaerts investigator who wrote to the Medical Association in Leipzig regarding an advertisement for young doctors for service in Russia and received the following answer:

"Staff Physician Dr. Schaffer, Head Surgeon of the Volunteer Division von Peterdorff, and Director of the organising depot for field hospital units in Mitau, Russia, 19 Katharine Street. Field-post 388, is looking for several young army doctors. Civilian physicians who are able to take part in active field life in Russia and wish to become surgeons or assistant surgeons may also report to him. Doctors for all medical branches are wanted. The field hospital units now being organised are destined for the German-Russian Corps Virgolitch of the Volunteer Division von Peterdorff.

"A main requirement is a knowledge of the Russian language and a knowledge of Russian script is desirable. Such doctors are preferred. The auxiliary personnel, inclusive of sisters speaking German and Russian, is already up to its full strength. The salary for doctors is from 20 to 30 marks a day, with food and quarters, and, furthermore, a premium of 5,000 marks will be paid to those who enroll before Sept. 1, 1919, and serve until the final object is attained.

VON DER GOLTZ A LEADER

"The object is as follows: Enrolled as part of the Russian political Government that is to be newly created, and with their corresponding new citizenship papers, German volunteers are proceeding together with Balts and Russians against the Bolsheviki until they will be overthrown. If this object is attained the premium becomes due. Furthermore, the newly founded Russian State will grant far-reaching concessions, places in the civil service, homesteads, etc., to every participant in the undertaking. His Excellency von der Goltz, as well as other well-known German leaders, are taking part.

"There will be six weeks leave, with pay and allowances, after four months' service. Equipment will be furnished. Pension and disability arrangement according to Russian law, which is similar to ours. Applications may be sent direct to Staff Physician Dr. Schaffer."

Vorwaerts comments as follows upon this violation of neutrality:

"There is no language strong enough to characterise these outrages properly. In the midst of the German nation recruitments are being made for the purpose of overthrowing the present legal Government of Russia. In this case it is a matter of complete indifference what we may think of the Bolshevist regime. No matter how much one may be opposed to it, that does not afford the slightest excuse for recruiting troops against it which, in the last analysis, serve counter-revolutionary ends, as is shown by the events in Hungary.

"Two names seem to be particularly adapted to show up the whole affair in its right light—Kolchak and von der Goltz, both of whom bear the hopes of the counter-revolution and who, in case their *coup d'etat* in Russia should succeed, would show their gratitude to the German reactionaries for their aid by sending Russian armies against Germany to help give back to us our glorious Hohenzollerns. It should be most emphatically impressed upon the German Government that it must take every step possible in order to nip in the bud these machinations, which are not only politically infamous, but also in violation of the criminal law. It can hardly be the task of the German Government to find jobs for unemployed Generals and to help them to the possibility of fresh deeds of glory at the expense of a country with which we wish to live in peace."

HOPE TO SELL OLD TOOLS

In the meantime, as has been told in cablegrams from Paris, London, and Berlin, German business men and some German politicians are making serious efforts to bring about cordial relations with the Soviet Government for both economic and diplomatic reasons. In the Neue Weltwirtschaft is found the following account of the visit paid to Soviet Russia by a German commission reported on July 29 by l'Echo de Paris:

"A German commission has just returned from Russia to Germany. The commission spent about three weeks in Russia and studied economic conditions there. The impressions registered by the commission in Russia are entirely favorable. The commision was composed of confidential agents of German big businesses and the object of its journey was to see if there were a possibility of the renewal in the near future of economic relations between German industry and Russian industry.

"It is particularly necessary for the German electrical industry, the vehicle industry, and the machine industry to establish business relations with Russia as soon as possible. What Russia needs from Germany first of all are agricultural machinery and chemical products, especially medicines. And in this connection it is worth while noting that the Russian farmer is so behind the times in the use of machinery that he finds machines that are already out of date in Germany quite modern. Consequently German industry can still find an export field in Russia for machines of the older type and even for second-hand machines.

"What Russia has to offer in payment are agricultural products and raw textile materials, especially cotton, which are on hand in some parts of Asiatic Russia. The catching of fish could also be so organised in Russia as to be of great aid in the feeding of Germany.

"Political hindrances for an economic co-operation between the two countries do not exist. The fact that the Russians received the above-named German commission shows that they are willing to work with the present Germany, and not merely with one represented by a purely Socialist Government. It is certainly of importance to the Russians to revive their industry with the help of German industry. We believe that we know that the Russian Government is inclined to make broad promises in this connection and to conduct itself honorably."

Amusements

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PROGRAMME
for
Friday, Saturday and Sunday, 31st Oct., 1st and 2nd Nov.

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"The Bull's Eye"
9th and 10th Episodes
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The Four Final Reels.

Matinee, Saturday:
SPECIAL PICTURES
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"Bull's Eye"
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Monday, Nov. 3rd: "RIGOLETTO" (Verdi)
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Miss Kasanskaya, Miss Burskaya, Mr. Churnenko, Mr. Hochloff and Mr. Voinoff.

Tuesday, Nov. 4th: "MIGNON" (Thome)
Miss Ossipova, Miss Kasanskaya, Miss Zirianovo, Mr. Preobragensky and Mr. Magsky.

Wednesday, Nov. 5th: "LOVE'S NIGHT" (Valentinoff)
(The most famous Operetto. Presented in Moscow 385 times).
Miss Burskaya, Miss Sasenzova, Mr. Busanovsky, Mr. Ulianoff and Mr. Voinoff.
Special Ballet with modern dances.

Thursday, Nov. 6th: "THAIS" (Massenet)
Miss Ossipova, Mr. Hochloff and Mr. Preobragensky.

Friday, Nov. 7th: "ROMEO and JULIET" (Gounod)
Miss Kasanskaya, Miss Burskaya, Mr. Daniloff and Mr. Voinoff.

Saturday, Nov. 8th: "MADAM BUTTERFLY" (Pucchini)
Miss Ossipova, Miss Burskaya, Mr. Daniloff and Mr. Hochloff.

Matinee Sunday, Nov. 9th:
"PAGLIACCI" and "CAVALLERIA RUSTICANA"

Sunday Night, Nov. 9th: "BORIS GODOUNOV" (M. Moussorgsky)

Monday, Nov. 10th: "The Czar's Bride" (Rimsky-Korsakov)
In aid of Russian Red Cross Fund.
Miss Sasonzova, Miss Zirianova, Mr. Hochloff, Mr. Busanovsky and Mr. Magsky.

Tuesday, Nov. 11th: "THE HUGUENOTS" (Meyerbeer)
Miss Ossipova, Miss Guiseva, Miss Kasanskaya, Mr. Daniloff, Mr. Voinoff, Mr. Gorlenko and Mr. Magski.

Wednesday, Nov. 12th: "GIOCONDA" (Ponchinelli)
Miss Guiseva, Miss Burskaya, Miss Zirianova, Mr. Hochloff, Mr. Magsky and Mr. Preobragensky.

Thursday, Nov. 13th: "THE GYPSY BARON" (Strauss)
Miss Ossipova, Miss Kasanskaya, Mr. Daniloff and Mr. Ulianoff.

Friday, Nov. 14th: "TROUBADOUR" (Verdi)
Miss Guiseva, Miss Zirianova, Mr. Daniloff and Mr. Gorlenko.

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"PIQUE DAME"
SATURDAY, November 1st.
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OLYMPIC THEATRE

SUNDAY, (Matinee). Nov. 2nd.
"TRAVIATA"
SUNDAY, (Evening) Nov. 2nd.
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"THE OIL FIELD PLOT"
Episode 8
"TIGERS UNCHAINED"
Keystone Comedy and other Scenery Pictures.

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